THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

LAST EDITION — BOSTON, MASS., TUESDAY, AUGUST 13, 1912—VOL. IV., NO. 220 — PRICE TWO CENTS

NATIONAL PARK MEN ELECT JAMES B. SHEA OF BOSTON PRESIDENT

Local Superintendent to Be the Presiding Officer When American Association Convenes at Denver in 1913

DELEGATES ON TRIP

Envoys Quit Convention for Auto Trip to Arnold Arboretum and Suburban Estates—Mayor Addresses

"It is the sentiment of the members of this association that Boston parks have been wisely planned," says William H. Dunn, president of the American Association of Park Superintendents. "We have all along been led to believe that Boston stood first and our tour of inspection today compels us to believe that too little has been said about the beauties of the Fellsway, Revere beach reservation and the Arnold arboretum.

"We have already been repaid for coming here, as we are going back to all parts of the country to copy what we've seen.

"No city should hesitate to enter upon a scheme for building parks after its representatives have been shown what Boston has done. Park building here, however, is not the difficult problem it might be in cities located upon flat countries."

James B. Shea, superintendent of parks of Boston, was chosen president of the American Association of Park Superintendents, which meets in Denver in 1913, at today's session in Horticultural hall. This afternoon the members left the hall for an extensive tour of the Arnold arboretum, country estates in Brookline, Newton and Wellesley in automobiles.

Charles E. Keith, superintendent of parks of Bridgeport, Conn., was made honorary president. F. L. Mulford, landscape gardener, department of agriculture, Washington, and secretary-treasurer of the association, resigned, and J. J. Levison, park forester of Brooklyn, N. Y., was elected to that position.

The new vice-presidents were elected as follows: Frederick C. Steinhauer, superintendent of parks, Denver, Col.; E. F. A. Reinsch, superintendent of parks, Topeka, Kan.; Alexander Stuart, superintendent of parks, Ottawa, Can.; Charles G. Carpenter, superintendent of

(Continued on page five, column three)

MEXICAN SOLDIERS ARE IN PURSUIT OF BAND OF ZAPATISTAS

MEXICO CITY—Federal troops and rurales are today following the rebel Zapatistas who derailed a passenger train in a canyon 110 miles southeast of here Sunday and after killing 36 soldiers and 20 or more passengers and injuring others set fire to the train.

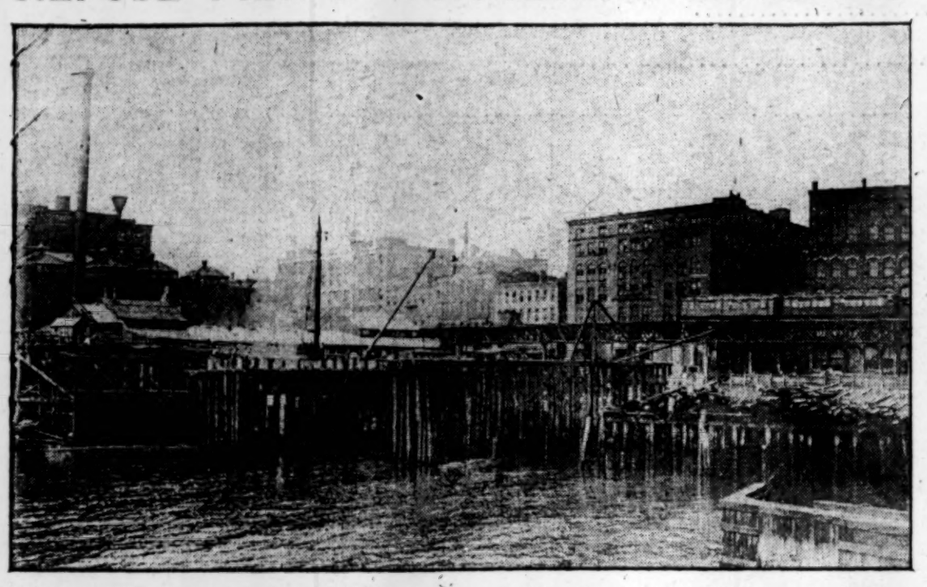
Besides Conductor Marin and Collector Dominguez of the train, who sent the first news to Mexico City, the rurales, who soon came, found a few passengers and sent them into Yautepec.

The troops under Lieutenant Reynozo, who had been detailed as a guard for the train, were outnumbered.

Generals Rabago and Tellez with an army of 5000 are pressing toward Juarez on the railway according to advices received. It is announced the federals have reached Nueva Casa Grandes, 100 miles southwest of Juraes, where General Orozco with less than 700 rebels is stationed.

WASHINGTON—Mexican rebels fired upon Maj. Sedgwick Rice and a detachment of the third cavalry in the Big Bend country Saturday night. One American soldier was killed. The United States troops replied, killing one rebel. They captured others and 50,000 rounds of ammunition.

REFUSE PIER IN PROCESS OF BUILDING



Garbage disposal structure, Atlantic avenue, near Northern avenue bridge, to be ornate when completed in October—Seventy-foot piling used in the work appears in foreground

NEW DUMPING WHARF FOR CITY OF BOSTON TO BE MODERN AFFAIR

One hundred and fifty workmen are busily engaged in constructing the new refuse wharf for the city of Boston at the foot of Oliver street in Atlantic avenue. The old pier, known as the Ft. Hill wharf, has been removed and the new one is to have a frontage of 103.93 feet in Atlantic avenue and 130.23 feet in the harbor. From this pier the ashes and garbage will be taken in scows to Spectacle island for incineration or out to sea to be dumped.

Contracts call for the completion of the pier about the last of October. Unlike the old one, the new Ft. Hill wharf is to be roofed, to help confine the odors and prevent waste paper from blowing about.

The pier is to have the appearance of any wharf covered with sheds. The buildings and fences will be painted light gray, adding to the general appearance of the district.

Wagons with garbage and ashes will have a separate runway for an entrance to the pier, and going inside to either of two chutes cut in the middle of the floor of the wharf, will dump their loads. Continuing in a circular route around the pier they will leave by another runway, thus avoiding confusion.

The pier is built 20 feet above high water, so that the scows will be pushed in two slips beneath the wharf. The chutes are cut six feet wide and about 75 feet long with heavy "dumping edges" to prevent wagons backing over. On the old pier and even now on the temporary one, wagons back to the end of the wharf and dump their loads over the side to the waiting scow moored alongside. At present the garbage and ashes are deposited together, but soon they will be separated and separate chutes used.

Between the new pier and the Northern-avenue bridge lies a strip of undeveloped property owned by the United States government, and alongside of this and on the harbor side of Atlantic avenue have been built two new stone-face, cement filled and backed sea walls. They are eight feet wide at the bottom, and taper to about three feet on top. The slips have been dredged out eight feet deeper than necessary to accommodate the scows and a sloping pile of heavy stone put in against the walls to prevent the tides from washing away the underpinning of the walls.

The two runways are nearly completed, and are covered with four-inch hard pine plank and a top layer of two-inch spruce planks.

Rendle & Stoddard of Border street, East Boston, are the contractors and builders. They estimate the cost of the work at $200,000. When completed the pier will have required in construction 1,000,000 feet of hard pine lumber and 2000 oak piles.

FLIERS FALL IN OCEAN ON WAY TO WAR GAME

Lieutenants Arnold and Kirtland, Trying to Take Biplane From Marblehead to Connecticut Maneuvers, Drop in Water at Plymouth—Both Rescued

NORTH PLYMOUTH, Mass.—Lieutenants Arnold and Kirtland, in an army hydro-aeroplane, fell into the ocean a mile and a half from shore today, wrecking the machine. Engine trouble was the cause. The Gurnet life-saving crew rescued the aviators from the wreckage and towed the machine to shore. Lieutenant Kirtland immediately telegraphed the war department for permission to take the craft back to Marblehead. The officers were attempting to fly to the seat of the military maneuvers in Connecticut.

HEADQUARTERS CONNECTICUT MANEUVER CAMP, Stratford, Conn.—Important as was the part played by the aeroplanes in yesterday's maneuvers of this Connecticut campaign, their work today was of even greater scope. Beckwith Havens of the New York national guard and the army aviators were in the air most of the morning. Lieutenant Milling scouted the triangle in which the two armies lie which covers Stratford, Derby and Long Hill and brought back the report that an engagement seemed imminent at Sandy Hook.

A feature of the day's work was the use of mounted infantrymen as scouts and they will be used extensively until the game closes. In their eagerness to get the better of the enemy both sides seem to have forgotten that the limit of the first day's hikes were to be five and seven miles and a greater part of the detachments that have taken an active part thus far have gone over many times that limit.

By daybreak the troops in and around Milford were on the march and the umpires left headquarters in anticipation of an early battle.

ORANGE, Conn.—Supported by the Ninth Massachusetts regiment, every battalion of which was brought up to accompany him, Lieutenant Colonel Grierson, commanding the Tenth United States Cavalry, who crossed the Housatonic river Monday night, today headed the advance of the Red army which is moving on New York. The Fifth Massachusetts regiment has broken camp and will follow.

The Blue cavalry has fallen back toward Bridgeport.

LYNN SHOE FIRM SIGNS AGREEMENT WITH ITS CUTTERS

LYNN, Mass.—Agreement was signed today by the firm of A. E. Little & Co., shoe manufacturers, and the Knights of Labor Cutters Assembly to abandon the old piece-price system, and to give increases of from $2 to $3.50 per week. The new scale goes into effect on Thursday.

In addition an apprenticeship system has been established and mutual understanding that all questions relative to strikes and lockouts shall be referred to an arbitration board. W. D. McDonald signed the agreement for the cutters assembly.

PHONE PROTEST SHUTS OFF SERVICE

CHECOTAH, Okla.—As a protest against inadequate telephone service every telephone user in the city took the receiver off its hook today and leaders in the movement declare they will stay down until improvements have been made in the service.

CABINET MINISTERS ESCAPE SUFFRAGISTS

(By the United Press)

LONDON—In order to avoid annoyance from suffragists, the cabinet members who are leaving London for their vacations are under guards of detectives. Lloyd-George, chancellor of the exchequer, and the Atorney-General, Sir Rufus Isaacs, are on the continent. The first lord of the admiralty, Winston Churchill, escaped being stopped while on his way to Sandwich. A barricade of suffragists' bicycles had been placed across the road to stop his automobile, but the chauffeur drove the car into it at speed and smashed through.

PORTERHOUSE STEAK SELLS AT 20 CENTS A POUND IN PANAMA CANAL ZONE

WASHINGTON—The high cost of living problem has not reached the Panama Canal Zone. While housewives here are paying record prices for meat, the United States commissary on the zone is furnishing steaks, roasts and chops as cheaply as a year or so ago.

Porterhouse steak, selling at from 30 to 35 cents a pound, can be purchased at Panama for 20 cents. Sirloin brings 25 cents here and 19 cents on the zone. Ham is 28 cents a pound from the commissaries and 40 cents from the grocery stores here. The Canal Record, official publication of the isthmian canal commission, gives many other figures showing low meat prices.

The explanation is that on the zone the government is the store keeper, buying direct from the packers and selling to the public at wholesale prices, plus only the cost of selling.

CHARGES MADE AGAINST JUDGE

CHARLESTOWN, W. Va.—Specific charges are made today against Circuit Court Judge W. R. Bennett of Fayette county, recently renominated in the Republican primary, and Gov. W. E. Glasscock has been asked to assemble the state Legislature in extraordinary session to try the jurist.

VALUATION INCREASE FOR CITY OF BOSTON IS SET AT $39,766,800

Hyde Park Assessor Finds That Citizens of Ward 26 Will Pay Less Into Municipal Treasury Than Before

WHOLE RATE $16.40

Orders Passed for Improving Playgrounds, Widening Union Park Street and Grading Parkman Estate

Members of the board of assessors made the official announcement of the tax rate and valuations of the city of Boston today, showing that the total real estate valuation of the city is $1,186,432,200, showing an increase of $39,766,800 over last year. The total personal valuation is $295,647,517, an increase of $13,661,403 over last year. The total polls were 202,116, an increase of 6503 over last year.

The tax rate of $16.40 is apportioned as follows: state tax, $2.34; county tax, $1.12; city tax, $12.94. Of the $12.94, $3.75 is for school expenditures, as against $3.64 last year.

In regard to the apportionment of the taxes, Mayor Fitzgerald says: "The county rate has decreased from $1.15 to $1.12. The city shows a decrease of 18 per cent over last year—from $13.12 to $12.95, while the state shows an increase from $2.13 to $2.34.

"In view of these figures the citizens of Boston should be congratulated on the decrease in taxes of the city and county, notwithstanding an increase of expenditures in practically every line of activity."

In regard to ward 26, Edward G. Richardson, principal assessor in that locality, made the following statement: "The total valuation of ward 26 real and personal estate this year is $16,344,000 as against $15,599,125 a year ago when this section was the town of Hyde Park. This is a gain of only $744,875.

"It is interesting to note in connection with the Hyde Park assessment that with the changed conditions and an increased valuation, the citizens as a whole will actually pay less into the city treasury of Boston than they did into the town treasury of Hyde Park.

"This year with a rate of $16.40, Boston's receipts from ward 26 will be only $268,041.60, while Hyde Park taxes in 1911 were $289,586.77. This year the number of polls has been increased from 4130 to 4783."

Although the city council has appropriated $200,000 from the tax levy, the rate stays at $16.40. Before voting for the appropriations, which had been recommended by the mayor, Councilor John A. Coulthurst declared that the administration had been extravagant and that there were improvements more needed than those recommended by the mayor.

The mayor had figured that the tax rate could remain the same with a valuation of $1,500,000,000 even if he spent a few thousands more. So he recommended appropriation for many small improvements which amounted to $100,000 and then asked for the same amount to be placed in the reserve fund to be drawn later.

The orders passed were for the improvement of the John Winthrop playground, ward 16, $8500; for taxes, rent and grading ground on Parkinson estate, $1500; for temporary public landings, $8000; for the laying out and widening of Union Park street (additional), $9000; for convenience station, Prince-street playground, $5000; for memorial tablet on Boston Common (additional), $1000. Total, $33,065.

National Lady Archery Champion Who Had Best Score in Columbia Round

MRS. WITMER TAYLOR

CONGRESS CAMPAIGN FUNDS DETAILED BY DEMOCRAT MANAGER

WASHINGTON—Financial side of the Democratic congressional campaign of 1908 was detailed to the Senate campaign contributions investigating committee by Representative J. Lloyd of Missouri, chairman and treasurer of the committee at that time.

The Missourian said he was solicitor and disburser of the funds. He kept a complete record and told the committee that the total receipts were $27,645 and the expenditures were $27,532. Seven thousand dollars was received from sale of campaign literature including $1600 paid by Charles A. Keane of New York, for speeches he sent to voters. Sales of the Democratic handbook totaled $1395.

"Members of Congress in amounts of from $25 to $200 contributed in all $6750," Mr. Lloyd declared. "There were only two $200 contributions—from Champ Clark and Burton Harrison. In $5 and $10 contributions we received $8250. Former Senator Jones of Arkansas contributed $3500; Herman Ridder of New York, W. G. Conrad of Montana and R. P. Daniel of Kentucky gave $250 each."

The committee plans to examine Benjamin B. Odell, former governor of New York, tomorrow. Previous witnesses have testified that Mr. Odell was in charge of the New York Republican campaign to assist which E. H. Harriman raised his fund.

PLOT TO CAPTURE CZAR IS DENIED

(By the United Press)

BERLIN—The expected official denial was sent out from St. Petersburg today of a plot among the sailors on the warship Ivan Zlataoust at Sebastopol to kidnap the Czar from his yacht, the Standart, and force him to abdicate or proclaim a genuinely limited monarchy.

It is known here, however, that there has not been so much discontent as at present both in the Russian army and navy since immediately after the war with Japan. The government has filled the ranks with secret service agents. Mutinies and individual acts of insubordination occur constantly.

STEAMER MARTHA STRUCK BY LINCOLN

The steamer General Lincoln, starting for aNhant, ran into the steamer Martha of the Boston Bay Steamship Company as it was docking today, carrying away part of the rail and slightly damaging the starboard side. The Lincoln had just started on her trip and had not gained much headway at the time.

ARCHERY LEADERS IN FAVOR OF MATCH WITH BOWMEN OF ENGLAND

Burton P. Gray, Secretary of the National Association of the United States Wants It in Next Olympics

HAVE SHOT ABROAD

Chief Difficulty Is in Getting a Team Together That Can Devote Time Necessary for Such a Trip

That the idea of holding an international archery contest between teams representing the National Archery Association of the United States and the National association of Great Britain as proposed in an editorial today in the Christian Science Monitor would receive the hearty support of the United States association is assured.

A number of the leading men in the American association were interviewed this morning in the Harvard stadium and they all agreed that such a meeting would be of great benefit to archery.

Dr. E. B. Weston of Chicago, a veteran archer and one of the members of the executive committee was very enthusiastic over the idea. He thought it would be a splendid scheme if it could be arranged. While there would be much to be done before a team of American archers could be sent across, he thought that it might be carried out although not this year.

W. A. Clark of Cincinnati who made the record double American round in 1884 which stood until 1910 when broken by G. P. Bryant, and who has been national champion a number of times, thought the scheme a fine one. He said: "It is a step in the right direction. Some of our archers, notably Mr. Richardson have visited abroad and shot in England and France and made very fine records. It is doubtful about anything being done this year, however."

Burton Payne Gray, secretary of the association was in harmony with such a plan, and said that he would also like to see archery put down as an event in the next Olympic games at Berlin in 1916.

H. B. Richardson, president of the association, thought the idea a good one, but felt that it would be difficult to get a team of archers that could go abroad at the same time.

H. S. Taylor, the present national champion, was enthusiastic when spoken to about the proposed competition and hoped to see the day when archery was added to the present list of international sports. He said that he was afraid that English archers would not care much about such an event, however.

ANNUAL TOURNEY FOR NATIONAL TITLES STARTED BY ARCHERS

The thirty-fourth annual championship tournament of the National Archery Association of the United States started in the Harvard stadium this morning with one of the strongest entry lists that has ever competed in such a meet.

The matches scheduled for today were the first Columbia round for ladies and the first American round for gentlemen. In the former event, 24 arrows were shot at 50 yards, 40 yards and 30 yards, and in the latter 30 arrows were shot at 60 yards, 50 yards and 40 yards.

Thirteen scores were turned in in the first Columbia round for ladies this morning and the honor of making the greatest number of hits went to Miss J. V. Sullivan, formerly secretary of the association. She made 66 out of a possible 72. This was one better than the record made by Mrs. Witmer Taylor, the present champion, and Miss M. A. Brownell, who tied for second place with 65.

While Miss Sullivan made the greatest number of hits, Mrs. Witmer Taylor had the best score with 381. Miss Sullivan came second with 342 and Miss Brownell was third with 335. The cards:

FIRST COLUMBIA ROUND

	Hits	Score
Mrs. Witmer Taylor	65	381
Miss J. V. Sullivan	66	342
Miss M. A. Brownell	65	335
Miss F. M. Patrick	59	312
Mrs. E. W. Frents	48	300
Miss E. B. Spaulding	46	216
Mrs. T. S. Fletcher	45	205
Mrs. B. P. Gray	47	180
Mrs. G. P. Bryant	46	180
Mrs. H. S. Taylor	47	171
Mrs. R. P. Elmer	35	143
Miss L. Pendry	32	118
Mrs. J. H. Peudry	26	114

Interest among the ladies in the Columbia round shooting today was very keen as this is one of the events which go to make up the competition for the Christian Science Monitor shield. The Columbia round will be completed this

(Continued on page five, column seven)

FLINT STREET FOOTBRIDGE IS DEEMED UNNECESSARY

The state board of railroad commissioners has declined to recommend to the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company that it install a footbridge over its tracks near the Forest avenue station in Dorchester, the board finding after investigation, that the number of persons to be accommodated by such a bridge does not warrant its construction. The finding of the board says:

"The only persons who would appear to be accommodated by a direct approach to the station from Flint street are the residents of eight or nine houses on Astoria street, which runs parallel to the company's location as far as Flint street, but does not run through to Morton street. These persons now enjoy free access to the outbound track by way of Flint street and by using the stairway leading from this track to Morton street they can reach the station and the inbound track by the present means of approach.

"The petitioners, however, complained that in using this route they were obliged to walk down Morton street about 100 feet beyond the railroad location and then walk back about 150 feet more over a way leading from Morton street to the station. In order to avoid this detour of 250 feet the board recommended that the company install a stairway leading directly from the Morton street bridge to the inbound track.

"The company has complied with that recommendation and has also recently extended the station platforms and installed electric lights in the station and on the platforms. It is also expected that Morton street in the near future will be widened so as to bring the bridge within less than 50 feet of the station.

BAY STATE OFFICERS IN RED ARMY

Left to right—Capt. J. L. Reeves, Lieut. E. A. Davidson, Lieut. W. L. Ford, Lieut. H. J. Maguire, Capt. W. L Conrad, Lieut. F. J. Kane

Every Tuesday and Thursday the Latin-American page is published. This feature of the Monitor contains valuable information for business and manufacturing concerns interested in South and Central American trade.

Perhaps you know several parties who would be glad to get the Latin-American page for a while. Why not send today's page?

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SERIES OF PAGEANTS IS NOW ATTRACTION AT COTTON CARNIVAL

GALVESTON, Tex.—At the fourth annual cotton carnival today ushers in the first of the series of pageants that on previous years proved so attractive to the thousands attending the exposition. The pageant today is the parade of the children of Texas, hundreds of whom will be in the line. Tomorrow night comes the masked parade of the K. K. K., and on Thursday night is the great civic display.

Despite the fact that there were no special features of attraction at the carnival on Monday, the grounds were well filled with Texans from the opening till the closing of the gates. This, the management declares, proves the general excellence of the exhibits at the exposition.

The reports from the railroads, interurban and garages indicate that over 3000 new visitors came into Galveston on Monday. There was an exodus of the large crowd that thronged the city in the week-end and made the record of attendance at the carnival since its inception four years ago.

GOV. FOSS TO TRY OUT LEGALITY OF BALLOT RULING

Governor Foss has opened a contest with the board of election commissioners by issuing nomination papers on which his name appears as a Democratic Progressive. According to the ruling of the attorney-general the Democratic Progressives did not poll a sufficient number of votes at the last state election to entitle them to a place on the ticket.

The Governor insists that the Democratic Progressives should be allowed an opportunity of voting at the primaries and his Progressive papers will be sent out this afternoon.

When completed they will be sent to Secretary of State Albert P. Langtry who will refer them to the ballot law commission for a decision, he being obliged to follow the ruling of the attorney-general.

It is said that the Governor would appoint a Democrat to be associate justice of the East Boston police court. The candidates reported most in favor are James E. Fitzgerald, Louis Pinansky, Joseph Murley, Thomas McEnerney and William B. F. Whall.

The situation in Fall River was discussed yesterday at a conference between Governor Foss and Thomas P. Riley, chairman of the Democratic state committee. James Driscoll, ex-Senator William Moran and Michael Ahearn are the candidates for the police board.

TWO SENATORS FOR ESSEX CLUB

WASHINGTON—Senators Lodge and Borah have accepted invitations to speak at the meeting of the Essex Republican Club Aug. 22. It is probable that a third speaker of national prominence will also appear. Word to this effect was wired to the Essex Club Monday by W. W. Lufkin.

TROLLEY CARS IN COLLISION

Collision between two trolley cars at Dorchester street Monday evening, when an inward-bound Dudley street car struck an outward-bound Meeting House Hill car, resulted in injury to five persons. Previous to that Miss Edith Livingston fell from a car at the same spot and was slightly injured.

SOUTHERN POULTRY MEN MEET

NASHVILLE, Tenn.—The thirty-seventh annual convention of the American Poultry Association began here on Monday with delegates in attendance from many states.

AT THE THEATERS

BOSTON

B. F. KEITH'S—Vaudeville.
MAJESTIC—"Oliver Twist."

NEW YORK

COLLIER'S—"Bunty Pulls the Strings."
FORTY-EIGHTH ST.—"Just Like John."
GAIETY—"Officer 666."
GLOBE—"The Rose Maid."
HAMMERSTEIN'S—Vaudeville.
KEITH'S—Vaudeville.
KNICKERBOCKER—"Robin Hood."
MANHATTAN—"The Squaw Man."
PLAYHOUSE—"Bought and Paid For."
PROCTOR'S—Vaudeville.

CHICAGO

CORT—"Fine Feathers."
GARRICK—"A Modern Eve."
GRAND—"Officer 666."
MAJESTIC—Vaudeville.
OLYMPIC—"Putting It Over."
POWERS—Bernhardt in films.
STUDEBAKER—"The Charity Girl."

PITTSBURGH EXPECTS TO INCREASE TRADE BY CONSULS' REPORTS

PITTSBURGH — United States consular service is to be localized for the benefit of Pittsburgh manufacturers, or those manufacturing concerns in the Pittsburgh metropolitan district which have export business.

Through a plan just announced and put in operation by the Pittsburgh industrial development commission, the export business of the district is expected to be increased several million dollars within a year, says the Sun. The plan is to analyze each day the consular reports received by the bureau of manufactures at Washington, and acquaint Pittsburgh manufacturers with the demand for manufactures in foreign countries.

This information will be furnished by special letter to be sent daily to the firms particularly interested in the kind of supplies on which inquiries are being made by foreign countries.

This report shows where a railroad is about to be constructed, large or small, whether one already built is about to place an order for equipment; if steamboats are to be bought; if a traction line is to be built. Whether wire nails, tacks or electric equipment are required the commission will know. In addition to this additional information will be given to enable the commission to present to the manufacturer the best method to go after this trade.

As the Pittsburgh district embraces manufactures of importance to all parts of the world, the "clearing house" system devised by the commission is expected to yield greater substantial results than anything that yet has been done.

Calls for cement have come from Argentine, Chile, Buenos Aires, Brazil and various other places. Egypt is asking for electrical equipments. South Africa is after wire nails and other countries are asking for railway equipment.

CHINA HAS EYES FOR MR. ROCKHILL

NEW YORK—In a London despatch to the New York Herald it is stated on the authority of the London Daily Telegraph's Peking correspondent that China has offered the post of adviser to the government to William W. Rockhill, the American ambassador at Constantinople, and formerly at Peking.

The Chinese newspapers are said to propose that Admiral Lord Charles Beresford, the retired British naval commander, be appointed naval adviser to the Chinese government.

WAKEFIELD ELKS PLAN CARNIVAL

WAKEFIELD, Mass.—Plans for the carnival on Aug. 21 under the auspices of Wakefield lodge of Elks were completed at a meeting of the committees Monday night. The carnival will be held on the 18 acres of lawns and fields surrounding the George L. Wakefield residence. The owner, who was one of the organizers of the lodge, will act as host.

Besides two band concerts and a vaudeville and musical entertainment of 15 numbers, there will be many other features and the entire estate will be decorated and illuminated.

PLAN LABOR LAW INQUIRY IN N .E.

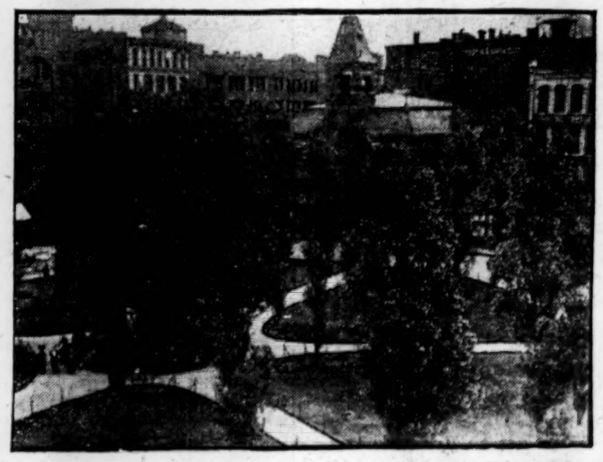
WASHINGTON — The department of commerce and labor contemplates an investigation in New England to determine whether the contract labor law is being violated. As soon as pending prosecution, involving the woolen firm of Francis Willey & Co. of Bradford, Eng., and Boston, and the Barre Wool Combing Company of Barre, Mass., is disposed of it is expected the inquiry will be spread to other firms.

PETITION FOR IMPEACHMENT

CHARLESTON, W. Va.—Steps looking toward the impeachment of W. R. Bennett, judge of the circuit court, were taken Monday when Gov. William E. Glasscock was petitioned to call an extra session of the West Virginia Legislature.

The petition was presented by R. T. Hubard, Jr., and Charles W. Dillon of Fayetteville and George E. Price and W. M. O. Dawson of Charleston.

PUBLIC SQUARES OF BOSTON



Fort Hill square which, in the revolution, was the site of the fort of Boston — Known as Washington place in early days

Fort Hill square, with its trim green lawns, and neat walks radiating through double lines of luxuriant poplars, forms an agreeable bit of landscape gardening amid the towering blocks of the waterfront business district.

How pleasant it had become was only realized by many who had enjoyed the little park for so many years when Mayor Fitzgerald proposed to take the open space as a site for the High School of Commerce. Strong opposition developed to this, and eventually the idea was abandoned.

Fort Hill square has always been an open space, for here during the revolution stood the fort of Boston, on a 40-foot hill that was leveled early in the last century. It was called Washington place in 1808 and the name was changed to Washington square in 1837. In 1875 the space was named Fort Hill square.

The well-known facetious verses that maintain that Bostonians are still following the uncertain wanderings of some colonial calf when they walk certain of the streets of the Hub is not wholly untrue of High street, which skirts one side of Fort Hill square.

Starting at Summer street, High street takes a long wavering curve to Broad street, following the course of a cattle drive much used in the first half of the eighteenth century, and called for 100 years Cow lane. The name was changed to High street in 1797.

LAND LEGISLATION IN ENGLAND DISTRUSTED

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—The annual general meeting of the Central Land Association was held at the Westminster Palace hotel, Walter H. Long, M. P. (president) being in the chair.

The chairman said that there had been a greatly increased interest in agricultural matter lately. He thought at no time had the interests of agriculture been of greater importance than they were today, nor was it more necessary to watch what was going on, and to prepare themselves for defending interests which were really national. The association was strictly non-political, and on the committee they had the invaluable assistance of gentlemen belonging to the party now in power.

Referring to the new form of the valuation of land, he said, he did not know what had been the experience of those present, but his own experience had been that it was extraordinarily difficult to ascertain what was the precise bearing of that new form of valuation. They were in the dark as to the future and what legislation had in store for them. There never was a time when it was more necessary that the interests of agriculture should be protected.

It was declared that land was still hampered by certain fetters not to be found on the necks of the owners of any other class of property. He believed there was a great deal too much legislation on land and those were the only fetters, and that legislation was generally injurious to land. There were proposals which could not, in his judgment, improve the position of the owners of agricultural land, or do any good to the occupier of land, and which might have a very prejudicial effect on the future value of that class of property.

COMMITTEE DEADLOCK SENDS CRIMINAL PROSECUTION OF TRUSTS TO SENATE.

WASHINGTON — The question of formally declaring the sense of Congress to favor criminal prosecution of the Standard Oil and Tobacco trust defendants will be fought out in the open Senate. All efforts to reach an agreement on the merits of the case have been abandoned in committee.

Senator Pomerene appeared Monday afternoon before the judiciary committee and made an argument in support of his resolution. It declares that the attorney-general should at once institute criminal proceedings against such defendants of the American Tobacco Company and the Standard Oil Company as were named by the supreme court in its decisions of May 30, 1911, as guilty of violating the Sherman anti-trust act.

GERMAN WIRELESS TEST TO BE MADE

NEW YORK—The German company which is building a wireless station at Sayville, Long Island, is erecting the tower primarily with the object of furnishing shore communication with vessels on the American side of the Atlantic, and secondarily for the purpose of testing the possibility and the commercial practicability of transatlantic communication from the great wireless plant at Nauen, Germany.

Upon these tests, which are expected to be made in December, and upon the ability of the company to obtain government concessions will depend the establishment of a transatlantic service, says a Berlin despatch to the New York Herald.

CORN DUTY SUSPENDED

DUBUQUE, Ia.—Augustin Pina, Mexican consul at Chicago, who is on a visit to Dubuque, has announced that he has been informed by the Mexican government that the duty on American corn into Mexico has been suspended. This action, he says, is due to crop failures there.

AT RAILROAD TERMINALS

The Pennsylvania railway steel car No. 120, occupied by Vice-President Joseph Wood, arrived at the South station over the New Haven road from Pittsburgh today.

Elmer H. Morse, passenger trainmaster for the New Haven road at the South station, left headquarters today for an inspection trip on trains handling connection baggage and waybills of foreign systems.

Terminal Division Superintendent John F. Piper has ordered all Fitchburg trains and engines to a six-mile-an-hour schedule over Medford street, Somerville, on account of realignment of main lines and other work in connection with separation of grades.

The New Haven railway private car Connecticut, used by President Mellen, arrived at the South station from Readville shops last night completely overhauled and repainted.

COOPERATIVE PLAN IN SMALL HOLDINGS TRIED AT WAYFORD

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON — A meeting in connection with the Wayford Cooperative Small Holdings Settlement was held at the Westminster Palace hotel, when the work of the settlement was described.

R. A. E. Yerburgh, M.P., who presided, said the scheme was unique and he thought that on broad lines it deserved the support of those interested in rural questions. They all knew what an immense amount of immigration into the towns there was and in some way or other that must be made good. Some people thought that their land scheme was to blame, but anybody who had studied the question closely could not hold that view because the same problem had to be faced by other countries having other conditions. By education they had given the laborer a larger prospect, they had aroused his ambitions, and unless they could give him something that appealed to him they were not likely to keep him in the country districts. They had to reconstruct socially rural life and he thought that the scheme to be explained by Mr. Charlton was a step in the right direction.

Mr. Charlton said that in north Norfolk the freehold estate of 98 acres was acquired in the autumn of 1909. It was now cut up into small holdings varying from one to 12 acres and it had afforded an opportunity to 16 families, comprising some 50 individuals, to return to the land.

Each occupier was a member of the estate owning the property. He held his land as tenant of the estate under an agreement giving him fixity of rent and tenure and the right to the value of all improvements he might effect; he was owner of shares in this estate equal to the value of his holding; he was owner as well as tenant and each tenant member was also a cooperator in cultivating his land and selling the produce.

The society needed more capital in order to build, since the majority of the tenants had to walk some way to their holdings. It was decided that the cottages should be constructed of concrete blocks on the cavity-wall system. Two of the cottages had already been built at a cost of £185 each.

ROYAL MILITARY ACADEMY TAKES IN 131 NEW CADETS

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—It has been customary to describe the royal regiment of artillery and the corps of royal engineers as the "scientific branches" of the army, but it is already becoming evident, in view of the increasing study which is necessary in every department of the army, that these two branches may soon lose their special appellation.

Addressing the Woolwich cadets at the recent half-yearly inspection of the royal military academy, Gen. Sir C. W. H. Douglas, inspector-general of the home forces, pointed out that the cadets who were about to leave the academy that day were going to join what in former days were called the scientific arms of the service, but he would remind them that knowledge of the science of war had advanced so much nowadays that every officer, if he wished to be efficient, had to be scientific in his own branch of the service.

In his report on the same occasion the commandant of the academy, Col. Graham Thomson, said that the infantry company which had been at the academy since 1908, had now returned to Sandhurst, and that it had consequently been possible to admit 131 new cadets in February, the largest number ever admitted to the academy at one time.

TYPOS CONVENE IN CLEVELAND

CLEVELAND, O.—With 326 delegates and about 3000 visitors in attendance, the International Typographical Union held its opening session Monday, President Lynch presiding. Addresses were made by Mayor Baker, E. D. Baker, president of the American Newspaper Publishers Association, and Joseph Weimer of the Cleveland Leader and News.

Officers of the convention were appointed by the president as follows: William H. Cockett, sergeant-at-arms; Mason G. St. John, John Hogan, Charles Hutzelman, messengers; John A. Hurton, assistant secretary; Daniel Kelley, reading clerk.

BISMARCKIAN POLICY SEEN AS DISTINCTLY PRO-BRITISH

Sidney Whitman, an English Friend of the Great Chancellor, Contributes to the Fortnightly Review an Article Bearing on Anglo-German Friendship

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—The exact relations of the Bismarckian policy to the United Kingdom have been a factor which has been made an unfortunate element in the affairs of the two countries, by those who speak less from knowledge than from gossip. In these circumstances the article in the Fortnightly Review by Sidney Whitman, an English friend of th great chancellor, comes not only at a fortunate moment, but in a way which may do much to dispel popular misconceptions.

Into Mr. Whitman's views on Anglo-German relations it is unnecessary to go. He traverses ground which has been traversed before, but he traverses it with a sympathy for and an understanding of the great Teutonic power which is a relief from the strident criticisms of certain publicists on both sides of the North sea.

He prints, for instance, a letter from Herr Ballin, the president of the great Hamburg-American line, to which a London paper to which it was offered declined to give publicity, for, apparently, the simple reason that it made against the contention of that paper, that the Hamburg-American line was built up on governmental subsidies.

On the other hand, he shows how the enormous output of violent German brochures comes from a type of writer, well known in Germany under the name of "Byzantines," who has no other way of bringing himself before the public. All this, however, is known to everybody who is in the habit of thinking seriously on the subject. What, perhaps, is new is Mr. Whitman's analysis of the Bismarckian foreign policy, with what he contends was its distinctly British bias.

Bismarck Was Friend

"Among the many arguments, mostly fictitious," he declares, which are commonly "put forward to account for German estrangement, is the one that Bismarckian traditions necessarily imply German hostility towards England." Mr. Whitman sets out to prove that this is the exact reverse of the case.

Bismarck, he says, always considered that the best interests of Germany could be reconciled with those of England, nor was there ever anything in his aims antagonistic to British policy. It is true that he had a personal antagonism towards Gladstone, and a high esteem for Lord Beaconsfield, but this was largely because he regarded Gladstone's policy as essentially un-English. Again, his personal relations, not only with Lord Rosebery, but with Lord Salisbury, were of the warmest description.

In order to prove Bismarck's anxiety to stand well with the United Kingdom, Mr. Whitman explains from his personal knowledge that, in the final verbal instructions to German officials, such as consuls and diplomatic agents, Bismarck frequently ended with the words, "Do all you can to obtain the goodwill of the English; you need not even use a cipher in telegrams. We have nothing to conceal from them, for it would be madness for us to quarrel with England."

Bismarck's wish for cordial relations with the United Kingdom, the writer insists, was stronger even than his avowed anxiety to retain the goodwill of Russia. Even today, he declares, it is far from well known that, though the dismissal of Bismarck was regarded with relief in Germany, it filled the chancelleries of Europe with alarm, and nowhere was this disquietude more marked than in London and Paris, where the pacificness of his intentions was especially understood. Indeed, the Memoirs of Prince Hohenlohe contained abundant evidence of the satisfaction with which France regarded his policy, while it is well known that Lord Salisbury had implicit trust in his word.

His Desire Was Peace

Bismarck's desire for peace was extraordinary. "Whoever cannot keep quiet in Europe is a menace to peace, a disturber of the peace," he said to Prince Hohenlohe; and if he could have foreseen an entente between England, France and Russia, it would have been the culmination of his "nightmare of coalitions."

What Bismarck himself thought of Russian possibilities is summed up in his famous saying: "It will be a dark day for Europe when Russia produces a statesman who will not hesitate to sacrifice a million lives in pursuit of an ambitious policy." In these circumstances Mr. Whitman contends that Germany will be carrying out the Bismarckian theory in making friends with the United Kingdom, and the real difficulty he foresees in the way of that, he expresses in a saying of Moltke's: "One of the most serious dangers to be guarded against would be a government which might be too weak to prevent war." In this sense, he says, the German government is infinitely weaker today than in Bismarck's time.

HOARDS OF ROMAN GOLD COINS FOUND AT CORBRIDGE-ON-TYNE

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON — The excavations which every summer since 1907 have been conducted near Corbridge-on-Tyne, in Northumberland, have proved unusually interesting.

The work, under the direction of the Corbridge excavation committee, has brought to light some military buildings and several shops, and the finds indicate that Corstopitum was a wealthy place, occupied by a cosmopolitan trading population more or less continuously during the second, third and fourth centuries of our era.

During the last 400 years, a great variety of silver and bronze coins have been turned out of the soil whenever the plough is used. Besides these, two hoards of Roman gold coins have been discovered, the first in September, 1908, the second in September, 1911.

The first find consisted of a gold ring and 48 aurei solidi of the lower empire, which were wrapped in a sheet of lead found under the floor of a house being excavated. The second was a bronze jug standing erect in the soil in a portion of the land where were no traces of habitation. On the jug being removed, the bottom fell out and a stream of gold coins poured forth. These coins, numbering 159, ranged in date from Nero to Marcus Aurelius. The date on the latest coin is A. D. 159, thus furnishing one of the last traces of the Roman occupation in northern Britain.

Both finds are in a wonderful state of preservation, and both contain exceptionally rare specimens. They have been handed over to the British museum, where the two hoards can be seen in their entirety, set out in separate trays, in the coin room of that building.

PLOT AGAINST CZAR ALLEGED

NEW YORK—A London special cable despatch to the New York Sun states that a despatch to the Daily News from Odessa tells of a recent revolutionary plot on board the battleship Ivan Zlatoust at Sebastopol, for which 10 men were sentenced to capital punishment. The plot included the seizure of the Czar's yacht with the Czar and his family on board, and a general mutiny of the crews of the Baltic squadron.

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Leading Events in Athletic World :: New York Y. C. Cruise

NEW YORK YACHT CLUB IS ON ITS WAY BACK TO NEWPORT TODAY

Irolita, Taormina, Shimna and Rowdy Are Principal Winners in Race From Newport to Vineyard Haven

CLOSE CONTESTS

VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass.—The New York Yacht Club fleet started back for Newport today on the fifth and final run of the annual cruise under conditions that indicated a thrash to windward of 37 miles. The wind hauled well into the west during the night and at morning colors today was piping up to 10 knots and seemed to have power enough behind it to reach 15 or 20 knots before the day was over. Small jib topsails were, therefore, hauled out for the first time on the cruise.

The fleet did not leave the harbor until 9 o'clock, but long before that hour the greater part of the population of Vineyard Haven and Oak Bluffs looked the yachts over carefully from the decks of the hundreds of cat boats. The New York men found time to do a little visiting about the fleet, and nearly all had some thrilling yarn to spin over yesterday's race.

It was figured today that in the four runs so far of the cruise, the Elena and Irolita had sailed 152 miles, of which 150 miles had been on the starboard tack with lifted sheets. The Elena covered the distance in 12h. 44m. and 40s. or 11.9 knots an hour. The Irolita made the distance in 12h. 59m. and 4s., or 11.7 knots an hour. The Elena's time from New London to Newport in 2h. 56m. and 13s., is a new club record for this run.

The start today was off West Chop, the small yachts leaving at 10:15; and the large sloops five minutes later. Many of the racers were bothered somewhat by the spectator fleet, for there must have been 100 cape cats and power boats buzzing about the line and had to be scattered like a flock of sparrows.

The large schooners went away at 10:25, and then came the Elena, Irolita, Sea Fox and Endymior. The Elena caught the start in fine shape, hard on the starboard tack, but tacked immediately to port on getting over. By 11 o'clock all the yachts were beating down Vineyard sound with a favorable tide, but against a 12 knot westerly breeze. It looked like a late afternoon finish; for the small sloops, the Elena was leading when the fleet passed Tarpaulin cove at 11 o'clock.

Monday's winners follow:

SCHOONERS
Class B

Yacht and owner	El. time h. m. s.	Cor. time h. m. s.
Irolita, F. W. Clark	3 29 44	3 18 38
Class D		
Taormina, W. S. Eaton	4 20 31	3 19 25
Class F		
Miladi, G. W. Scott	3 34 27	3 21 52
SLOOPS		
Class K		
Istalena, G. M. Pynchon	4 14 51	3 34 38
Special		
Istalena	4 14 51	3 42 50
Class J		
Shimna, R. T. Paine 2d	4 20 33	3 34 08
Class M		
Medora, H. G. Noble	4 37 23	3 34 11
NEW YORK 30-FOOTERS (No Allowance)		
Rowdy, H. S. Jewell	5 12 14	

BRETTON WOODS GOLF AUG. 12

BRETTON WOODS, N. H.—The annual golf tournament for the championship of Bretton Woods will be held on the Mt. Washington links here from Aug. 12 to Aug. 18. In addition to the massive silver championship trophy, prizes will be awarded the winner and runner up in each sixteen of the qualification round, the winner and runner up in the four ball match, the two best in the consolation and the best men in the various handicap events.

The tournament will be closed to guests at the Bretton Woods hotels. James S. Mackrell, golf professional, will superintend the tourney. All matches will be played at 18 holes except the finals in each 16, which will be at 36 holes. The program for the tourney is:

Aug. 12—Qualifying round, 18 holes, handicap medal play. Sixteen to qualify for the consolation cup.
Aug. 13—First and second rounds in both sixteens.
Aug. 14—Third round in both sixteens.
Aug. 14—Finals, 36 holes in both sixteens.
Aug. 15—Handicap four-ball match.
Aug. 16—Special handicap events

DECISION IS AGAINST BEEBE

CINCINNATI—Pitcher Fred Beebe will be compelled, according to a decision of the national baseball commission Monday, to pay the Philadelphia National League Club $166 for salary overdrawn while a member of that team. Beebe admitted the debt, but claimed he lost five weeks' salary when transferred by Philadelphia to Buffalo. The commission held that this loss of salary was his fault and allowed the Philadelphia claim.

BASEBALL Wednesday At 2, 2 Games
Red Sox vs. St. Louis
FENWAY PARK Jersey and Lansdowne Sts.
Tickets on sale at Wright & Ditson's, 344 Washington St.

POLO TEAMS IN COMPETITION FOR ATLANTIC CUPS

Cooperstown and Piping Rock Win Semi-Final Matches in the Junior Section of the Tournament

BRYN MAWR WINS

NARRAGANSETT PIER, R. I.—Play starts today in the annual pony polo competition for the Atlantic cups on the grounds of the Point Judith Country Club. As the conditions governing these matches have been changed this season, added interest in being taken in the event with considerable speculation as to how the new conditions are going to work out.

Followers of polo were not surprised at the results in the semifinals at the junior championship Monday, but the long leads of the winning teams were not expected. Cooperstown beat Great Neck, 12½ to 2¾, and Piping Rock beat Kansas City, 8 to 3¾ goals.

Five teams competed in the round robin handicap. Bryn Mawr beat the Wanderers in the first round, 4¾ to 3½. In the second round the Freebooters beat Point Judith, 2 to ½; Magpies beat Point Judith, 2 to 1½; Magpies beat the Freebooters, 2½ to 2. In the final Bryn Mawr beat the Magpies, 8 to 3. The summary:

JUNIOR CHAMPIONSHIP SEMI-FINAL
First Game

Cooperstown—F. S. Von Stade, No. 1; C. C. Rumsey, No. 2; C. P. Beadleston, No. 3; F. H. Prince, Jr., back.
Great Neck—W. Russell Grace, No. 1; J. Watson Webb, No. 2; Hamilton Hadden, No. 3; J. G. Milburn, Jr., back.
Cooperstown earned 13 goals, less penalties ½; total, 12½. Great Neck scored 3 goals, less penalty ¼; total, 2¾. Individual goals, Von State 6, Beadleston 5, Rumsey, Prince, Grace, Hadden, Milburn. Penalties, safety against Rumsey, Prince and Hadden. Referee, C. R. Snowden.

Second Game

Piping Rock—J. C. Rathbone, No. 1; Raymond Belmont, No 2; Harrison Tweed, No. 3; J. B. Thomas, back.
Kansas City—T. A. Velie, No. 1; Philip H. Noland, No. 2; J. Foster Symes, No. 3; S. H. Velie, back.
Piping Rock earned 8 goals; Kansas City 4, less penalty ¼; total, 3¾. Individual goals, Belmont 4, Tweed 2, Rathbone, Thomas Noland 2, Symes, T. A. Velie. Safety against S. H. Velie. Referee, F. A. Gill.

PATRICIA TAKES SECOND RACE AND TIES BIG SERIES

Contest Over Triangular Course, Three Times Around With Finish Close —Motor Boats Race Also

CHICAGO—With the big international yachting series tied at one victory each interest is at its height in the third contest between the Michicago, the United States representative, and the Patricia, representing Canada.

The Patricia won the second race of the series of five Monday in 3:24:20. The Michicago's time was 3:25:54. The race was over a triangular course, three times around.

While the yacht race was being sailed the hydroplane Baby Reliance, the entry of Commodore J. Stewart Blackton of the Motor Club of America in the coming free-for-all power-boat championship race, sank during a trial spin. She was raised, but will be out of the race. Commodore Blackton has sent to Algonac, Mich. for Baby Reliance II, a 20-foot hydroplane, and for Baby Reliance III which, in an unofficial trial at Davenport, Ia., last month showed a speed of 53.7 miles an hour. These hydroplanes will reach here in time to compete Wednesday in the free-for-all race.

In the 20-foot class, power boats, the Kitty Hawk of Detroit won, completing the 15 miles in 26m. 45s. Courier finished second. Debutante, the British entry, had engine trouble and did not finish.

The Chicago, a 32-foot motor boat, won the 15-mile race for craft of her class in 40m. 30s. Debutante finished second, 40s. later, and Beat It was third.

THE WINGFIELD SCULLS
(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—The race for the Wingfield sculls, which is really the amateur championship of the Thames, only produced one challenger this year to compete with the holder, W. D. Kinnear. This challenger was E. D. Pinks of the London Rowing Club, who proved entirely unequal to the task he set himself. Kinnear, starting at 31 strokes to Pinks' 28, went ahead from the first. Off the London Rowing Club he was half a length ahead, and he passed under Hammersmith bridge four lengths ahead. At Cheswick his lead had been increased to six lengths, and, sculling absolutely without an effort, simply at 24, he passed Barnes bridge, and reached Mortlake in 23m., 51s., winning without an effort by some dozen lengths. It is the third consecutive year he has held the championship.

COLLEGE ELECTS ATHLETIC HEAD

GUTHRIE, Okla.—Harry A. Coleman, son of the Rev. W. C. Coleman has been elected athletic director of the Methodist University of Oklahoma to succeed Shira, who held the place during the past two yea

NEW NATIONAL ARCHERY TROPHY

SILVER SHIELD PRESENTED BY THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR
To go to the woman making the greatest number of hits in the combined double National and double Columbia rounds

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING

	Won	Lost	P. C. 1912	P. C. 1911
New York	73	29	.716	.590
Chicago	67	36	.651	.622
Pittsburgh	60	40	.600	.618
Philadelphia	50	49	.505	.569
Cincinnati	48	57	.457	.450
St. Louis	47	59	.443	.549
Brooklyn	38	67	.382	.382
Boston	28	74	.275	.231

RESULTS MONDAY
Chicago 10, Boston 7.
St. Louis 8, New York 6.
Pittsburgh 5, Brooklyn 3.
Cincinnati 2, Philadelphia 1.
GAMES TODAY
Chicago at Boston.
Cincinnati at Philadelphia.
Pittsburgh at Brooklyn.

CHICAGO TAKES ANOTHER

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.	H.	E.
Chicago	4	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	3	10	15	2
Boston	1	4	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	7	11	3

Batteries, Lavender, Smith and Needham, Cotter; Donnelly, Hess and Rariden. Umpires, Rigler and Finneran.

ST. LOUIS 8, GIANTS 6

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	4	2	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	8	17	2
New York	1	2	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	6	10	6

Batteries, Harmon, Sallee and Wingo; Ames, Mathewson and Meyers. Umpires, Johnstone and Eason.

PITTSBURGH BEATS BROOKLYN

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.	H.	E.
Pittsburgh	0	1	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	5	9	3
Brooklyn	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	3	6	1

Batteries, Adams and Gibson; Rucker and O. Miller. Umpires, Klem and Orth

CINCINNATI 2, PHILADELPHIA 1

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	8	2
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	5	0

Batteries, Fromme and McLean; Rixey, Alexander and Killifer. Umpires, Owens and Brennan.

MARION TENNIS DATES

MARION, Mass.—Unusual interest is being shown in the fifth annual tournament of the Sippican Tennis Club to be held on the club courts here Aug. 30-31 and Sept. 2 under the auspices of the United States National Lawn Tennis Association. The Buzzards Bay cup for men's singles presented by Mrs. Stanley McCormick will be played for as usual. This cup becomes the property of any player winning it three times, not necessarily consecutive. D. F. Davis has won two legs. Frank Sullaway and N. W. Niles, the present holder, one each. All comers cups for men's doubles have been presented. The club gives runner-up cups in both events.

FOURTEEN GOLF CLUBS ENTER

Fourteen clubs have entered the foursome match play tournament of the Massachusetts Golf Association, which will be played at the Country Club, Brookline, Aug. 22 to 24. This tournament this year has taken the place for the first time of the Massachusetts team match championship series for the trophy of the executive committee of the association, which has been played for since 1908 and was won in that year and in 1909 by the Country Club, Brookline, and in 1910 and 1911 by Brae-Burn.

DURNAN WILL ROW WRAY

TORONTO, Ont.—E. Durnan has announced that he will race James Wray, the Harvard rowing coach, for $1000 a side, the contest to take place after Sept. 7 on Toronto bay.

BOSTON RED SOX BACK HOME AGAIN; WILL REST TODAY

Double-Header With St. Louis Scheduled for Tomorrow—O'Brien and Bedient Probable Pitchers

Returning from the western trip seven and one half games ahead of Washington, the Boston Red Sox are resting today, prior to the double header with St. Louis scheduled for tomorrow.

When the club arrived at the Huntington avenue station Monday afternoon four of the players were not with them. Gardner and Hooper left the party at Albany to go to the former's home at Enosburg Falls, Vt., while Pape and Wagner stopped at Cincinnati and New Rochelle respectively to see their families.

It is probable that O'Brien and Bedient will be the two choices to pitch against St. Louis in the double header tomorrow. Both have rested and should be in the best of condition.

Considering the fact that the men have played ball on 16 successive days the rest today and yesterday has been most acceptable. As was the case Monday a number of the men will take in the game at the South End grounds this afternoon.

Manager Garland Stahl went at once to his home in Newton, where Garland, Jr., was ready with a royal welcome. President McAleer went through to his home in Brookline. All the players will report at the ball park tomorrow morning.

THE TEST CRICKET MATCHES
(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—The abandonment of the second of the three test cricket matches between England and Australia, owing to the impossible condition of the wicket, has to a large extent, robbed that contest of any interest; indeed, it may be said that the interest these matches were expected to produce has not been manifested. On the present occasion England, on a very bad wicket, succeeded in making 203 runs, of which 92 were made by Rhodes. The Australian innings, so far as it went, amounted practically to nothing. The two first men had scored 14, with neither of them out, when the match had to be abandoned. The result, of course, was a great disappointment to all concerned.

LYNCH SUSPENDS AND FINES

NEW YORK—President T. J. Lynch of the National league announced Monday the suspension of Second Baseman Evers of Chicago for five days and the fining of Third Baseman Zimmerman of the same club $50. The penalties were imposed because of the Chicago players' altercation with Umpire Finneran after the game in Boston last Saturday. Umpire Finneran was also fined $25.

AMERICAN LEAGUE STANDING

	Won	Lost	P. C. 1912	P. C. 1911
Boston	73	34	.682	.509
Washington	66	42	.611	.407
Philadelphia	63	43	.594	.651
Detroit	54	55	.495	.629
Chicago	52	54	.491	.495
Cleveland	51	56	.477	.495
St. Louis	35	71	.330	.308
New York	32	71	.311	.509

RESULT MONDAY
Cleveland 3, Chicago 1.
GAMES TODAY
Detroit at New York.
Chicago at Washington.

CLEVELAND DEFEATS CHICAGO

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.	H.	E.
Cleveland	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	—	3	7	0
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	—	1	9	0

Batteries, Kahler and O'Neil; Walsh and Kuhn. Umpires, Egan and Sheridan.

BASEBALL PICKUPS

Chicago had to use both Lavender and Smith to take the game from Boston.

—ooo—

Cleveland defeated Walsh in the only American league contest of the day.

—ooo—

The New York Nationals raised their 1911 championship pennant yesterday.

—ooo—

The annual talk of a new president for the National league is again going the rounds.

—ooo—

The suspension of Evers of Chicago will be quite a handicap for Chicago in the coming series with New York.

—ooo—

Cincinnati snatched the game from the Philadelphia aggregation in the ninth, edging out with one tally to the good.

—ooo—

The present Boston-Chicago series promises to make a new record in regard to the number of men used in the four games.

—ooo—

President Taft will witness the first home game for Washington in some days this afternoon. Chicago will be the opposing team.

—ooo—

That record-crowd will turn out tomorrow to welcome the Boston Americans home is assured, based on the advanced sale of seats.

—ooo—

Chicago and Pittsburgh gained another lap on the Giants yesterday, winning their games while the latter lost its second to St. Louis.

—ooo—

The Red Sox players are enjoying the games at the Walpole street grounds. Two days' rest should put them in fine shape for the St. Louis series.

—ooo—

The entire Boston National League squad will go West tonight for its last swing around the western circuit for 1912. Gowdy will join the party and may be able to play soon.

—ooo—

The Red Sox will play at Fenway park steadily until Sept. 1. They will return Sept. 4 for four days with Washington and then away until Sept. 24 on their last swing around the western circuit.

CARLISLE PLANS BIG RECEPTION FOR HER OLYMPIC ATHLETES

J. G. Thorpe and Lewis Tewanina to Be Given Royal Welcome Next Friday—Includes G.S.Warner

A BIG PARADE

CARLISLE, Pa.—Carlisle's big celebration in honor of the homecoming of her Olympic athletes, J. G. Thorpe and Louis Tewanina, has been scheduled for Friday by the citizens' committee. Indian School Physical Director Glenn S. Warner will be honored at the same time.

The parade next Friday will be one of the biggest events of its kind ever held in this section. The returning victors will arrive in Carlisle at noon and the parade will march at 1:30 o'clock. Following this the formal presentation of testimonials to Thorpe, Tewanina and Warner will take place on Biddle field, where a distinguished assemblage will greet America's champions. Field sports and baseball will follow, and the three guests of the town will be quartered at the home of the Carlisle Elks until early in the evening. At the particular request of Indian students, they will be escorted at about 7 o'clock p. m. to the campus of the Carlisle Indian school, where a formal reception will be held, and where an elaborate fireworks display will follow a band concert.

Uniformed organizations from all over southern Pennsylvania have expressed a desire to enter the parade. Chairman of Parade Arrangements Edward Kronenberg has so far engaged six bands.

Contributions to the fund for the celebration have come spontaneously from all classes of citizens from Carlisle and principal towns in this section.

Dickinson College and Conway Hall, Carlisle, are actively taking part in the preparations for Thorpe day, as next Friday has come to be recognized. College, Law, Conway and Metzgar officials will unite in paying tribute to their sister school.

M. R. A. DESIRES TO ROW IN LABOR DAY REGATTA

Executive Committee of the New England A. R. A. Meets to Arrange Program of Events

The executive committee of the New England Amateur Rowing Association at its meeting Monday night received an application from the Metropolitan Rowing Association asking for permission to row under the auspices of the N. E. A. R. A. at the Columbus day regatta on the Charles river basin. The matter will be acted on later, but there is little doubt but what the request will be granted.

The meeting was to arrange for the annual regatta of the N. E. A. R. A. on Labor day. Dr. G. B. Magrath, president of the association, presided. Delegates were present from the East Boston A. A. B. C., Union B. C., St. Alphonsus A. A., Riverside, B. C., Shawmut R. A., Bradford B. C., Columbian R. A., Jeffries Point R. A., West Lynn B. C., Waltham C. C. and Samoset C. C.

Dr. Magrath announced that he had received assurances from Mayor Fitzgerald that the city would appropriate funds for the regatta. The question of including canoe singles in the events was discussed at length and it was finally decided to add the event to the program. The other events to be filled are: Novice, junior, intermediate and senior singles, junior, intermediate and senior doubles, senior fours, ungraded quadruple sculls, junior, intermediate and senior eights, war canoes and club fours.

NEW ENGLAND LEAGUE STANDING

	Won	Lost	P. C.
Lawrence	58	39	.598
Lowell	58	40	.593
Worcester	56	42	.571
Brockton	51	46	.526
Lynn	50	49	.505
Haverhill	42	57	.424
New Bedford	41	58	.414
Fall River	36	61	.371

RESULTS MONDAY
Lawrence 4, Lynn 1.
Lawrence 9, Lynn 3.
Lowell 5, New Bedford 1.
Brockton 5, Haverhill 0.
Worcester 8, Fall River 2.
GAMES TODAY
Brockton at Haverhill.
Worcester at Fall River.
Lowell at New Bedford.
Lynn at Lawrence.

CHECKER TOURNEY REACHES FINAL

CEDAR POINT, O.—Hugh Henderson, the Pittsburgh checker expert won from Alfred Jordan, the British champion, in the semi-finals of the American checker tourney, by the close score of 1 to 0 and seven draws, Monday. This eliminates Jordan for a chance at first or second prize money.

Henderson and H. B. Reynolds of Batavia, N. Y., are now paired to play for first and second prizes. Jordan and Lieberman of Chicago are the first to finish the finals, Jordan winning by the same score that he lost to Henderson, 1 to 0 and seven draws, winning third and fourth prizes respectively.

PLAY CONTINUOUS IN BIG SOUTHAMPTON TENNIS TOURNAMENT

William A. Larned, the National Champion, Decides Not to Compete in the Meadow Club Play

SOME GOOD MATCHES

SOUTHAMPTON, L. I.—Play continues today in the annual singles and doubles lawn tennis tournament of the Meadow Club on the famous turf courts here. With many of the preliminary matches cleaned up on the opening day, Monday, some fast tennis is expected this afternoon.

W. A. Larned, seven times winner of the national tenis championship, will probably not try again for the honors this year. The opening of the tourney was delayed until late in the afternoon Monday in the belief that the veteran Larned, who has been practising here for the past 10 days, would carry out his intention to compete in this so-called preliminary to the national tourney at Newport next week. At the eleventh hour it was learned that the champion would not participate.

Sixty-nine players appeared in the drawing of the singles for the Meadow Club Monday, the most interesting match being between R. N. Williams, the youth who won the national clay courts championship at Pittsburgh recently, and A. M. Hyde of the Harvard team. Hyde forced the young champion to two deuce sets, Williams finally winning, 7—5, 7—5. The high wind which swept the courts bothered Williams.

This was a second-round match, these and a number of other players making this round by drawing byes. The summary:

MEADOW CLUB CUP SINGLES
First round

G. C. Cutting beat C. S. Larkin, 6—1, 6—3.
R. Hazard beat Jack Ely 6—1, 6—1.
H. N. Tifft Jr. beat W. Chambers, 6—3, 7—5.

Second round

Craig Biddle beat R. Livingston, 6—4, 6—2.
M. Washburn beat W. Kuhn, 3—6, 6—1, 9—7.
Dr. E. Taylor beat W. M. Tilden, 6—2, 6—4.
E. P. Larned beat J. P. Lee, 6—4, 6—1.
A. Plummer beat W. McKim, 6—0, 8—6.
A. S. Dabney beat R. L. Baggs, 6—3, 6—4.
F. Hyde beat George E. Wing, 6—3, 2—6, 6—3.
J. R. Carpenter Jr. beat P. H. Braly, 6—3, 6—3.
G. N. Church beat S. Horter, 6—3, 6—3.
W. F. Johnson beat C. Caner, 6—3, 6—1.
A. H. Man Jr. beat Allen Teasey, 6—1, 6—1.
K. H. Rehr beat H. Miller, 6—0, 6—4.
R. N. Williams beat A. M. Hyde, 7—5, 7—5.
G. P. Gardner Jr. beat E. W. Peaslee, 6—0, 6—0.
N. W. Niles, L. E. Mahan, S. McKean, M. Hamilton, A. Codman, R. Huntington and C. Fisher won by default.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING

	Won	Lost	P.C.
Rochester	67	46	.593
Toronto	63	48	.568
Baltimore	57	50	.533
Newark	55	58	.487
Jersey City	55	59	.482
Buffalo	51	57	.472
Montreal	50	63	.442
Providence	47	64	.423

RESULTS MONDAY
Toronto 6, Providence 1.
Toronto 5, Providence 3.
Baltimore 8, Buffalo 7.
Baltimore 4, Buffalo 3.
GAMES TODAY
Rochester at Providence.
Buffalo at Jersey City.
Toronto at Newark.
Montreal at Baltimore.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION

Columbus 2, Minneapolis 0.
Indianapolis 2, Kansas City 1.
Milwaukee 2, Toledo 0.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE

Birmingham 4, Memphis 1.
Memphis 2, Birmingham 1.
Montgomery 2, Nashville 1.
New Orleans 10, Atlanta 4.
Chattanooga 3, Mobile 1.
Mobile 2, Chattanooga 2.

NEW YORK STATE LEAGUE

Utica 3, Troy 1.
Scranton 3, Elmira 0.
Wilkesbarre 1, Binghamton 0.

TRI-STATE LEAGUE

Harrisburg 10, Reading 8.
Allentown 5, Trenton 1.
Wilmington 4, Atlantic City 2.
York 3, Chester 2.

WESTERN LEAGUE

Sioux City 5, Topeka 1.
Lincoln 5, St. Joseph 1.
Denver 8, Omaha 1.
Wichita 1, Des Moines 1.

VIRGINIA LEAGUE

Roanoke 3, Richmond 3.
Petersburg 6, Portsmouth 2.
Newport News 3, Norfolk 2.

TEXAS LEAGUE

Ft. Worth 4, Beaumont 2.
Galveston 2, Waco 1.
San Antonio 3, Austin 1.
Dallas 5, Houston 5.

CAROLINA ASSOCIATION

Charlotte 6, Winston-Salem 5.
Greensboro 11, Spartanburg 6.
Anderson 3, Greenville 1.

NEW YORK GETS M'MILLAN

NEW YORK—The New York American League Club closed a deal with the Rochester Club of the International League Monday by which shortstop Thomas McMillan will come to New York in exchange for shortstop John Martin and pitcher Jack Quinn, both of whom were recently released to Rochester. McMillan will not join the New Yorks until Aug. 19.

N. Y. CRICKETERS DO WELL

OTTAWA—In the first match of their tour the team of New York veteran cricketers, now playing in Canada, made a fine showing, and, although one man short, succeeded in running up a total of 201.

SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE

Columbia 4, Macon 0.
Savannah 2, Jacksonville 1.
Columbus 3, Albany 1

SIR GEORGE REID IS TO VISIT THE U. S. ON HIS AMERICAN TOUR

Coming of High Commissioner for Australia Eagerly Looked Forward to by the Officials of the Dominion

GOOD WORK DONE

CHICAGO—Rt. Hon. Sir George Reid, high commissioner for Australia, en route to Canada will visit the United States according to a personal letter received here on Monday by Dr. G. Cooke Adams of Chicago, formerly of Australia. Sir George Reid is to be the guest of Mr. Adams while here. He will be in Chicago on Sept. 10 for a few days as the guest of the Press Club. He plans also to visit New York, Washington and Boston in his tour which is partly for pleasure and partly to represent Australia's economic interests. Extensive plans for his entertainment are being prepared here.

Sir George Reid is to arrive in Canada in a few days on his official visit which means much to the men at the head of affairs here, for they count upon learning many things from him which will prove of great advantage to the Dominion, especially in the furthering of trade relations between the two countries.

As high commissioner for the commonwealth of Australia, Sir George Reid visited Germany earlier in the present year and made a most favorable impression. It is generally recognized that his brief visit to Germany will prove of great benefit to Australia in promoting the extension of trade between those two countries. Germany urgently needs commodities that Australia is in a position to supply in almost unlimited quantities and the high commissioner, it is thought, has at least taken one step in the direction of opening the door for trade there.

During his long public career in Australia Sir George Reid visited all parts of the commonwealth and nobody knows Australia better than he. His influence in politics was always great. Even when engaged in party politics, Sir George was always able to command the attention and respect of his political opponents.

Sir George visited England on the occasion of the late Queen Victoria's diamond jubilee in 1897 and was created a privy councillor and made D. C. L. of Oxford. He declined a knighthood in 1897 but accepted the honor in 1909.

It is largely due to the favorable impression he has made upon the English public that Australia has recently become so well and favorably known throughout the British Isles.

Sir George Reid, G. C. M. G., K. C., D. C. L., is the first high commissioner appointed by the commonwealth of Australia. He is a native of Scotland. He arrived in Australia in 1852, and as early as 1880 represented East Sydney in the legislative assembly of New South Wales. He continued to take a prominent part in state politics—while at the same time being one of Australia's leading barristers.

He was minister of public instruction in New South Wales in 1883-84, and became premier and treasurer of New South Wales in 1894. His government remained in office until 1899.

It was, however, as premier of New South Wales that the present high commissioner brought about a conference of the premiers of the various states (then colonies) of Australia to advance the federal movement. He was one of the leading members of the national convention which framed the commonwealth constitution in 1897-98, and was elected one of the members of the first federal Parliament. He was several times re-elected. He was leader of the opposition when the Labor government was defeated in 1904 and then became prime minister.

TRADE BOARD ON OUTING TOMORROW

WINTHROP, Mass.—Members of the Board of Trade will have their annual outing at Revere Beach Wednesday, when the question as to whether they will hold their old home week celebration Aug. 1 to Sept. 2 is to come up for consideration. At this celebration it is proposed to have members of about 50 boards of trade from Greater Boston and nearly 100 church representatives present.

JULES MASSENET PASSES AWAY

(By the United Press)

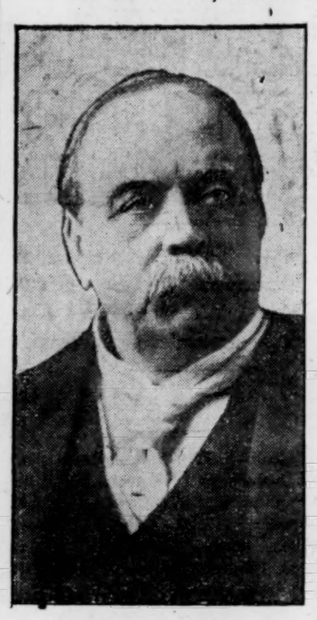
PARIS—Jules Massenet, the opera composer, passed away at his home here today.

Jules Massenet was one of the distinguished line of French musicians who held the grand prize of Rome, which is bestowed every year at the French Institute. He was professor at the Paris Conservatory from 1878 to 1896. His most famous operas are "Herodiade," "Werther," "La Navarraise" and "Thais." His chief efforts were devoted to continuing the school of the early nineteenth century French composers known as opera comique, which he brought to its highest development in "Manon."

POTATO CROP IS LARGE

STOCKTON, Cal.—It is estimated that about 46,000 acres were planted to potatoes in this county this season. The average yield is 125 bags an acre, making a total of 6,000,000 sacks. Prices to date have ranged from 50 cents to $2.50, on the river bank.

Australian Statesman Who Is Soon to Visit Dominion of Canada



SIR GEORGE REID

PLANS FOR $150,000 ELECTRIC SHOW IN BOSTON COMPLETE

That the public may see the strides electricity has made both in a commercial and domestic sense, the 1912 Boston electric show will be held in the Mechanics building, Sept. 28 to Oct. 26, the arrangements having been completed. Nearly $150,000 has been spent in connection with the exhibition.

Approaches to the show along Huntington avenue from Copley square to Massachusetts avenue will be illuminated by arches with small incandescent lamps. The exterior of the building will be decorated with colored lights, as will be the interior. About 25,000 lamps have been assigned for the inside of the building.

The officers of the company were moved to undertake this enterprise in order to carry through a great educational campaign for the increase and improved economy in the use of electric service, not only in the Greater Boston territory of the Edison Company, but throughout New England, which is served by over 300 central stations.

This show will be the product of over two years' work. Special trains will run from all parts of New England. The show has been advertised extensively in foreign countries.

NORTH DAKOTA LIGNITE GOOD GAS PRODUCER

FARGO, N. D.—The United States Geological Survey has just issued a report on the lignite in the Fort Berthold Indian reservation, N. D., by Max A. Pishel (Bulletin 471-C). The area described is that part of the Fort Berthold Indian reservation lying north of the Missouri river in Mountrail, McLain and Ward counties. The area is triangular being about thirty-nine miles from east to west.

The lignite is dark brown to brownish black, but weathers to a pitchy black, so that on a dry, weathered surface it looks like subbituminous coal, except that the fine woody structure is not destroyed and can always be detected with the naked eye, indicating that the lignite is derived largely from remains of trees and heavy vegetables.

According to a reasonable estimate the amount of available lignite in the area is approximately 1,800,000,000 tons. Tests have been made of North Dakota lignite in the gas producer, and the results show that it is well adapted to its use. In these tests the lignite compares favorably with some of the higher grades of coal, and should that method of utilizing fuel become more largely employed, the extensive lignite fields of North Dakota will become a great source of wealth to the nation.

POWER COMPANIES FORM A MERGER

HARRISBURG, Pa.—Papers have been filed at the capitol covering the formation of the East Pennsylvania Gas & Electric Company of Bristol, with a capital of $225,000 and debt of $500,000. The companies forming the new organization are all in Bucks county, as follows, Bristol Gas Light, Bristol Electric Light & Power, Yardley Electric Light, Heat & Power, People's Gas Light & Fuel Company of Bucks county, Morrisville Electric Light & Power, Township of Lower Makefield Electric Light & Power, Township of Bristol Power & Light, Township of Falls Electric Light & Power and Southern Bucks County Gas & Fuel Companies.

Charles Campbell, Bristol, is president, and the offices will be at Bristol.

MUSIC PUPILS ON OUTING

Pupils and friends of the Boston Music School Settlement are today on their second outing as guests of the Sincerity Club of West Roxbury, at Franklin park.

PLAYHOUSE NEWS

"OLIVER TWIST"

Miss Nance O'Neil appeared twice Monday at the Majestic theater in an old-fashioned melodrama out of Dickens' "Oliver Twist." The star played with suitable fire and vigor the role of the devoted Nancy. She was roundly applauded throughout.

Throughout the performance there was considerable of what some persons call realism in the acting, in this case meaning howling melodrama. Mr. Hansel made a thoroughly rounded figure of Fagin, and ran well the gamut of theatrical emotions with which the character is stuffed.

Alfred Hickman made a clever "artful dodger." Mr. Nannery's Bill was sufficiently realistic, according to the usual misuse of the term. The others were more than adequate.

B. F. KEITH'S

One of the agreeable novelties of the vaudeville season is "The Clown," an elaborate feature of the bill at B. F. Keith's this week. There is pathos, comedy and melodrama, skilfully blended, in the tale of the clown who meets the man who caused him much family unhappiness years before. All the well-known figures of circus life appear in the sketch.

Albertine Rasch, who has long danced at the New York Hippodrome, appeared with a company of 10 assistants in classical dances, which were much applauded.

Others on the bill are Bixley and Lerner, the Windsor trio, singers; Devine and Williams; Joe Lanigan, monologuist; a sketch called "The Three Musketeers;" the Dixon sisters, dancers; Kennedy and Melrose, acrobatic clowns.

COMING

Aug. 19—"The Million," farce, Majestic; "Over Night," farce, Shubert; May Robson in "A Night Out," farce, Park.

Aug. 26—"The Count of Luxemburg," comic opera by Franz Lehar, with Frank Moulan and Fred Walton, Tremont.

Aug. 30—Opening of the St. James theater stock company with "The New York Idea."

Sept. 2—"The Quaker Girl" with Percival Knight and Ina Claire, Colonial; "The Grey Hound," melodrama, Boston; William T. Hodge in "The Man from Home," Plymouth; Rose Stahl in "Maggie Pepper," comedy drama, Park.

NEW MANHATTAN PLAYHOUSE

William A. Brady's new Forty-eighth Street theater, New York, was opened last night. It was completed late last spring. The bill is a new farce, "Just Like John," by George Broadhurst and Mark Swan. This theater has a street frontage of 95 feet and a depth of 98 feet. The style is colonial, with glazed white terra cotta trimmings, on a limestone base. The interior decorations are in old ivory, with gray tapestry panels, gray hangings, carpets and seats. The lobby is of veined Italian marble, with doors of golden oak enameled in white. The seating capacity is 969. Only light, humorous plays will be put on, it is said. The auditorium is of the modern intimate type, bringing the spectators into close touch with the players. The proscenium opening is 36 feet in breadth and 31 feet high, and the stage is 32 feet deep, with a width of 71 feet to the side walls.

"Just Like John" is in three acts, with Atlantic City as the scene. Walter Jones plays a secret service man who is mistaken for an anarchist by a feminine member of a band of nihilists. Helen Lackaye and Louis Massen are in the company.

* * *

The De Koven opera company resumed its performances of "Robin Hood" Monday night at the Knickerbocker theater. Bessie Abott made her debut in light opera in the role of Maid Marian. Another newcomer was Herbert Waterous, basso, as Will Scarlet. Ethel Kaestner has the part of Annabel, while Aubrey Yates is the new Sir Guy. Carl Haydn, tenor; Viola Ellis, contralto, and Anna Bussert, soprano, are alternates. The rest of the cast is the same as at the New Amsterdam last spring. Florence Wickham as Alan-a-Dale, Walter Hyde as Robin Hood, Carl Gantvoort as Little John, Edwin Stevens as the sheriff, Pauline Hall as Dame Durden, George Frothingham as Friar Tuck, continue in their roles.

HERE AND THERE

"The Five Frankfurters," a London musical comedy, is announced for American production by the Shuberts. They also announce "Birthright," a drama by Constance Skinner; "The Cinch," by Matthew White, Jr., and "The Girl and the Miner," by Rida Johnson Young, with lyrics by Paul West and music by Jerome Kern; "The Perfume Shop," by Cosmo Gordon Lennox, with music by Leslie Stuart; "Kean," a musical version of "The Royal Box," by Charles Cassmann and music by Alexander Stefanides; "Cousin Bobby," by Jacobson and Wagner, with music by Karl Millocker; "Madame Flirt," a farce, with music by Anselm Gotzl; "Millionaire Bride," by A. M. Willner, with music by Heinrich Berte; a French revue called "Sherlock Holmes and Arsene Lupin." The Shuberts, William Brady, and Arthur Collins of the Drury Lane, London, plan to present two Drury Lane productions at the Manhattan Opera House, the pantomime, "Op o' Me Thumb," and the melodrama, "The Whip."

A musical farce from the German, "The Polish Wedding," will be produced by Lohan and Harris at the Detroit opera house Sept. 2. The book is by Kraatz and Okonkowski, the lyrics by Albert Schonfeld, the music by Jerome D. Kern. The company includes William Burgess, Louis Casavant, Sidney Bracy, John Horwitz, Armand Kalisz, John Reinhard Lincoln Plumer, Valli Valli, Winona Winter, Louise Alchel and Mathilde Cottrelli.

Edmund Breese is now cast for Bill Sykes in "Oliver Twist" in place of Wilton Lackaye, who is announced as Fagin, though he is playing in "Fine Feathers" in Chicago.

Lewis Waller sails for America shortly to act in "Discovering America," a new play by Edward Knoblauch.

Oliver Morosco announces "Peg o' My Heart," with Laurette Taylor, in October, and a dramatic version of Farnol's story, "The Money Moon."

Charles Klein's dramatization of Rex Beach's novel, "The Ne'er Do Well," is announced for production at the Lyric theater, New York, Sept. 2.

Report from Paris today has it that Miss Isadora Duncan has bought a site for an amphitheater, where she intends to stage her dancing spectacles. An American theatrical man, unnamed, is said to have furnished $400,000 capital.

NORUMBEGA PARK

Yesterday afternoon and evening in the open-air theater at Norumbega park a vaudeville bill was presented that included Demela, a European importation, Kenney and Hollis, the original college boys; Homer Barnett in a new repertoire of songs was pleasing; Austino, the comedy juggler, the Coles in a conversation act. The attendances at the park have been larger than ever, it is said, and the numerous attractions are all well patronized.

BASS POINT AND NAHANT

The refreshing harbor sail on either of the steamers of the Bass Point and Nahant line, from Otis wharf to Bass Point and return is growing in popularity. The hotels at Bass Point are offering specialties in shore dinners, with musical entertainment by bands and orchestras. Dancing in the "Mid-Ocean" ballroom at the Ocean pier at Revere, is daily attracting many of the excursionists at Bass Point. Three steamers are now running on a half-hour schedule between these points.

WHERE THE STARS ARE

Margaret Illington, "Kindling," touring North Dakota; Douglas Fairbanks, "Officer 666," New York city; Wilton Lackaye and Robert Edeson, "Fine Feathers," Chicago; Julie Ring in "The Yankee Girl," touring Vermont.

SAN DIEGO WOULD BE BEST LIGHTED CITY ON COAST

SAN DIEGO, Cal.—A plan is on foot to make San Diego the best lighted city on the coast. To keep pace with the rapid growth of population, drastic measures for improvement have become necessary. While the downtown business streets are attractively lighted with cluster lights, the outlying districts are found to be lacking in many essentials.

Bracket lamps are to be hung from every electric car line post, if Superintendent Jewell's recommendations are adopted, thus distributing the light where it is most needed. This system will extend as far north as University avenue, and equally as far in other directions. Agreement on terms between the electric light companies and the city is now all that stands in the way of the proposed improvement. A decision is expected soon. The few remaining high towers will doubtless be discontinued.

FARMERS' BANK TO BE FORMED

BUENOS AIRES—There was a lively session of the Chamber recently when the minister of agriculture, Senor Mujica, answered an inquiry about the agitation reigning among the farmers of the province of Santa Fe. The minister declared the uneasiness of the farmers is not due exclusively to high land rent, but to many other circumstances, such as lack of credit.

The government, therefore, will propose the foundation of a bank of agriculture.

Senor Mujica also spoke about the American beef trust, and said its activity in the Argentine up to the present has been beneficial to stock breeders, as is shown by the increase in the price of cattle.

MAGNOLIA SCENE OF BEACH GAMES

MAGNOLIA, Mass.—Contests open to the general public are in the program of the water carnival at Crescent Beach, Magnolia, today.

The sports include swimming races for men, for boys, for girls and for women and an exhibition of diving by members of the coast guard corps. After the beach sports there will be an automobile parade on the sand.

HARRIS HEADS ROTARY CLUBS

DULUTH, Minn.—Paul P. Harris of Chicago was elected president of the Association of Rotary Clubs, which met here recently. The convention revised the constitution and elected four new directors, among them Harry L. Ruggles of Chicago.

GRAND TRUNK BUYS TERMINAL

OGDENSBURG, N. Y.—The Grand Trunk railway announces the purchase of two square miles in the town of Prescott, opposite Ogdensburg, on the St. Lawrence river, for a new terminal point of the Montreal and Belleville division of the railway.

HUGE BRIDGE SPAN FLOATED INTO PLACE IN NOVEL MANNER

Engineering Feat Completes Steel Way for Four Lines of Railroads and Entry Into Rich Field of Coal

COSTLY ENTERPRISE

PITTSBURGH — Leading railroad officials and engineers watched a span of 475 feet in length, the final connecting link in a steel bridge 950 feet in length, pushed into place recently across the Monongahela river near Martin, Pa., connecting the Pennsylvania, Pittsburgh & Lake Erie, the Western Maryland and the Buckhannon & Northern railroads, says the Gazette-Times.

Fifty men labored from early morning until dusk, and when night had fallen Fayette and Greene counties were united with a band of iron; the Pennsylvania and the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie had gained an entrance into West Virginia and the coal fields of Greene county, and an engineering feat of unusual daring had been accomplished.

The method of moving the big span into position was novel. To a Pittsburgher, J. C. Bland, engineer of bridges for the Pennsylvania Lines West, is given the honor of carrying out the plan.

Ten months ago work on the bridge over the Monongahela river was begun. The piers were laid and then the question arose as to the manner in which the superstructure could be put together and into place without blocking the water traffic. The problem was put up to Mr. Bland and he solved it.

The structure, which is of what is called the "pin set" type of construction, had to be put together piece by piece. To do this work on floats is an old method but it could not be used at Martin owing to river traffic. Besides, the new method was the quicker. It also did away with the building of much false work.

Finally everything was in readiness for the test. Under the end of the span resting on the abutments on the Fayette county shore two trucks were placed, while the section projecting over the water was supported by a false work built on a big steel barge drawing 10 feet of water. On each of the two trucks rested a weight of 400 tons while the barge supported 1000 tons, the total weight of the span being 1800 tons.

Surveyors were stationed on the moving span and on the piers at either end. Had the structure swayed out of alignment the work of months would have been destroyed within a second. The signal was given. The engines began to whine, the cables drew taut and the span began to move out over the river. The work had to be slow and the path of the span kept straight to a fraction of an inch, as any deflection would have sent the entire mass of steel into the water 54 feet below.

From 7 o'clock in the morning until noon the moving of the span was kept up, with frequent stops to straighten the barge as the engineers called out the figures of the course. Then a recess was taken and in the afternoon the work was started again. At dusk the feat had been performed.

The completion of the bridge means much to the three local railroads—the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie, the Baltimore & Ohio and the Pennsylvania. To all it opens the vast coal districts of Greene county which have never been exploited, and to the Pennsylvania and Pittsburgh & Lake Erie it gives a path in West Virginia. Trains will be running over the new road in two weeks; the regular freight service will not be inaugurated until Oct. 1.

Monongahela railroad, the joint property of the Pennsylvania and New York Central interests, runs from Brownsville to Martin. From Martin to the bridge an extension of about three and one half miles has been built and on the Greene county side the line runs to the Pennsylvania-West Virginia state line near Point Marion, Pa., where it connects with the Buckhannon & Northern. The last named road is controlled by all three of the local roads and has its terminus at Fairmont, where the Baltimore & Ohio railroad has a terminal. By the connection of these links a new route is formed from Fairmont to Pittsburgh.

Construction of the Buckhannon & Northern, which is practically completed, cost the railroads approximately $2,500,000. The bridge over the Monongahela entailed an expenditure of $320,000 and the center span put into place yesterday cost $50,000.

MR. TAFT TO SPEAK AT FT. GRISWOLD

PHILADELPHIA—From historic old Ft. Griswold, on Groton Heights, opposite New London, Conn., President Taft will address the delegates and friends of the Atlantic Deeper Waterways Association, on Sept. 6, the last day of the fifth annual convention. The day will be the anniversary of the capture of Ft. Griswold and the founding of the city of New London.

The old fort was where Benedict Arnold led the British troops up what is now Groton Heights against the Continental soldiers.

The President is expected to sail up Long Island sound from New York to New London. He will be received by a committee of New Londoners and waterway men.

RATIONAL Ggolf

By STEVEN ARMSTRONG

By winning the open championship of the United States for the second year in succession McDermott must feel consoled for the disappointment of his showing in the British and French championships. Many papers have scored him rather heavily for what they call his "cocksureness," so possibly there may be an element of truth in their contention. Personally, I have not seen enough of him to say that this is his great weakness; but it is one which should be cured by time and knocking up against better players than himself. He is young yet so let us give him time to get used to his honors and I must say for him that in spite of the frequency with which this criticism has been hurled at him in his own country, it was not even mentioned in Great Britain. I saw him play at Muirfield and it seemed to me he was having rather hard luck in his putting, as so many times the ball hit the back of the hole and bounced out. This is at least a good fault in that it proves he was observing the maxim: "never up, never in;" but when it happened so frequently it seemed he might have profited by experience for the Muirfield greens were perfectly true and McDermott is usually good in this department of the game.

He seemed to have grown discouraged and had an expression of—this-wont-go-in-the-hole-anyway, what's-the-use-of-trying-to-make-it, variety, which to say the least of it is not conducive to successful putting. He had been playing very well in the games previous to the championship with Massey, Ben Sayers and Jack White, all famous putters, by the way, and it may have been that if he had been too well satisfied with his own putting until he got with such wonderful exponents of the art, he was suffering from a very natural loss of confidence in regard to his own ability on the green. He would not be the first person to underestimate his own powers when thrown suddenly with people who are better than he at the part of a game he had up till then counted as his great strength. If McDermott profits by the experience to be gained in his visit to Great Britain his failure even to qualify there will prove to be the best thing which could have happed for the sake of his future golfing career. The following sketch of him appeared in Golf Illustrated just before the championship, and it is interesting to observe him through British eyes.

"Jack White, looking better than when I saw him some considerable time ago, and J. J. McDermott, the United States champion, were among others who attracted attention on the links last week. McDermott is on the small side, but he is a fine golfer, a better one than most of us had expected. He hits a very long drive, and, so far as I have been able to see, does not bother to have a tee. He just puts the ball on the most pleasant-looking spot that catches his eye on the teeing ground, and lets fly. He keeps a good line, and while he may not win, I should not be surprised to find his name high in the list next Tuesday. His greatest fault is carelessness—or what, in any case, bears a striking resemblance to carelessness. It may be more apparent than real, but one would like to see him take more pains over his golf and consider details which must surely escape his notice, considering with what light-heartedness he plays. He is said to be a wonderful putter, but except on Saturday, when he did very well against the best ball of Robert Maxwell and J. R. Gairdner, I believe that ever since his arrival his work on the greens has been a little below his usual standard. He uses an American ball of which nobody in this country has heard anything."

His failure to qualify was referred to by Ernest Lehmann in the same magazine and as no one objects to cocksureness more than the British sportsman does, it does not seem that McDermott could have shown any signs of it while abroad so we may feel confident that those who accused him of it in the past may not have any grounds for doing so in the future. I feel sure the British players will all be very pleased about his recent success. Mr. Lehmann wrote as follows: "The American champion, J. J. McDermott, unhappily proved entirely off his game in the morning, his prevailing-fault being pulled tee shots, which landed him in sore trouble, his round finally mounting as high as 91. He made a great effort to redeem himself in the afternoon, but an 81 was not good enough to redress the balance and he failed to qualify. It is much to be regretted that this excellent player did not do himself justice, as he had made a very good impression in practise and it was felt that his courage and enterprise in making the long journey from the States deserved a better fate. Let us hope that he will come again in future years and meet with better luck."

SPECIAL CAR USED TO SHIP FISH FROM SISSON

SACRAMENTO, Cal.—The visitors' register at the state fish hatchery shows that thousands annually visit the hatchery and that the visitors include representatives of almost every civilized country, according to a communication from Sisson in the Union.

The present site of the local hatchery was obtained from J. H. Sisson in 1888 and the hatchery established the same year. For four or five years this hatchery was maintained by the federal government as an experiment station. It was then taken over by the California state commission and in 1893 W. H. Shibley, the present superintendent of fish culture and distribution, took charge of the work, in which he has since then been engaged.

The first lake of eggs consisted of but a few thousand, which amount was annually increased until this year the lake had over 20,000,000. At first it was necessary for an attendant to accompany the shipment and change the water, but even then the shipments often arrived in poor condition. This unsatisfactory method of shipping induced the thirty-seventh Legislature to appropriate $7500 for the building and equipment of a distribution car, manufactured in Sacramento shops exclusively for this work.

The car is 60 feet long, fitted with an engine room in which is located a boiler for generating steam to run the two Westinghouse air pumps. These latter force a circulation of air through a series of pipes and tubes into the 125 cans which the car carries. The car contains a diner, berths for attendants, an office and lockers. This car has enabled the commission to carry thousands of fish in good condition at a comparatively small cost of transportation.

The development of this station from a small hatchery to its present proportions has been steady since the year it was established. Permanent improvements have been made each year so that now the state owns 17 acres of land in connection with the hatchery on which land are located four buildings, the largest being 143 by 41 feet and containing 100 troughs. In addition to the four hatchery buildings there are on the grounds a superintendent's building and three cottages for assistants. There are 46 ponds for the culture of fish, an electric lighting and heating plant.

It is said that the commercial value of striped bass alone, introduced by the commission from the eastern states, would more than repay the taxpayers of California for what money has been expended in introducing and hatching all other specimens.

MISSIONARIES ARE SPEAKERS

EAST NORTHFIELD, Mass.—Regular classes of the conference of Christian workers were postponed and Missionary Day observed here on Monday, with 10 speakers from all parts of the world.

Delavan L. Pierson, editor of the Missionary Review of the World, presided and read a letter from Korea. Miss Amanda Jefferson represented a Hindoo widow, the Rev. Alfred L. Fraser spoke on opportunities in China, Mrs. Julia Hand Bronson talked about Japanese women and girls and Lewis Chamberlain of India spoke on the attitude of the higher classes.

Fred Paton of the New Hebrides spoke at the service in the evening. William M. Danner of India spoke at the sunset Round Top service. A campfire and entertainment was given at Camp Northfield after the evening service.

CRANBERRY MEN TO MEET SOON

MIDDLEBORO, Mass.—Annual meeting of the Cape Cod Cranberry Growers Association this year will be Aug. 20, at East Wareham, at the state bog. Growers will give estimates of crops for this fall and they will be compared with last season's harvest.

Many growers say the crop will be as large as last season.

Growers at this meeting will see experiments by Prof. H. J. Franklin of the state board of agriculture.

BONAR LAW HITS HOME RULE POLICY

NEW YORK—A London wireless telegraph message to the New York Times says that Bonar Law in a letter to the press has replied to Winston Churchill's onslaught. The leader of the opposition accuses the government of having, by a course of political trickery, maneuvered itself into a position in which it thinks it can carry home rule not only without the consent but against the will of the majority of the electors of the United Kingdom.

Mr. Bonar Law concludes by saying that if the government attempts, without first obtaining the sanction of the electors, to drive Ulster out of the Union, the attempt will be resisted not only by the loyalists of Ireland, but by an overwhelming majority of the people of Great Britain. But he says the attempt will not be made.

BLOCK CUTTERS RETURN TO WORK

HAVERHILL, Mass.—After a settlement reached with the manufacturers of shoe trimmings the 300 block cutters who walked out July 17 returned to work Monday. In 11 factories the cutters are to have a 10 per cent increase in wages, with 50 hours as a week's work.

Meyer T. Orustein's cutters, who refused to go back until the men who worked during the strike were discharged, won their point and return to their places today.

WOOL BILL IS TAKEN UP IN EFFORT TO PASS OVER THE TAFT VETO

House Committee on Ways and Means Meets to Plan Attempt to Secure Necessary Two Thirds Vote

LONG SESSION SEEN

WASHINGTON—Steps were taken today in the House for attempted passage of the wool bill over President Taft's veto. Majority Leader Underwood, however, expressed little hope of having the necessary two thirds vote. An hour before the House convened the ways and means committee met to plan the tariff contest. Republicans on the committee led by Representative Sereno Payne of New York opposed the vote. Representative Underwood said he thought it unlikely that the La Follette bill would be sent to President Taft as a substitute for the House measure.

Though Aug. 17 has been tentatively set for adjournment the proposed veto of the legislative appropriation bill by the President and the announcement by House Leader Underwood that an attempt probably will be made to pass it over his veto, have complicated the situation and many leading House members say today that there is little hope of adjournment before Sept. 1.

Members of the Senate take a more cheerful view of the situation. House leaders who are determined to stick out for the bill and who believe a deadlock cannot be averted have prepared a resolution to continue the appropriations for operating the government through until Sept. 1. The resolution will be introduced and passed Friday.

Some of the leaders, who are anxious to get back to their homes in order to look after their campaigns, are urging Mr. Underwood to consent to a continuing appropriation for the legislative, executive and judicial branches of the government until Congress reconvenes in December and then take up the bill again. There is precedent for this, for it was done in the case of a deadlock in 1885, when President Cleveland refused to sign the same bill and a Republican House refused to yield. In the same manner provision was made for the naval establishment when President Hayes refused to attach his signature to that appropriation measure.

BRITAIN TO CARRY CANAL PROTEST TO HAGUE PREDICTED

WASHINGTON—With the prospect of an early agreement on the Panama canal bill and its approval by President Taft, senators and representatives practically agreed today on the prediction that Great Britain would carry her protest against the free tolls and prohibition of railroad-owned ships to the Hague tribunal.

Speaking for the opponents of the bill, Senator Burton of Ohio asserted today that the measure was a "palpable violation of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty."

"I am familiar with the circumstances under which that treaty was framed," Mr. Burton said. "Secretary Hay had demanded the so-called 'open door' in China. Russia and other nations acquiesced in his demand. Our policy for 100 years had been one of insistance upon absolute equality in all navigable channels. We could not be consistent now without agreeing to grant equal privileges to all nations as regards the canal. The treaty in the plainest language expresses this intention.

"There is another argument against free tolls and that is the unfairness of giving to ship owners the free use of a canal which will cost $400,000,000 before it is completed and millions annually for maintenance. I do not anticipate that the consumer or producer will gain any material advantage from free tolls."

The conference committee on the bill had its first meeting Monday and continued discussion of the measures at a night session.

Senator Brandegee, who opposed free passage of American foreign-bound ships in the Senate, is understood to stand with Representatives Adamson and Stevens of the House conferees in opposing what they consider a violation of treaty rights, and too great a concession to foreign-bound shipping. It is believed, from the preliminary conferences on the measure, that the free toll provision for American coastwise shipping will be retained.

Little progress was made in the first session of the conference toward an agreement on the Bourne amendment, to divorce railroads from control of competing steamship lines, and the Reed amendment, prohibiting trust-controlled ships from using the Panama canal.

RAILROAD INQUIRY URGED

WASHINGTON—Senator Kenyon of Iowa today introduced a resolution calling upon the Senate committee to investigate railroad regulation with a view to recommending legislation supplementing the commerce act of 1887. By the terms of the resolution the interstate commerce commission is called upon to report as to a scheme of rate making.

PANAMA CANAL BILL SEEN AS INIMICAL TO SHIPPING OF BRITAIN

NEW YORK—A London wireless telegraph message to the New York Times quotes as follows from an article in the London Times, discussing the probable effect of the provisions of the Panama canal bill on British shipping.

"If the bill becomes law it will prove little short of disastrous to British shipowners. The preponderance of British tonnage in the American trade renders the passing of the bill of vital moment.

"Millions of quarters of wheat are carried annually by British vessels from the west coast of North America. Nine tenths of the nitrate from South America is carried in British bottoms. A vast trade is done by British steamers carrying oil from New York to the far east. The enormous quantity of American coal shipped from the northern United States to ports on the west coast almost exclusively employs British tonnage.

"The Panama canal will open a shorter route for these vessels, enabling them to effect an appreciable saving of time. A further market for the British shipowner will be the development of the coal fields on the west coast of South America. The length of the voyage and the lack of facilities have hitherto prevented capitalists from turning their attention to these coal fields.

"The bill will offer facilities for foreign-built tonnage to be registered under the American flag. There is, however, a proviso that such tonnage must be placed at the disposal of the United States government in the event of war. It would seem, therefore, that however willing British shipowners would be to place their ships under American register, this provision is sufficient to deter them from doing so.

"The paucity of the American mercantile marine is accounted for by the fact that to obtain American registry it is necessary for vessels to be built in American yards. In spite of the undoubted ability and energy of the American nation, they have not yet been able to produce steamships of sufficiently sound and sterling character to disturb the pre-eminence of British shipbuilders. In fact, their ships are like all their other manufactures when compared with British products.

"The passage of this bill, however, would undoubtedly give a tremendous impetus to the American shipbuilding industry. With their best brains and energy devoted to the work, the United States will now proceed to turn out vessels on a wholesale scale, and, aided by their freedom from Panama canal dues, there is little to prevent them from entering with success all those trades in which British shipowners are now the principal carriers.

"At the same time, faced by the handicap imposed upon him by those same dues, the British shipowner cannot hope to complete with any satisfactory result against a state of things which will always enable his opponents to carry a cargo at a lower rate of freight."

The Daily Chronicle, commenting editorially on the Panama canal bill, agrees that if the term "coastwise shipping" were more strictly limited, preference to such shipping, though in conflict with the text of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, would be practically unobjectionable.

After expressing the hope that it will not be necessary to carry the matter to The Hague tribunal, the Chronicle says:

"The United States is doing a great thing for the world in constructing the Panama canal. It would be a pity for its credit to be tarnished by any semblance of sharp practise or verbal evasion of its promises."

The Royal Mail Steam Packet Company has given orders to a Belfast shipbuilding concern for four 650-foot passenger liners for Panama canal traffic, to meet anticipated severe German competition.

SEEKS $40,000 FROM MEXICO

WASHINGTON—Senator Lodge has appealed to the state department to take steps to have the Mexican government pay a claim for about $40,000 damages held against the neighboring republic by Hubert Lester Hall, a native of Winthrop, Mass., and the son of Isaac C. Hall, Sr., formerly United States Consul at Charlottetown, P. E. I.

The revolutionary conditions in Mexico have brought severe losses upon Mr. Hall, and upon the payment of this claim, it is held, depends his ability to recoup his losses.

HOUSE UNSEATS THERON E. CATLIN

WASHINGTON—Representative Theron E. Catlin of Missouri, Republican, was unseated Monday night as a member of the House of Representatives, and his Democratic opponent, who contested the election, Patrick F. Gill, was seated. The vote to unseat Mr. Catlin, who was charged with violation of the Missouri law governing campaign expenses, was 121 to 71. Mr. Gill was seated by a vote of 104 to 79, with 23 not voting present.

Machinery to oust another Republican from the House, Representative C. B. Bowman of Pittston, Pa., was set in motion today by the Democrats. The House elections committee today completed its report recommending that Bowman's seat be declared vacant for excessive use of money in his election in 1910.

NATIONAL PARK MEN ELECT JAMES B. SHEA OF BOSTON PRESIDENT

(Continued from page one)

parks, Milwaukee; H. S. Richards, assistant superintendent of parks, Chicago, and Arthur V. Parker, superintendent of parks, Worcester, Mass.

Mr. Shea joined the park service of the city of Boston Oct. 5, 1891, and rose to the positions of general foreman in 1897 and assistant superintendent in 1901. He was appointed superintendent last July.

Mr. Shea has in hand three important undertakings in the resurfacing of drives, roads and boulevards in the park system, beautifying the city's playgrounds and buildings and development of the new zoological gardens.

Denver is to be the meeting place of the members of the American Association of Park Superintendents in 1913. This was voted at the session of the superintendents today in Horticultural hall. It was proposed to meet in the West and the East alternately. Newburgh, N. Y., and San Francisco are to be the convention places in 1914 and 1915 respectively. St. Louis and New Orleans also sought the conventions.

Mayor John F. Fitzgerald addressed the session at the close of the balloting.

"I think that altogether too much attention has been paid to the artistic side of park life in America, with too little regard for the practical purposes for which the parks might be used," he said. "It seems to me that a middle course, which would keep the parks attractive to the eye and at the same time utilize them to the advantage of the people who pay for them, should be the policy of the park departments of the country.

"During my present administration I have had frequent conferences with park, public grounds and schoolhouse authorities with a view to increasing the opportunities for exercise, and I am glad to say that a marked improvement has taken place along these lines the last three years. In fact, it is only within a few days I signed an order creating the position of playleaders and there are now about a dozen young men engaged in directing the play of the people in the different sections of the city.

"We have a Municipal Athletic Association of which I have been made the honorary president, and if you were here for the next few weeks, you would be able to witness some of the best sport in the world among youngsters of school age.

"It is my intention, while I am mayor of the city, to increase activities along these lines, particularly with a view to giving those who work for a living a chance to develop outside of working hours. This is a very important phase of the public grounds life of America, and while it has been neglected in the past I think its importance will commend itself increasingly every year to the public authorities."

Problems of park accounting by which costs are ascertained and a record of the usefulness of the recreation places kept, were explained by George A. Parker of Hartford, Conn., who read a paper at the morning session.

Mr. Parker outlined and illustrated a system originated by himself which has given satisfaction. It is carried out by means of a series of slips, sheets and cards assigned to the members of the various departments. Time work is filled out on slips by both foremen and men and these items are transferred to the daily time sheet. This time sheeet is the source of all other accounts and reports of labor, and from it is made up the payroll and the workmen's accounts. The monthly sheet gives the total reports for such a period and the summary of this is carried forward to the yearly sheet. The summary of the yearly sheet is then carried forward to the decade sheet, so that comparisons with other years can be made readily. Indexed cards carry a description of the articles purchased, the transfer and employment of men.

The following were voted into active membership today: Laurie D. Cox, landscape architect of the park department of Los Angeles; Ernest Kettig, superintendent of parks, Louisville, Ky.; E. Barnadet, superintendent of Lafontaine park, Montreal; C. C. Laney, superintendent of parks, Rochester, N. Y.; Alexander Cumings, Jr., head gardener, park department, Hartford, Conn.; George Hollister, assistant superintendent, charge of Keney park, Hartford, Conn; J. F. Macpherson, superintendent of parks, Springfield, Ill.; Henry J. Moore, landscape gardener, Niagara Falls, Ont.; D. Henry Sullivan, superintendent public grounds, Boston, and R. W. Cotterill, secretary Seattle park department; and the following to special membership: J. J. Brown, commissioner of parks, Council Bluffs, Ia.; John K. L. M. Farquhar, Boston; Frederick W. Kelsey, New York city; John T. Withers, Jersey city; and A. Phelps Wyman, Minneapolis.

Landscape features, the trees, shrubs and plants at the Arnold Arboretum, the extensive country estates in Brookline, Newton and Wellesley will be viewed this afternoon by the members and their friends, who are to make the tour in automobiles.

ARGUMENTS OPEN ON DARROW SIDE

LOS ANGELES, Cal.—The opening argument of the defense in the trial of Clarence A. Darrow was made today by Horace Appel. A large crowd filled the corridors of the building when the attorneys appeared. Mr. Darrow will make the closing argument for the defense.

WITH THE CANDIDATES

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR will, as an independent newspaper, devote these columns to reports of the activities of the men who are running for President and Vice-President and of their campaign managers. The Monitor assumes no responsibility for the matter here presented, which will without comment, cover the range of all actual news relating to the political contest from the present until the day of election, Nov. 5 next.

PROGRESSIVE PLAN FOR STATE TICKET STIRS REPUBLICANS

Details connected with the placing of a complete state ticket in the field which has been decided by the Progressive party were discussed today by the members of the organization committee who held a secret session.

A complete break from both of the old parties is the order issued by Matthew Hale, state chairman, after conference Monday.

Criticism for this move is directed at the leaders by many Republicans who declare that it will so split the vote that Massachusetts will be carried by the Democratic candidates and that a Democratic majority will be secured in the House and Senate.

This prospective result the Progressive leaders deny and Chairman Hale urges every loyal supporter of the new party to keep out of the primaries of either the Republicans or Democrats.

The nominations for Governor and other state places will be by a postcard canvass which will practically be a preferential primary vote within the party. The candidates for the Legislature are to be selected by the members of the party in each district as are the candidates for the Governor's council and congressmen.

The following resolution was sent out from the organization committee after their decision to place a full ticket in the field:

"No one shall be placed in nomination as a candidate of the Progressive party who does not pledge himself to support all the national and state candidates of the Progressive party."

Colonel Roosevelt is to speak on Boston Common Saturday evening, after his address at the first outing of his new party in this state at Point of Pines.

GOVERNOR WILSON GOES TO TRENTON

SEAGIRT, N. J.—Governor Wilson went to Trenton today to transact state business and all appointments here were put over until late in the afternoon. The Governor will attend the farmers' picnic at Washington park, Gloucester, N. J., Thursday.

Joseph E. Davies, secretary of the national committee, who has been designated to take charge of the western headquarters, mapped out plans with Governor Wilson Monday for the opening of offices in Chicago.

The Governor had many visitors Monday including Representative W. C. Houston of Tennessee who came from Washington with Representative Sherley.

Major Childs and E. R. Ullery gave the Governor news about the situation in Vermont.

Josephus E. Daniels of North Carolina, chairman of the publicity committee of the campaign committee, talked with the Governor on details of the campaign Monday night.

COL. ROOSEVELT TO SEE LEADERS

OYSTER BAY, N. Y.—Colonel Roosevelt will hold a conference here today with Senator Dixon, chairman of the national Progressive committee, and George W. Perkins, chairman of the executive committee following a hill climbing expedition upon which he and his son Archie started this morning. It is probable that the Vermont campaign will be discussed, as the Roosevelt forces have expressed a desire to make a good showing in that state at the election next month.

The real campaign to win Vermont will begin when Colonel Roosevelt makes his address at Providence, R. I., Friday, and at the Point of Pines, near Boston, on Saturday. The present plan is to have Colonel Roosevelt, Governor Johnson, his running mate; Senator Dixon and other speakers in Vermont at the same time, beginning about Aug. 26.

PAPERS FOR COMMITTEEMAN

SALEM, Mass.—On account of the refusal on the part of Albert Vittum of Beverly to be a candidate for the Republican state committee from the second Essex senatorial district, papers have been taken out for William S. Felton of Salem. Col. Joseph N. Peterson, for 25 years on the state committee, and for many years its treasurer, has declined to serve longer.

TEXAS REPUBLICANS SPLIT

DALLAS, Tex.—At a meeting of the Republican state executive committee here Monday the two factions of the party split after a discussion over the rulings of State Chairman Cecil Lyon. Members of the Taft faction protested against the rulings of Mr. Lyon because of his activities in behalf of Theodore Roosevelt.

COL. BENTON FILES PAPERS

Colonel Benton is the first gubernatorial candidate to file papers at the secretary of state's office. His papers for the Republican nomination were signed by 1300 persons in Norfolk, Middlesex, Suffolk and Worcester counties. He is also the second of the head-of-the-ticket candidates to file papers, Secretary of State Langtry being the only other one.

WILLIAM BARNES AT HEAD OF TAFT ADVISORY BOARD

NEW YORK—Charles D. Hilles, chairman of the Republican National committee, left this afternoon for Chicago, where he will open the western Republican headquarters tomorrow. Before boarding the train, Mr. Hilles announced the appointment of the following advisory committee:

Chairman, William Barnes, Jr., of New York; Senator Theodore Burton, Ohio; Austin Colgate, New Jersey; Thomas H. Devine, Colorado; Gov. Phillips Lee Goldsborough, Maryland; John Hays Hammond, Massachusetts; Joseph B. Kealing, Indiana; Adolph Lewisohn, New York; Senator Henry F. Lippitt, Rhode Island; Dave W. Mulvane, Kansas; Harry S. New, Indiana; Herbert Parsons, New York; Samuel L. Powers, Massachusetts; Senator Elihu Root, New York; John Wanamaker, Pennsylvania; George R. Sheldon, New York; Otto F. Stiefel, Missouri; Fred W. Upham, Illinois.

The national chairman also announced the appointment of Miss Helen Boswell of New York, president of the National Women's Republican Association, to be chairman of the Women's League for the Reelection of President Taft, a woman's auxiliary organization to work for the Republican ticket in equal suffrage states.

Miss Mabel Boardman, head of the American Red Cross, was appointed to assist Miss Boswell. In response to a letter of protest from the Women's Relief Corps of the G. A. R., Chairman Hilles today assured the women that as far as it lay within his power to prevent it, he would not allow the use of the flag for campaign purposes.

POPULISTS MEET TO INDORSE NAME FOR PRESIDENCY

ST. LOUIS—When the Populist national committee met here today there was some debate as to whether Governor Wilson or Colonel Roosevelt would be indorsed as the party's choice for the presidency. It was also possible that the convention would merely adopt a platform and leave the choice of a candidate to the individual party members. It was agreed the Populists would not put a ticket in the field themselves.

Thomas H. Tibbles of Omaha was ready to make a contest for the indorsement of Governor Wilson, but there was strong Roosevelt sentiment among the delegates. It is certain the platform will include a strong suffrage plank.

MISS CARPENTER TO AID THE WORK

Miss Alice Carpenter of Brookline, Mass., who was the woman member of the committee on resolutions of the national convention of the Progressive party at Chicago, reached New York Monday and will take charge of organizing the women members of the party in this state. She has been designated a member of the provisional state committee.

Miss Carpenter and several other women, who are to be named to the state convention at Syracuse Sept. 5, will become full members of the state committee.

PROGRESSIVES TO ORGANIZE

BROCKTON, Mass.—Plans for the organization of a third party movement were made Monday evening at a meeting of Roosevelt supporters. Matthew Hale of Boston addressed the gathering. Other speakers were Dr. Charles G. Miles, Dr. Charles S. Millet, Warren A. Keith, Eldon B. Keith, the Rev. O. D. Thomas, Councilman John A. Laird, former Mayor Charles Williamson, A. Webster Butler and Arthur H. Andrews.

SUFFRAGE MEETING HELD

GLOUCESTER, Mass.—Former Senator Roger Sherman Hoar of Milton was the principal speaker at a "Votes for Women" meeting held at the Hawthorne Inn, East Gloucester, Monday. More than 500 members of the North Shore summer colony were present at the meeting, which lasted about two hours. Miss Louise R. Stanwood of Manchester-by-the-Sea, and Mrs. R. H. Fitzgerald of Boston, were the other speakers.

SOCIALISTS OPEN MEETING

PORTLAND, Me.—The Socialist campaign in Maine was opened on Monday by Eugene V. Debs, the presidential candidate, and will be closed by Emil Seidel, former mayor of Milwaukee, their vice-presidential candidate. He will be here Aug. 29, and will speak at other important points before the close of the state campaign. The Socialist candidate for Governor, George Allan England, is making an active canvass of the state.

PROGRESSIVE CLUB PLANNED

SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—A meeting of more than 50 citizens of Hampden county was held at Springfield Monday evening to take steps for the organization of a Progressive Club.

PLAN WOMAN VOTERS' CAMPAIGN

NEW YORK—Mrs. J. Borden Harriman of New York is to have charge of the Wilson campaign among woman voters in California, Washington, Wyoming, Utah, Colorado and Idaho.

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SENATE HAS SHARP DEBATE ON POSTAL MEN UNIONIZATION

WASHINGTON—Whether postal employees have the right to unionize and to strike if they so desire was the subject of a debate in the Senate today in connection with the consideration of the postoffice appropriation bill, a vote upon which will be taken at 4 p. m.

Senator Smith (Dem. N. C.) contended that no law prevented an American citizen joining any organization. If postal employees were dissatisfied with their compensation, he said, or with the conditions of service they had a right to give up their positions at will.

"No organization under which a strike against the government by postal employees could be arranged should be tolerated," said Senator Root of New York. "No organization must assume to coerce the government. Striking is not illegal, but it must not be turned against the public interests.

"It would be a sorry day for this country when we grant the right of government employees to strike. There would soon be no government."

Senator Sutherland of Utah declared the House provision permitting organization was equivalent to an invitation for the postal employees to affiliate with the American Federation of Labor and that body would then be able to call out postal employees on a sympathetic strike.

After lengthy debate on the unionizing of postal employees, an amendment by Senator Jones of Washington, requiring that organizations to which clerks belong should not be affiliated with any outside body, was defeated 20 to 31.

Senator Bourne of Oregon offered an amendment requiring that organization be not secret and solely for betterment of the members.

SENATE PASSES MEMORIAL BILL

WASHINGTON—A resolution that would appropriate $400,000 for a memorial building to commemorate the services of loyal women during the civil war was passed by the Senate Monday. The building would be the permanent headquarters of the American Red Cross and be in the District of Columbia. The appropriation is made available providing the New York Military Order of the Loyal Legion raises an additional $300,000 for the same purpose. The resolution will go to the House.

PENSION PAYMENTS DELAYED

WASHINGTON—Pension Commissioner Davenport is receiving hundreds of appeals from veterans for their pension checks and the commissioner is sending word that Congress has appropriated no money as yet, but will before it adjourns.

MR. PELLETIER DENIES REPORT

District Attorney Pelletier, upon his return from Colorado Springs this week, denied a report that he was being "backed" for the Democratic nomination for Governor by the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company. He received reports from supporters as to the progress he has made in his campaign.

GARDNER PAPERS MAILED

WASHINGTON—Congressman Gardner forwarded Monday the first installment of his nomination papers for the Republican primaries to the secretary of state at Boston. There were 79 papers, containing 3486 signatures.

TAFT MAN TO CONTEST

TOPEKA, Kan.—The Taft managers in Kansas after a conference here Monday decided to contest the nomination of the eight Roosevelt electors chosen in the primary last Tuesday.

MAY TEACH IN ROCKLAND

AUBURN, Me.—Ernest L. Dinsmore, submaster at the Edward Little high school for three years, is almost certain to go to Rockland as principal of the high school there, it is said. Mr. Dinsmore was elected last week, but has been undecided. It was anounced on Monday that he has practically decided to go.

ANNUAL TOURNEY FOR NATIONAL TITLES STARTED BY ARCHERS

(Continued from page one)

afternoon and the number of hits made in this will be added to those made in the double national round tomorrow. At the end of the morning shooting Miss Sullivan had a lead of one over Mrs. Taylor and Miss Brownell for the trophy.

G. P. Bryant of Boston turned in by far the best score in the first American round for men this morning. His number of hits was 90 and his score was 616, which was 71 better than his nearest rival, R. P. Elmer, the present champion.

LEXINGTON TAX RATE OF $20.10 SHOWS INCREASE

LEXINGTON, Mass.—The assessors announce that the tax rate for 1912 will be $20.10 on $1000, or an increase of $.90 over the rate of a year ago. The increase is said to be largely due to the town grant, which is about $10,000 more than last year. The total assessed valuation of the town is placed at $8,104,115, an increase of nearly $150,000 over 1911.

The real estate is valued at $6,209,455 as against $6,094,260 of last year. There is a gain of $1,660 in the value of personal estate, this year's figure being $1,894,660. The number of assessed polls will be about 1650, as estimated by the assessors.

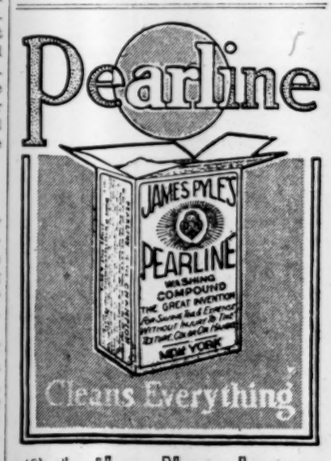
TEN WAR VESSELS AT ROCKPORT

ROCKPORT, Mass.—The battleships Rhode Island, New Jersey and Delaware and five torpedo boat destroyers joined the Nebraska and Missouri here on Monday.

GOLD FIND TO BE INVESTIGATED

WASHINGTON—The geological survey has ordered an expert investigation of gold discoveries made in the Hoag mining district in Modoc county, Cal.

Pearline



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FASHIONS AND THE HOUSEHOLD

ATTRACTIVE AT HOME FROCK

With square or high neck, elbow or long sleeves

PRETTY and attractive gowns, adapted to the afternoon at home and to the informal dinner, are always needed. This one is among the newest and can be made dressy and even elaborate in effect by the use of the big collar and revers of lace or other fancy material, or simple after the manner indicated in the small view. It is adapted to all materials, utilized for indoor wear.

There are four pieces in the skirt, but the front piece is narrow and forms a panel. The blouse is made with separate sleeves sewed to the armholes and includes a chemisette that combines with the panel of the skirt to give long, slender lines. In the large view, striped voile is trimmed with lace and the front panel is made on the cross.

For the medium size will be required 6 yards of material 27, 5 yards 36 or 4¼ yards 44 inches wide with yard of additional material any width to make front panel on the cross, 1¼ yards to make on the straight of the material and 1½ yards 18 inches wide for the collar, cuffs and revers. The width of the skirt at the lower edge is 2¼ yards.

The pattern (7531) is cut in sizes for 34, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust measure. It can be bought at any May Manton agency or will be sent by mail. Address 102 West Thirty-second street, New York, or Masonic Temple, Chicago.

TO REMOVE LINT

If the water in the laundry tubs, bathtub, or basin does not run freely down the outlet, says Good Housekeeping, use a button-hook to remove the lint and strings that may have collected there.

COMFORT IN THE GUEST ROOM

Trifles that will complete the welcome

IN summer days, whether one owns a country estate and mansion or just a wee cottage, friends are expecting week-end invitations, and host and hostess are looking forward to these small visits with the pleasure always to be found in true hospitality, but the duties of the hostess in preparing for her guests are not light; many and careful must be her plans, and the guests' rooms need special thought and attention.

The essentials for a guest room are more than the mere furniture; minor accessories are legion which should be added to afford both comfort and pleasure.

The small attentions expressed in thoughtful trifles are the gauge of welcome to the guest, the keynote to the fact that the visit is a pleasure to the hostess also, and no matter how tiny the item expressing forethought, the hostess may be sure it will be appreciated, says a New York Times writer.

The guest room should have books, writing desk and other articles that provide a comfortable hour for the guest. The writing desk should be plentifully supplied with paper and fresh ink. Stamps should be there in reasonable quantity, for many hesitate to ask for these small conveniences, and often the postoffice is inaccessible.

Pens of various styles, pencils and a calendar are in order, and a sensible number of blotters; a small dictionary also may find a place, and sealing wax and taper, though not necessary, are often added to the desk, and a bottle of glue is a treasure.

Near the window a little stand with a work basket well furnished with needles, thread and kindred articles, offers the place and space for a stitch in time; for though there are maids in waiting, it is sometimes pleasanter or quicker to have a thread and needle available.

A vase full of fresh flowers, even if of wild flowers, expresses much and requires little effort.

A light shawl or afghan should be in evidence, not folded in the closet; and if the couch has been thoughtfully turned so that the light comes over one's shoulder, it is as restful to read as sleep, if there are sufficient cushions and pillows to supply a prop.

The dressing table may be dainty, but should also be useful.

An ivory brush and comb are the best to select, and a hand glass is a boon, for it is often forgotten by the traveler. Hat brushes and whiskbrooms should also be in visible array, and pins, large and small, black and white, and with them hairpins, these latter all in little new packages, in the top bureau drawer, where also should be found a bolt or two of narrow wash ribbon for underwear. Or, better still, several little packages of the "lingerie tape," a novelty of the day. This is less expensive than ribbon and comes in white and colors, in ten-yard pieces, each piece with an accompanying bodkin. It is washable and in fast colors.

If at all times the hostess will keep sachets in the bureau drawers and closets, especially sachets of fresh lavender, she will find that the close odor of unopened nooks and corners will not be encountered by her guest.

For the men guests small bottles of German cologne will offer refreshment after shaving. These bottles come in white wicker, and a small corkscrew must be placed with them.

Soaps, too, must there be of more than one kind, and in small cakes for individual use.

A bottle of ammonia, to remove chance spots on gowns and suits, is a good thought.

WARDROBE FOR SPORTSWOMAN

Things that make for comfort and convenience

SO insistent have become the demands of the sportswoman who would be appropriately and well costumed that the manufacturers have practically designed a separate wardrobe. Outside of the sweaters, silk and worsted, there are under dressings of great value, both as practical helps and comfort-bearing aids.

To wear under the skirt, whether of tweed or homespun or one of the knitted worsted skirts, there are knickers to take the place of the petticoat. The knicker of silk, whether the silk jersey, the Italian silk or the tricot, all very similar in texture is to be recommended. It is warm and yet light and clings tenaciously to the figure. If the coat makes these garments prohibitive, there are the combinations of silk and wool, boasting the advantages of both, according to the New York Tribune.

When more warmth is demanded, and on the hilly golf course, where the figure is likely to be silhouetted against the skyline, and where the wind will strike through all but the thickest of coverings, knickers of satin, lined with nun's veiling will be acceptable. Cashmere, too, is often used for this same purpose. In order to get satisfactory results, however, it is necessary to have the knickers carefully cut and shaped, well fitted at the waistband, with the least amount of bulkiness. In fact, the regulation hunting knicker, where all unnecessary material is eliminated, is the ideal model.

Next to the knicker you will derive the most warmth from the short sleeved knitted waistcoat. At this season of the year, unless you are going for tramps in the mountains, this waistcoat is not demanded for its warmth, but it is a jaunty adjunct of the sporting wardrobe, which many a girl delights in wearing as a coat, or an apology for one. There are stunning plaid ones in the true Scotch plaid, and even in taffeta, which is more for looks than for use—successors of the red worsted waistcoats, with their taffeta backs, which were so popular a few years ago.

One of the most useful of these waistcoats is known as the Shetland coat, having been fashioned in two contrasting colors from the finest of Shetland wool—one as the color of the outside and the other for the lining. The warmest are those which are reminiscent of the padded silk garment the Chinaman wears with pride. To be perfectly correct they should be made very much on the order of the typical Chinese jacket, somewhat of the bolero shape, lightly padded and with long sleeves. As these garments may button close to the throat you can realize that they are very much to be desired when the wind is endeavoring to drive all but the most enthusiastic sportswomen indoors.

WAIST PROTECTOR

The hardest wear on a waist comes on the sides under the arms, says Good Housekeeping. Protect this part of the blouse with a strip of oiled silk.

TRIED RECIPES

GREEN CORN SOUP

CUT and scrape the corn from six ears. By scoring the kernels much of the hull will be left on the cob. Put the cobs in cold water to cover and cook half an hour. Strain the water which should measure about two cups, add the pulp, cook 10 minutes, season with a few dashes of pepper, a level teaspoonful of salt and add one cup of hot milk and one cup of hot thin cream. Rub a rounding teaspoonful of flour with a rounding tablespoonful of butter, add to the soup and cook five minutes.

CORN OYSTERS

Grate green corn slightly, then scrape out the pulp. To half a dozen large ears add two beaten eggs, one level teaspoon of salt, a saltspoon of pepper and just as much sifted cracker crumbs as will be needed to keep the corn in shape. Fry in spoonfuls in a frying pan barely covered with hot fat. Turn and brown the other side; serve hot.

ORANGE PIE

Stir a quarter cup of cornstarch into one cup of sugar. Cream this with one quarter cup of butter and pour on one and one-half cups of boiling water. When the cornstarch is cooked clear pour on to the well beaten yolks of three eggs, add the grated yellow rind of one large orange and then the juice strained. Line a plate with rich paste, pour in the filling and bake in a quick oven. Cover with a meringue if liked made from the whites of three eggs and two tablespoons of powdered sugar and color in a slow oven. Let the pie cool partly before adding the meringue. Or the pie may be crossed in lattice fashion with narrow strips of paste.—Montreal Star.

BUTTERMILK COTTAGE CHEESE

I doubt if any housewife knows that the delicious cottage cheese can be made from buttermilk as well as plain sour milk. Many farm households have been denied the cheese because they use cream separators and accumulate no sour milk. Put the buttermilk in a jar on the back part of the stove, where it will heat slowly; it requires a little more heating to curd than does other milk. When it has entirely separated, pour off the whey and turn the curd into a cheesecloth sack to drip, letting it stand from eight to 10 hours. When it is dry stir a small amount of salt into the curd, and mix with sweet cream or rich milk.—Farmers Wife.

POTATO SCRAMBLE

Three large cupfuls of mashed potatoes, four eggs; put butter into a hot frying pan, turn the potatoes on it, break the eggs and turn them on top of the potatoes; with a fork break the yolks and stir them very lightly into the potatoes, but do not beat; keep tossing them, as in cooking scrambled eggs, until the whites of the eggs have turned creamy and thick; season with butter, white pepper and salt.—Hartford Times.

FLOWER IDEAS

A French combination evolved by a hostess was a basket of pin.. and blue hydrangeas, with red roses stuck amid them. The basket itself was painted light blue.

The handles of baskets for wedding breakfasts, generally of white flowers—sweet peas, pinks, roses—have tiny bouquets of orange blossoms made of white satin ribbon, tied with many loops of baby ribbon. These flowers are very easily fashioned, or one can use the regular artificial blossoms. The idea is good for any basket centerpiece.

A most attractive centerpiece was a low basket with first a fringe of ferns, then a mass of white flowers and over this, like a green mushroom, maidenhair fern. The white flowers peeping out from under the green cap was a pretty conceit, says Today's Magazine.

A hostess tired of one-color schemes robbed her garden of all the brilliant, flaming flowers therein, and massed them in the center of the table loose, about an oriental brass lamp. She used yellow damask napery and white and gilt china, and called her party a harlequin luncheon. Snapping bonbon caps were the favors.

A tea-table set against a wall, had a little rose trellis made of pots of rambler roses growing on fan-shaped trellises. Cold tea and cold consomme with wafers were served.

ARTISTIC SPREADS

Practical housekeepers who believe in saving themselves unnecessary work are using the "cottage" type of bedspread in lieu of those of heavier and more expensive materials like Marseilles and Irish linen. Really artistic are the bedspreads of English printed cotton showing a white ground and a pattern in quaint shades of various standard colors. And truly American are the blue and white spreads in Kentucky designs which are said to be non-fadable and equally enduring are the natural linen covers which have plain centers and colored borders. Rather more unique and just the thing for a summer sleeping room are the covers in German linen in Biedermeister design showing an allover connecting pattern in gold, white and black; green, white and black or blue, black and white. Any of these covers may be finished at top and bottom with fringe or a valance of one of the plain colors may be attached to their sides.

Stain spots may be removed from foulard by sponging with diluted aqua ammonia and water.

DISHES THE ITALIANS LIKE

Palatable and hearty every-day food

ITALIANS are fond of good things to eat and their chefs turn out numerous choice recipes. Here are some excellent everyday dishes.

Gnocchi of Semolina—Take one pint milk, 4½ ounces semolina, and boil; before taking off fire add salt to taste, one ounce butter, three quarters ounce Parmesan cheese. Before it gets cold, mix in two eggs; then pour on dish to even thickness of three quarters inch. When cold cut in small square pieces and pile them in layers on dish, adding between each layer one ounce good butter and grated cheese, and put gnocchi into a hot oven to brown.

Agnellotti—Pound cold boiled meat in mortar with two ounces breadcrumbs soaked in broth, two ounces butter, salt, pepper, and nutmeg, and work into paste. Take one pound of flour, three eggs, one half tumbler milk, and salt, mix into a paste and work up well. Lay aside for one half hour then roll very thin; divide it in half, and let it dry. Then take half and put meat on in little heaps (one half teaspoon) about three inches apart. Cover with other half of paste. Cut round little heaps and press edges together. Put into saucepan with plenty of boiling salted water and boil slowly. When done take out with strainer, season with butter, grated cheese and good gravy.

The above paste can be filled also with the following mixture: Boil spinach, drain well and simmer in some pure olive oil, with shallot, chopped parsley, and salt and pepper. Season with a few stoned raisins and currants and a little sugar. Fold paste over spinach like a turnover, made of rounds two inches in diameter, and fry in olive oil.

Tagliarini—Take one pound of flour, 3 eggs, ½ a tumbler of milk and pinch of salt; mix into paste and work up well. Lay aside for ½ hour; then roll out very thin and let it dry before cutting into long thin strips. Boil in salted water over slow fire for 20 minutes and drain well.

Prepare 4 oz. grated Parmesan cheese, 6 oz. grated Gruyere and 6 oz. butter; put a layer of tagliarini into dish and cover with cheese and butter and repeat till dish is full. Sprinkle top with breadcrumbs and butter and bake for ¼ hour.

Tagliatelle—Make a stiff paste with flour and eggs, roll out thin, cut into strips and parboil with a little salt. Cut into small pieces a thick slice of ham; mince same quantity of carrot and celery and put into frying pan with 2 oz. or more of butter. When they begin to brown, add tomato conserve or juice and a cup of broth or water. Place the tagliatelle well strained on to hot dish, season with grated Parmesan cheese, butter and the ham, etc.

CLEANLINESS IN THE KITCHEN

Proper care of dishes and kettles

MANY housekeepers seem to think, "Anything is good enough for the pots and pans," while they should receive the most scrupulous care, writes Mabel Kittredge Stearns in Modern Priscilla. It is certainly hard to impress this fact upon even the best of servants. Take for instance the act of washing the kitchen dishes. Once in the home of a most immaculate woman, I saw the maid washing the very greasy skillet in the same water with the table dishes, and then drying it with the towel which had been used for the silver and glass.

Now, I am very fussy about my skillet. If it has been used for frying, it receives two washings, the last in boiling hot soap suds. The saucepans and pots undergo the same treatment. They need it.

Kitchen utensils should be kept, if possible, in cupboards and drawers, as they gather a great deal of dust. When the vegetables, or soup, or cream sauce have been put into their respective dishes, ready for the dining room, the pans in which they were cooked should be filled at once with warm water. If one has a coal range, they should not be set back on the hot part of the stove, as the food will adhere all the more closely to the edges. If this rule is adhered to they will be infinitely more easy to wash.

Anything which has been used for egg should have instant care, and either be washed at once or filled with warm water. I never wash my egg beater with the other kitchen utensils. When I have finished using it, I take the time, even if making cake, to rinse it at once. This can be done in a few seconds, and is much better than putting the egg-beater in a dish-pan of water, as the upper part should never be wet.

The sink strainer can easily be kept sweet and clean. Food should not be allowed to stay in it for any length of time, and it should be washed three times a day in boiling hot suds.

When washing the kitchen dishes, the water should be changed often.

When a pan has been slightly burned, the use of some one of the many soap powders will be most effective, but if badly burned, shake a tablespoon of lye into a large pan of water, put the burned pan in, and let it boil hard for about 10 minutes, turning it, if necessary, so that the boiling water will reach all of the black places. This method will invariably make the pan almost as good as new. Be careful, however, not to put the hands in the lye water.

GREEN TOMATOES IN MANY WAYS

To be eaten now or later on

NEARLY all housewives make use of green tomatoes for pickles and preserves. But there are so many other ways of using them, that perhaps some of the following recipes will be new to readers.

Fried green tomatoes—Cut green tomatoes in thick slices and soak in salt water for an hour, if there is time, though they may be used without soaking, then drain, sprinkle with salt and pepper, dip each slice in beaten egg, roll in sifted bread or cracker crumbs, and fry in hot butter until a delicate brown on both sides, dredging them with powdered sugar. Take up on a hot dish and pour the gravy over them. Serve hot.

Stuffed green tomatoes—Wash and drain large, round green tomatoes, cut a thick slice from the stem end, scoop out the seeds, and place the tomatoes in salt water for an hour. To one pint of bread crumbs add a spoonful of finely minced celery or parsley, two tablespoonfuls of soft butter, salt and pepper to taste, and enough hot water to moisten. Mix well, and fill the tomato cups, set them in a pan containing a little boiling hot water, cover, and bake slowly for an hour, then remove the cover and brown slightly before serving.

Green tomato pie—Peel and slice the tomatoes and pour boiling water over them, let them stand for a few minutes, then drain. Line a pie-tin with nice pastry, fill with the tomatoes, add one-half cupful of sugar, one tablespoonful of lemon juice, one of water, sprinkle over one teaspoonful of flour, and dust with cinnamon, then cover with a top crust and bake. A tablespoonful of butter, cut in bits and added to the pie, would be an improvement.

Green tomato lemon meringue pie—Peel and slice the tomatoes, then take one or two lemons, according to size of pie, peel them, removing carefully all the bitter white skin, and cut in slices, rejecting the seeds. Line a pie-tin with nice pastry, put in a layer of tomato, then a layer of the lemon, then another layer of tomato, adding plenty of sugar to each layer. If a large, deep pie, add another layer each of lemon and tomato, put plenty of sugar on top (it will take about a cupful for the pie), dot with bits of butter, and bake. Then cover with a meringue made of the whites of one or two eggs, beaten stiff, with one or two tablespoonfuls of powdered sugar, and return to the oven to brown slightly.

Green tomato preserves—To one peck of green tomatoes allow six pounds of sugar, six lemons, one tablespoonful of ginger, and one cupful of water. Cover the tomatoes with boiling water for five minutes, then drain and slice. Slice the lemons, removing the seeds, put them with the tomato, sugar, and ginger into a porcelain kettle, pour over the cupful of water, cover, and cook slowly for one and one-half hours. Skim off any scum that rises while boiling. Remove from the fire and let get perfectly cold, then set on again and let simmer gently for one hour longer. Put in jars and keep in a cool place.—The Modern Priscilla.

WORTH KNOWING

To keep celery and lettuce fresh, stand the roots in cold water, not the stalks or leaves; throw a thin damp cloth over it, or dry manilla paper to keep the air off; before using wash thoroughly, then soak in ice water for half an hour; dry on a towel. Soak cucumbers in ice water, never salted, as salt wilts and makes soft all such stuff.

• • •

The strong flavor of uncooked onions is satisfactorily removed by slicing them, put in a colander, pour boiling water on, then plunge in ice-water and allow to remain half an hour; they will be sweet and crisp.

• • •

One level teaspoonful of salt seasons one quart of vegetable soup.

• • •

When making desserts, allow one heaping tablespoonful of granulated sugar to each egg and half pint of milk; one tablespoonful of extract for each quart of liquid to be frozen and one teaspoonful of flavoring for each quart of boiled pudding or baked ones.

• • •

One large tablespoonful of white flour and one tablespoonful of butter, blended, will thicken half a pint of milk or water for sauces.

• • •

One and one half teaspoonfuls of baking powder to one pint of sifted flour is a good rule to follow, for biscuits and shortcakes.

• • •

Four eggs to a quart of milk is the proportion for boiled custard; five eggs for frozen desserts.—Modern Priscilla.

¶ The one quality in a newspaper which makes it a power for good and generally desirable is wholesomeness, because if it is clean in every way, it is guided by a standard which will make its influence as a constructive agency in the world's work most effective. This is a statement that the Monitor, as a clean newspaper is daily proving in increasing measure. It started out as a distinctly clean daily newspaper, it has continued to be a clean daily newspaper, and will always be a clean daily newspaper.

The Monitor's idea of a clean daily newspaper is one which prints only the real news of the world

—that is, the news which is wholesome, interesting to thinking people, and which avoids all mention of offensive and unimportant events, subjects or happenings, and which confines itself in its news columns to the things that are really worth while; which keeps its advertising columns as clean and reliable as its news; which is liberal, fair and helpful in editorial opinion; which is interesting and instructive in special features and articles, which is typographically clean and pleasing. That's the kind of a paper the Monitor prints and as good as the paper may be and appreciated as much as it is, no effort will be spared to make it more interesting, readable and helpful in every way possible.

PLANNING AHEAD SAVES FUEL

Much food cooked on washing day

IT has surprised me when keeping a maid for a time, to see how much less coal I can manage with than suffices for her. Upon rising in the morning, I turn over the grate, open the draughts for a few minutes, and when the coals begin to brighten the draughts are shut off. Many people wait until all the coal is red hot, then when the draughts are closed the fire goes down unless new coal is added. On my fire, however, I prepare breakfast, and may use it an hour afterward without replenishing; that is ordinarily sufficient for my morning work. I then add a little fresh coal and check the stove entirely. This is repeated at each meal. I never have the firepot more than half full of coal, writes Alice M. Ashton in the Modern Priscilla.

I find that for some reason I can heat the oven much more easily with the first fire in the morning than at any other time of day, so I plan to do necessary baking at that time, when possible. In heating the oven I close the draughts when the coal is well started, as the temperature continues to rise and remains at an even heat much longer than from a fire that burns itself out too quickly.

But my greatest saving of fuel comes from my habit of doing many things with one fire. On washing days there must necessarily be a good fire, so I cook as much as possible. The washing is done on Tuesday, and on Monday I mix up cookies and doughnuts ready for cutting. These are set in a cool place and are even better than when baked at once. Beans are prepared for baking, and bread set. It does not require much time next day to attend to the baking; when I cannot get everything done, I leave the scrubbing until general cleaning day, that I may bake on wash day.

When ironing is being done it is also an excellent time for the slow cooking of stock for soups, baking and boiling meats, and the making of cakes and puddings. Of course this method is practical only in the family where the laundry work does not consume the whole day, or where two may share the work.

I endeavor, also, to plan the meals so that there need not be a great fire simply for one thing. Some days when the oven may be heated as well as not, I have an entire baked dinner, choosing the dishes of which we are especially fond. This provides a good variety with the least expenditure of fuel, because some other day when but little fire is necessary, I have a dessert that requires little or no cooking.

To save fuel I find I must plan ahead, and then watch the draughts.

DONE IN COLORS

In the dainty hand embroidered linen Dutch collars the scalloped edges are in many cases worked in colors. A collar of white pique decorated with dots worked in white floss has a brown edge, while another pretty collar in fine white linen is worked in dark blue, says the Philadelphia North American. These form a pretty finish at the neckline of the tailored blouse, and as they match the skirt of the coat suit, when the coat is taken off a pretty little color scheme is revealed.

CLEAN UTENSILS

Breadboards and other kitchen utensils made of wood may be kept clean, white and stainless by rubbing with soap and lukewarm water, to which may be added a little common soda or household ammonia.—Pittsburgh Sun.

JAPANNED WARE

Japanned ware should be washed with a sponge, dampened in warm water and dried immediately with a soft cloth, says an exchange. Obstinate spots can be quickly removed by rubbing with a woolen cloth dipped in sweet oil.

TO PEEL ORANGES

Pour scalding water over oranges that you wish to peel, and let them stand five minutes. You will save time in peeling them, says an exchange. The thick white skin that is usually so hard to remove will readily come off with the outside peeling and the fruit will be ready to slice.

CARROT PRESERVE

Carrots will make delicious preserves, says the Winnipeg Free Press. Take three quarters of a pound of sugar to a pound of carrots. Add sufficient water to make a syrup and boil until the preserves are thick. A little ginger or lemon should be added to flavor.

IVORY IN FAVOR

Toilet sets of carved ivory are fast taking the place of those of silver, says the Philadelphia Times. These are very beautiful and do not need the vigorous cleaning which must be given the silver to keep it bright. They are expensive, but are more satisfactory than the silver.

News of Importance From the Latin-American Centers

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WHAT the Buenos Aires report on this page has to say concerning two of the national territories of the Argentine Republic seems to indicate that with the new era inaugurated by the Saenz Pena administration and its radical reform of public life, those territories which are grouped about the nucleus of the republic's provinces in the manner of feudal marches are to come in for their share of progress and prosperity. While those of the northeast Formosa, El Chaco and Missiones, are interesting because of their possibilities of semi-tropical agriculture, as well as their strategic value in Argentina's relations with Brazil, Paraguay and Bolivia, the western territories of Los Andes and Neuquen, aside from their great mineral wealth, are coming to the front through the projected trans-Andine railroads, one of which to redeem the failure of the Valparaiso-Buenos Aires railroad communication, and another to give a Pacific outlet to northern Argentine. The latter, the Salta-Antofagasta project, is bound to run across Los Andes; while for the former the utilization and extension of existing railroads in Neuquen seems to be seriously under consideration. Adjoining Buenos Aires, the premier province, is the territory of the Pampa—its natural southern prolongation, physically and politically. And between La Pampa and that peculiar, insular outpost, Tierra del Fuego, divided between the Argentine and Chile, there is a trio of territories which is the Argentine equivalent of the American West—Rio Negro, Chubut and Santa Cruz. In late years, these three southern marches have come to the fore through the discovery of oil fields and the various transcontinental or rather inter-oceanic railroads projected and under construction. It is here, if anywhere, that pioneer work is done, recalling Anglo-Saxon colonization and indeed receiving impetus from it.

There is a growing and enthusiastic realization among Argentinos of the marvelous possibilities of their territories, which together form as large a mass as do the fourteen federal provinces in the center, of their natural wealth not only, but also of their prospects, especially those of the southern group, of becoming the home of a South American race unsurpassed in vigor and unique in cosmopolitan outlook.

UNION OF THE FIVE CENTRAL AMERICAN REPUBLICS BRUITED

Political and Financial Crisis in Nicaragua and Other Complications Are Thought to Point That Way

GUATEMALAN RULE

(Special to the Monitor)

SAN SALVADOR CITY, C. A.—While the general applause earned by the government of President Araujo for its unique offer of financial help extended to the neighboring republics of Honduras and Nicaragua is commented upon in a much gratified manner, both the government and the public are deeply concerned over the growing political and financial crisis in Nicaragua and the intervention of the United States. Honduras thanked El Salvador cordially for the proffered help, of which that government will avail itself if necessary, there being at present negotiations going on that are expected to result favorably. It is in the first place Nicaragua, however, which the Salvadorean government is so anxious to help financially that it has placed at the disposal of the Nicaraguan government the credit El Salvador enjoys in Europe. There is a feeling here that the situation of Nicaragua is far more serious today than it was during past revolutions and that the independence of the republic even is in jeopardy, through the Mena revolution coming at a time of wide-spread unrest on account of the misery the crop failure has brought over many sections of the country.

In an interview given to a Managua paper by the minister of El Salvador, Don J. Antonio Lopez G., the statement is made that his government has received many offers from bankers relative to loans on favorable terms, but that it has rejected all of them, being able to carry out its enterprises without a new loan. The minister cited this instance to show the credit enjoyed by El Salvador, which, according to President Araujo's circular, is open to Nicaragua on the best possible terms.

Both Costa Rica and Guatemala have words of the highest praise for President Araujo's action. According to reports received from San Jose de Costa Rica and Guatemala City, the situation in Central America is regarded in those two capitals as fraught with complications. In the latter capital there appears to be some inclination to look upon this crisis as the possible stepping stone to the union of the five Central American republics under Guatemalan supremacy. In this connection, special interest is aroused in Guatemala according to press reports by the fact that President Araujo, during his recent round trip in the republic, has reviewed close on to 20,000 troops, distributed over many points. At San Miguel, now connected by an American railroad with La Union on the Gulf of Amapala, where El Salvador, Honduras and Nicaragua meet, fully one half of the troops were stationed.

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ARGENTINA'S CORN SHOW IS FINE AND CARRIES A LESSON

(Special to the Monitor)

BUENOS AIRES, A. R.—Although the exposition of cereals recently opened in the building of the ministry of agriculture comprises so far only the various kinds of corn grown in the Argentine Republic, it is arousing unusual intersst because of the great variety of exhibits, all the corn producing regions, the extreme north as well as the extreme south, being represented. The 451 exhibits, plants, ears and loose grain, are said by experts to give a perfect idea of the last crop, which was an exceptionally fine one.

The provinces of Buenos Aires, Santa Fe, Entre Rios, Cordoba and the Pampa, which export corn, the regions under irrigation, as San Juan, Tucuman, Salta, the arid sections like La Rioja, and Catamarca, where a crop is to be had only in rainy years, the extreme north, as the Chaco and Oran, and the extreme south, as the territories of Chubut and Rio Negro, all concurred in completing the exhibition of Argentine corn.

By special order of the committee care has been exercised in obtaining a true average, picking being eliminated in all cases. It is unanimously agreed that while the exhibits make an excellent showing the most important conclusion drawn from the exposition is the necessity of exercising far greater care in the selection of seeds, than was done in the past.

TO PUSH THE PUERTO WILCHES RAILROAD UNDER NEW TERMS

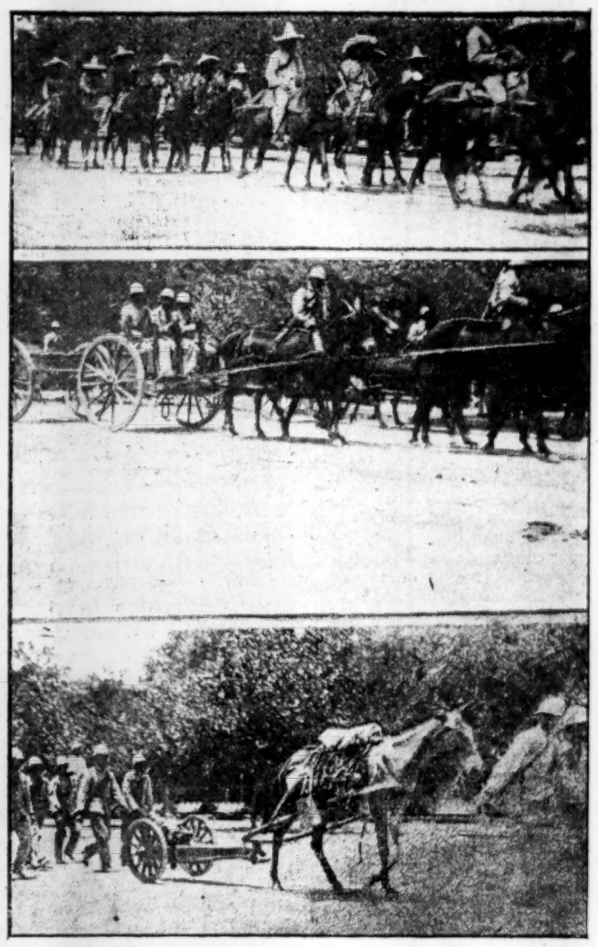
(Special to the Monitor)

BOGOTA, Colombia—It is with the utmost satisfaction that the reform of the Puerto Wilches railroad contract is being commented upon here, since the old contract had always been regarded as extremely onerous, so much so, in fact, that it was a common saying that the railroad was being constructed with rails of silver. The new agreement has been signed by the minister of public works and J. F. Toomer, representative of the company, which has its headquarters in London, and is now under consideration by the President of the republic and the cabinet council.

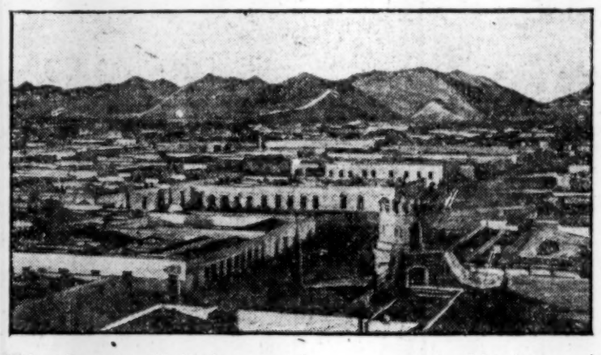
The salient points of the modifications include reversion of the road to the nation after 50 instead of 99 years; elimination of the clause by which the Colombian government was to have paid the difference between the cost of operation and the earnings of the road during the time of its construction, totaling to date $125,000 gold; reduction of interest from 7 per cent for 99 years on L.1,232,000 to 5½ per cent on L.1,565,000, making a total reduction of over $21,000,000 gold; the company renounces the right of establishing the tariff rates within certain limits, for the first five years, and agrees to fix the rates jointly with the government, from the completion of the road; the company renounces likewise the guarantee of 7 per cent interest on L.8000 per kilometer for 99 years, on the construction of the railroad from Bucaramanga to Bogota, 300 kilometers in length, and accepts the guarantee of 7 per cent on L.6000 per kilometer, for 50 years, the government thereby gaining a reduction of over $50,000,000 gold; instead of ceding the government 50,000 out of the 500,000 shares of the enterprise, the company will cede 200,000. Finally, the government will appoint a representative to safeguard the interests of the Colombian nation in the financial operations of the company in Europe and likewise an engineer who will inspect the construction work, both of these officials to keep the government fully posted on technical and financial matters.

The work on the Puerto Wilches railroad having been taken up again to the profound satisfaction especially of the inhabitants of the department of Santander and of its capital, Bucaramanga, it is expected that by September more than 2000 workmen will be engaged in the construction.

MEXICO IS LOOKING FOR FEDERAL TRIUMPH SOON



Federal troops under General Huerta, including many survivors of the first Madero revolution who refused to follow their former leader, Orozco

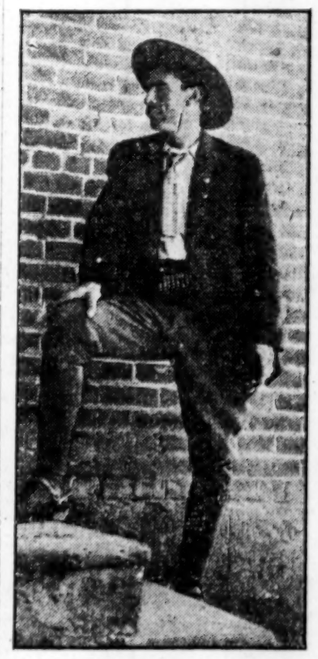


Chihuahua, capital of state of same name in Mexico, an important center of trade and mining enterprise

(Special to the Monitor)

MEXICO CITY, Mex.—With the meeting in El Paso between Gen. Pascual Orozco and Lic. Rafael Hernandez, minister of the interior, hopes for a speedy termination of the revolutionary campaign are reviving, although both are reported to have denied that the messages going back and forth between here and El Paso imply peace negotiations. Both on account of the growing danger of friction on the border and the chronic vandalism prevailing immediately south of the capital, the final triumph of the federal arms under General Huerta is eagerly looked for, even though in the opinion of many Mexicans the Madero government has shown itself to be more under the tutelage of Washington than the Diaz regime could ever be accused of.

General Huerta's campaign against Pascual Orozco, Jr., is being followed with great satisfaction, as showing the efficient work the Mexican soldier is capable of doing under a first-class leader, especially the artillery that did such swift work at the battle of Bachimba, 40 miles south of Chihuahua, and made the entrance of the federals into the city possible. While the revolutionists had excellent positions, entrenched in the rocks and crags of the canon of Bachimba, they could not stand up against the federals' big guns. In the struggle in Chihuahua special interest attaches to the old revolutionists of 1910-11, the "Maderistas," who did not rally to their old leader, Orozco, as he had fondly hoped, but remained loyal to the man they had helped to make President.



GEN. PASCUAL OROZCO
Leader of revolutionary forces in northern Mexico

MORE BANANAS IN SALVADOR

(Special to the Monitor)

SAN SALVADOR, C. A.—Under the auspices of capitalists of this republic and by the initiative of a former representative of the United Fruit Company, Don Pedro Grave de Peralta, a company has been formed for the cultivation of bananas in this country, along the Pacific coast. A very large area has been selected by experts where 200,000 banana stems, brought from other Central American republics, will be planted.

DON ASAIAS BARAHONA MOVES IN BEHALF OF TALAMANCA INDIANS

Jefe Politico of Talamanca Urges Nationalization of the District by Means of Colonization

EDUCATIONAL NEED

(Special to the Monitor)

SAN JOSE DE COSTA RICA—In close connection, according to well-informed people here, with the rivalry between the two fruit companies, United and Atlantic, and the border delimitation between Panama and Costa Rica, is the visit here of the Jefe Politico of Talamanca, Don Asaias Barahona, for the purpose of making representations with the government in behalf of the Talamanca Indians. It is claimed by the official that certain land operations in his district have practically left the Indians homeless, who in consequence of all sorts of deception and arbitrary proceedings, laid to the door of foreigners, are withdrawing from that rich and fertile zone into the forests of the interior. Senor Barahona charges that this is part of a systematic campaign to bring Talamanca under the flag of the republic of Panama, as the Indians have already been made to believe that their home now belongs to the latter republic. The Jefe Politico urges the nationalization of the district, that is colonization by Costa Ricans from the interior, since the present inhabitants, outside of a few Indians and the authorities, are nearly all Jamaican negroes who have intermarried with Indian women. Next in importance, he advises a campaign of education among the Talamanca Indians, whose attachment to the republic of Costa Rica is well known.

In less than a year, it is thought, the railroad now being constructed by the United Fruit Company will reach Sureka, near Sipurio, capital of the district, the railhead being at present at Margarita, a United plantation about halfway between Sipurio and the coast which brings railroad communication with Port Limon, Costa Rica and Bocas del Toro, Panama, in sight. All along this line the United Fruit Company is buying up land for banana cultivation.

These representations made to the government by the Jefe Politico of Talamanca are in line with the agitation that has for some time been going on in favor of a general scheme of colonization of the more outlying regions of the country, especially those along the southern border, by settlers from the over-populated region of the central plateau and the principal cities. It is claimed by the advocates of this nationalization by Creole elements that this "back to the soil" is not merely an economic problem as in other countries but an acute political one as being alone apt to preserve Costa Rican sovereignty over large tracts of land.

TRADE NOTES

(Special to the Monitor)

VERA CRUZ, Mex.—A proposal has been submitted to the secretary of public works for the construction of a railroad to connect Tuxtla Gutierrez, near the Pacific, about 90 miles from the Pan-American railroad, with Puerto Mexico, the eastern terminus of the Tehuantepec National railway. The proposed line is to traverse the greater part of Chiapas state, tapping very fertile country.

BOGOTA, Colombia—The government has opened a mail service between Mocoa and Puerto Asis, on the Putumayo river, and between Gaudalupe and Florencia, near the Caqueta river. A similar service on the Vaupes river is under consideration, to comply with the urgent requests of the rubber gatherers of that region.

CARTAGENA, Colombia — A regular river mail service line has been started between Quibdo and Jurado, navigating the Atrato river and the Nipipi as far as Limones bay, near Cupica, an itinerary having been perfected by the postal authorities and the regular service inaugurated.

MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay — The government has approved the plan of immigration and colonization elaborated by the Uruguayan consul in New York and the committee of Uruguayan surveyors under the direction of Engineer Praderi, who recently made a trip of inspection, in connection with the plan.

The board of directors of the Central railway has notified the secretary of public works that the construction of the branch line from Rivera to the Brazilian border is complete.

LIMA, Peru—On his return from Paris where he recently founded the Credit Financier Peruvien, Senor Jose Payan, manager of the Peru y Londres Bank, will organize a mortgage and loan association in this capital. One of the first operations contemplated will be the issue of $1,000,000 gold in bonds for municipal improvements.

GREATER ACTIVITY OF COLOMBIAN TROOPS CAUSE OF SUSPICION

(Special to the Monitor)

LIMA, Peru—For some time past there have been rumors in circulation concerning movements of Colombian troops in the disputed regions of the Putumayo and Caqueta rivers, and reports from southern Colombia, via Guayaquil, Ecuador, have given rise to the suspicion that Colombia is preparing to seize upon the agitation against the Putumayo rubber outrages by the employees of the Peruvian Amazon Company as a pretext for retaliating against the attack by Peruvian troops on the Colombian customs at La Pedrera, on the Caqueta river some months ago.

The renewed activities of the Colombians on both rivers, and the shifting of Colombian troops from the Pacific inland is being followed here with the keenest interest. A recent report from a high Colombian official returning to Pasto, from a trip in the Amazon country, speaks of the excellent strategic position of the Colombian port of Asia and the astonishing development of the country roundabout, with its sugar, banana, corn and other cultivation, and of the strong foothold the Colombians are gradually acquiring there. Some significance is also attached to the report from Tulcan, near the border between Ecuador and Colombia, of the strike of some 2000 Colombian workmen because of their suspicion that they were being sent to the front to fight the Peruvians in the Amazon region.

Notwithstanding emphatic denials, people here are inclined to credit the reports of concentration of Colombian troops at Pasto, base of operations for the Putumayo and Caqueta region, the sudden depletion of the garrison at Tumaco, the second Colombian port on the Pacific, near the Ecuadorian border, being accounted for in the same manner.

While there seems to be a wise tendency to hold back in the Amazon region pending an international discussion of the Putumayo trouble, Peruvian diplomacy is taking up the dispute with Colombia with such success that the Colombians themselves are beginning to express alarm over their growing isolation. There seems little doubt the one time intense hostility roused in Ecuador by Peruvian encroachments in the Amazon region is disappearing, as Ecuador believes herself to be merely the cat's paw of Chile. Also Bolivia is practically won over from the Chilean to the Peruvian side, while Venezuela, judging from recent developments appears to have entered into an entente cordiale with Peru. It is even hinted that a reconciliation between Chile and Peru is no longer out of the question; all this is recognized as a complete reversal of conditions only a few months ago, when Peru, instead of being a center of possible alliances as she is today, was utterly isolated.

GOVERNOR OF CHUBUT OUTLINES HIS PLANS FOR IMPROVEMENTS

Coal and Petroleum Deposits and Irrigation Are to Receive Especial Attention in Los Andes

MEN OF ENTERPRISE

(Special to the Monitor)

BUENOS AIRES, A. R.—Through the appointment of a new governor for the territory of Chubut in the south and the visit here on important business of the governor of Los Andes, the various national territories or gobernaciones, are more than usually in the public eye.

The new governor of Chubut, who succeeds Don Alejandro Maiz, is Judge Ruiz Guinazu, who has gained considerable experience in southern territorial matters, having occupied an important position in the judiciary of Rio Negro territory, which borders on Chubut. In an interview outlining his plans, the new governor lays especial stress on the necessity of improving the communications and transportation facilities of the territory and likewise on the importance of profiting to the fullest extent by the results of the census recently decreed. One of the most striking observations made by the new governor had reference to the character of the settlers, who, he said, had to be treated with due consideration of their just pride of what they have accomplished as pioneers. Reference is made to the great power wielded by the police, who are practically arbiters in many sections, and to the necessity of regulating this power, as well as the relations between the governor and the officials, especially those under orders from various federal authorities in the capital.

What brought Don Brigido Zavaleta, the governor of Los Andes, to the capital to confer with the minister of the interior had reference to a number of matters, such as experiments with alfalfa on government land, investigation of recently discovered coal and petroleum deposits, the possibilities or irrigation, and some claims put forward by citizens on parts of public land. The governor takes back with him from the ministry of agriculture a large amount of alfalfa seed for distribution among the inhabitants of his territory, while the same ministry has arranged to send a mining engineer and chemist to Los Andes for the purpose of making a thorough study of the coal and oil resources of the territory. On his return north, the governor will begin the construction of the government house at San Antonio de los Cobres, this being the most favorably, though not centrally, located place for rapid communication.

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BAKERS WANTED—Good position for good men of experience and reliability. GRIDLEY LUNCH CO., 47 Summer st., Boston. 13

BARBER—First-class young American wanted at once. P. H. CARR, Hopedale, Mass. 17

BLACKSMITH—Wanted, a good all-round Blacksmith, first-class horseshoer; steady job year round to good steady man. Apply G. W. GRIME, cor. Bow and Park sts., Beverly, Mass. 15

BLACKSMITH'S HELPER — (Shoeing and carriage work), at Mattapan, $15-16.50. Call STATE FREE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-c stamp for application blank. 14

BLACKSMITH—(Wagon work), $17, at Somerville. Call STATE FREE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-c stamp for application blank. 14

BLACKSMITH AND GENERAL JOBBER wanted; reasonable pay for right man. Address JULIUS MATHIEU, New Hartford, Conn. 17

BOY—Wanted, boy about 16 years of age CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY STORAGE WAREHOUSE CO., North Cambridge, Mass. 14

BOY—We have an opening for a boy to start in the wholesale dry goods business; he must be willing to start at a nominally low salary, with prospects of sure advancement as merited; only those who are in earnest need apply. WALKER STETSON CO., 157 Essex st., Boston. 15

BOY for errand work; good chance to learn business. Apply L. F. WESTON, 686 Massachusetts ave., Central sq., Cambridge, Mass. 17

BRIGHT BOY wanted to learn the machinist trade. L. G. FISK-MOOERS CO., 837 Columbus av., Boston. 14

CANVASSER AND COLLECTOR, in city. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

CARPENTERS, in Cambridge, jobbing work; $2.50 per day. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

CARPENTER (mill and cabinet work), Newton Center; $18-21. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

CARPENTERS for Gilbertsville and Southbridge; work on concrete forms; 30-37½c hr. Call STATE FREE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 13

CARPENTERS at Brighton. $21-$24. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

CHAUFFEUR—Wanted, thoroughly experienced man to drive a motor truck; best references required; $3 a day. STANDARD MOTOR TRUCK CO., 9 Harcourt st., Boston. 17

CLOSER ON, hand presser wanted. H. M. H. SHOE CO., 100 Sea st., Lynn, Mass. 19

COMPOSITORS (2) wanted who thoroughly understand makeup on books; steady position to competent hands. T. MOREY & SON, Greenfield, Mass. 19

COTTON DYER wanted in a middle Atlantic state knitting mill; experienced in mercerized and silk hosiery. C. H. CHISHOLM, Mgr. Dept. of Skilled Labor, 530 Atlantic av., Boston. 13

CUTTER, experienced on velvet and carpet slippers, at Chelsea. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

CYLINDER AND JOB PRESSFEEDERS wanted on register and color work; steady work if satisfactory. THE HANCOCK PRESS, Inc., 316 Union st., Lynn, Mass. 17

CUTTER—Experienced cutter and pattern maker on ladies' silk waists and dresses; good position to right man. BOWDOIN MFG. CO., 611 Washington st., Boston. 17

DESIGNER wanted; German assistant in a New England woolen mill on ladies' dress goods novelties; must understand Jacquard designing; wanted at once. C. H. CHISHOLM, Mgr., 530 Atlantic ave., Boston. 13

DIEMAKER at Pittsfield. Call STATE FREE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-c stamp for application blank. 14

DIEMAKERS—A-1, in Pittsfield. Call STATE FREE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 13

DRAFTSMAN on structural steel; $15. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

DRAFTSMAN wanted experienced in structural steel detailing. CHELMSFORD FOUNDRY CO., Medford, Mass. 17

DROP FORGER—42½c hr., at Lynn. Call STATE FREE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-c stamp for application blank. 14

2ND-CLASS ENGINEER wanted at Waverly, state institution; 6 days, 8 hours; $70 month, board, room and washing. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

3RD-CLASS ENGINEER wanted at Medfield, $15. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

FARM HAND WANTED — Temperate, middle age man for chores and light farm work, one who can milk and is used to horses. S. ADAMS, Coldbrook, Mass. 17

FINISHER—First-class finisher wanted in an eastern state mill, with best practical experience on chinchillas, astrachans, cloakings, etc., principally cotton warp goods; in applying state when above experience was obtained. C. H. CHISholm, Mgr., 530 Atlantic ave., Boston. 13

FURNACE MAN wanted; first-class tinner, roofer and furnace man can have steady job and right wages by applying at once to W. H. RILEY & CO., 48 Pleasant st., Northampton, Mass. 19

GASFITTER and electrician wanted at once. J. G. BEYER, 5 Center st., Malden, Mass. 15

GENERAL WOODWORKER wanted on automobile and carriage bodies; steady work, good pay. CHAUNCEY, THOMAS & CO., 101 Chestnut st., Boston. 13

HANDY MAN wanted in city and Cambridge, $12-$14. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

INSTRUMENT MAKERS in Lynn; 30-32½c hr. Call STATE FREE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 13

INSTRUMENT MAKER—30-32½c, at Lynn. Call STATE FREE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-c stamp for application blank. 14

IRON WORKER (ornamental grill work) wanted in Cambridge; $18-$21. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

LOCAL REPRESENTATIVE for Everybody's, the Delineator and Adventure; a good, steady worker can earn good salary. Write to THE BUTTERICK PUBLISHING CO., Butterick bldg., New York. 19

LOOM FIXER wanted in a New England woolen mill. C. H. CHISHOLM, Mgr., Dept. Skilled Labor, 530 Atlantic av., Boston. 14

BOSTON AND N. E.

HELP WANTED—MALE

MACHINISTS—In Quincy and Lynn; $2.50-3 a day; all-round men. Call STATE FREE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 13

MACHINISTS (all-round men), in city; $15-18. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

MARBLE POLISHERS WANTED. Apply AMERICAN SODA FOUNTAIN CO., 278 Congress st., Boston. 17

MACHINIST—(Bench work), $15-18; at Quincy. Call STATE FREE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-c stamp for application blank. 14

MACHINISTS—(Iron work and crane repairing), 25-27½c hr. at Lynn. Call STATE FREE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-c stamp for application blank. 14

MACHINISTS—(All-round), at Berlin, N. H.; $15-18. Call STATE FREE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-c stamp for application blank. 14

MACHINIST and scraper hand on flat work, steady work to high-grade man. RIVETT LATHE & GRINDER CO., Faneuil station, Brighton, Mass. 17

MARBLE POLISHER wanted, $11. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

MASTER MECHANIC wanted in New England woolen mill, who understands mill work and has first-class engineer's license. C. H. CHISHOLM, mgr. dept. skilled labor, 530 Atlantic av., Boston. 19

MEAT CUTTER wanted; must be honest, temperate and reliable; good position for first-class man. W. O. BLAISDELL, 612 Main st., Winchester, Mass. 14

MEN WANTED, familiar with fitting up work in ornamental iron shop. Apply by letter only to EASTERN BRIDGE & STRUCTURAL CO., station A, Worcester, Mass. 15

METAL PRESSMAN at Everett. Call STATE FREE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-c stamp for application blank. 14

METAL STAMP PRESSMAN wanted at Chelsea. $12-$15. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

MIDDLE-AGED MAN or boy (15 or more) wanted who would like good home, to help about place; wages $5 per month. W. R. LANGMAID, JR., North Lebanon, Me. 14

PAINTERS AND PAPERHANGER; $12. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

PLUMBER wanted for new house work. W. S. SMITH, 84 Winslow av., W. Somerville, Mass. 15

PLUMBERS in city and Wellesley Hills; $21-24. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

PNEUMATIC CHIPPERS at Quincy, $12. Call STATE FREE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-c stamp for application blank. 14

PRESSMAN—Wanted at once, good pressman for job work; work and good pay until Sept 1, fare one way from Boston; give two references. BAR HARBOR PRESS CO., Bar Harbor, Me. 15

PRESS FEEDER for golding. Apply L. F. WESTON, 686 Massachusetts ave., Central sq., Cambridge, Mass. 17

REGISTERED DRUG CLERK, in Dorchester; $15-18. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

ROUGH CARPENTERS at South station, $2.70 day. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

SALESMEN wanted, experienced, thoroughly acquainted with hosiery, underwear and notions for nearby trade; want only wide awake, active, ambitious young men. JOHN R. AINSLEY & CO., Harrison ave., corner Beach st., Boston. 17

SCREW MACHINE HANDS—Hand and automatic; night work; Pratt & Whitney machines. Call STATE FREE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 13

SECOND HAND CARDER wanted in middle Atlantic state woolen mill manufacturing cloakings, cassimeres, overcoatings and general line of woolens; good pay, steady position, good location. C. H. CHISHOLM, mgr. dept. skilled labor, 530 Atlantic av., Boston. 19

SHEAR HANDS, at Everett, $12 up. Call STATE FREE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-c stamp for application blank. 14

SHOE CUTTERS, linings and trimmings, hand work, in city. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

SINGERS wanted for musical comedy, illustrated songs. MOORE AMUSEMENT CO., 218 Tremont st., Boston. 15

STABLEMAN wanted, one who thoroughly understands the livery business; must be temperate and reliable. W. O. BLAISDELL, 612 Main st., Winchester, Mass. 14

STOCK CUTTER (builders' finish), $18, at Newton Centre. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

STOCK CUTTER in planing mill, 20c-22½c hour, at Brattleboro, Vt. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

STONE MASON wanted at Quincy, $21-$24. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

SUSPENDER WEAVERS, experienced, wanted. Apply LAPWORTH WEBBING CO., Brockton, Mass. 13

TAILOR to clean, repair and press at Norwood; $12. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

TEAMSTER wanted to drive furniture team; must be experienced; references required. J. & A. EHRLICH CO., 2147 Washington st., Boston. 17

TEAMSTERS—Three teamsters wanted to work in woods. Address JULIUS MATHIEU, New Hartford, Conn. 17

THE MALDEN GAS CO. wishes to engage several competent salesmen to make demonstrations and follow leads; opportunity to earn from $3 to $5 a day. Apply at the office of the company. MALDEN GAS CO., Malden, Mass. 17

TINSMITHS in Lynn; 27½c hr. Call STATE FREE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 13

TINSMITHS—27½-30c hr., at Lynn. Call STATE FREE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-c stamp for application blank. 14

TOOLMAKERS in Lynn and Pittsfield; on jigs and fixtures; 30-32½c hr. Call STATE FREE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 13

TOOLMAKERS AND MACHINISTS wanted; state age, previous experience and wages expected. E. F. BLODGETT, Lowell Machine Shop, Lowell, Mass. 15

TOOLMAKERS or high-grade machinists wanted. B. F. STURTEVANT CO., Readville, Mass. 15

TOOLMAKERS—On jigs and fixtures; 30-32½c hr., at Lynn and Pittsfield. Call STATE FREE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-c stamp for application blank. 14

TURRET LATHE HANDS in Lynn; Pratt & Whitney machine; 32½c hr. Call STATE FREE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE (free to all) 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 13

TURRET LATHE HANDS—(Pratt & Whitney), 32½c hr., at Lynn. Call STATE FREE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-c stamp for application blank. 14

BOSTON AND N. E.

HELP WANTED—MALE

VAMPERS AND SHOE TIP STITCHERS in city. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

VARNISHER on organ work, 25c-27c hour, at Brattleboro, Vt. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

WAGON WOODWORKER, experienced on new and repair work; must be temperate; steady job; state wages expected. ORCUTT WAGON WORKS, Northampton, Mass. 14

WAITER—Experienced head waiter wanted in commercial hotel where 6 waitresses are employed. J. M. SAUTER, Main st., Winsted, Conn. 19

WEAVERS wanted on woolens and worsteds; 1 and 2-loom work; good work for women weavers. PENTUCKET MILLS, Haverhill, Mass. 17

WEAVERS (4 or 5, male or female), competent on Knowles fancy cassimere broad looms; can accommodate family help. HARTFORD WOOLEN CO., Hartford, Vt. 13

WEAVERS wanted. Apply FAULKNER MFG. CO., N. Billerica, Mass. 19

WIREMAN, experienced on electric equipment on motor cars, wanted at Brighton; $15-$18. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

WOODWORKER (wagon building), $15-$18, at South Boston. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

WOODWORKER—Wanted, a woodworker for light wagon and carriage repairing; apply by letter only. JOHN J. BOOTH, Derby, Conn. 15

WOODTURNER to operate gasoline engine on stock machinery at Milford, N. H. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

ATTENDANTS for state institutions; call Mondays, 10:30-12; bring written references; $20 month, board, room and washing. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 13

BOOKKEEPER wanted in Winchester, double entry; $12-$15. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 13

BOOKKEEPER—Wanted, a young lady who has had some office experience, to assist bookkeeper; apply by letter. McKENNEY & WATERBURY CO., 181 Franklin st., Boston. 14

BOOKKEEPER, d. e., wanted, vicinity Winchester; $12-15 if experienced and capable; best references required. MISS STEVENS' DIRECTORY, rm. 523, 120 Boylston st., Boston. 14

BOOKKEEPER wanted in Back Bay institution; $20-$25 month, board and room. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

BOOKKEEPER wanted in Roxbury, $7-$8. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

COIL WINDERS, in Lynn; $6-9. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

COOK wanted, 5 in family; must be experienced; N. S. or P. E. Island; good reference. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylston st., room 23, Cambridge, Mass. 13

COOK and second girl, sisters or friends; Protestants; $7 and $6 week; no laundry; all modern conveniences. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylston st., room 23, Cambridge. 13

COOKS, all-round, pastry, meat, at once; send references. PERKINS, EMP. AGENCY, Tilton, N. H.

COOK, PARLOR MAID AND KITCHEN MAID—Must have first-class references. MISS MERRICK, 90 Chandler st., Boston; tel. Tre. 593. 13

COOK for institution; good references; no objection to country; also cook for private family. S. MERRICK, 90 Chandler st., Boston. 13

D. E. BOOKKEEPER wanted in city; one who can take charge; $12-$15. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 13

EXPERIENCED LACE SALESWOMEN wanted at once; permanent positions. Apply to Supt's. office, HENRY SIEGEL CO., Boston. 17

Experienced Waitresses

wanted for Filene's new restaurant. Apply to MRS. WARNER, 6th floor of the old building. 15

FACTORY GIRLS. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

FACTORY HANDS in Ludlow, Mass., $6-$10; work guaranteed to whole families. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 13

FINISHERS, STITCHERS AND EXAMINERS on silk waists and dresses. BOWDOIN MFG., 611 Washington st., Boston. 17

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—Wanted for about Sept. 1 at Melrose, capable Protestant girl for general housework; house with every convenience; good wages; 2 in family. MRS. J. H. ALLEN, 264 Grove st., Melrose, Mass. Tel. 149-4 Winthrop. 13

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—Capable girl wanted to do general housework in family of 4. MRS. W. D. K. TAYLOR, 26 Circuit av., Newton Highlands, Mass.; tel. Newton South 254-W. 17

GENERAL MAID wanted, 4 in family, Sept. 1, $6; Protestant, experienced, and reference. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylston st., room 23, Cambridge. 15

GENERAL MAIDS wanted for small families in city and suburbs, $5 and $6 week if experienced. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylston st., room 23, Cambridge. 13

GENERAL MAID, experienced, wanted in small family; no washing; $6 a week. MRS. F. E. ROSENFIEN, 17 Winslow rd., Brookline, Mass. Tel. Brook. 1774-W. 15

GIRLS—Good, smart girls wanted in the manufacture of eye glass cases and jewelry boxes; good pay to start; piece work after learning; work clean, easy and steady. FARRINGTON MFG. CO., 23 Vale st., Roxbury, Mass. 17

HEAD WAITRESS, also waitress, experienced in cafe work. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylston st., room 23, Cambridge. 13

HOUSEKEEPER — Wanted, competent working housekeeper in first-class lodging house. MRS. E. R. FITCHETT, 42 Mt. Vernon st., Boston. 21

HOUSEKEEPER—Working housekeeper wanted in a family of five; one who would appreciate a good home; good wages; references required. MRS. W. B. HORTON, 141 High st., Reading, Mass. 13

HOUSEKEEPER'S ASSISTANT—Young girl who wants good home; small salary, light work, on Maine farm. R. R. HOMER, Bucksport, Me. 15

HOUSEKEEPER AND COOK—Institution places waiting. Call at MISS BAGLEY'S, 36 Boylston st., room 2, Boston. 17

HOUSEWORK—Woman wanted to do entire housework for mother and daughter; good home but small pay (about $3). MRS. A. E. TILDEN, 29 Norris st., N. Cambridge, Mass. 14

LABELLER (23-30) in Cambridge, $6. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 13

MAID wanted in Winthrop, 3 in family, $5, as general help, plain cook. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylston st., room 23, Cambridge, Mass. 13

MARKERS AND SORTERS, in East Boston; $8-10. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., or send 2-cent stamp for application blank 14

BOSTON AND N. E.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

MARKER AND SORTER wanted in East Boston, $8-$10. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 13

MIDDLE-AGED PROTESTANT WOMAN wanted as housekeeper in family of 2; cooking, plain; heat house; only those who would like a quiet home need apply. ADDISON H. RAMSDELL, Medway, Mass. 19

MILL HANDS in Hillsboro, N. H.; inexperienced $7, experience $9-$10; work guaranteed for whole families. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 13

MOTHER'S HELPER—Two young girls wanted as mothers' helpers. Call at MISS BAGLEY'S, 36 Boylston st., room 2, Boston. 17

SALESGIRL, in Winthrop; $5-6. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

SALESGIRL, in West Roxbury, on candy and soda; $6 and board. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

SINGERS wanted for musical comedy, illustrated songs. MOORE AMUSEMENT CO., 218 Tremont st., Boston. 15

STENOGRAPHER wanted in Roxbury, $8; Smith-Premier machine. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 13

STENOGRAPHERS wanted in Watertown for temporary and permanent work, $10-$12; 23-25 years old; Smith Premier machine, also Fisher billing. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 13

STENOGRAPHER wanted; capable young woman; good references; $10 start. MISS STEVENS' DIRECTORY, 120 Boylston st., Boston, rm. 523. 14

STENOGRAPHER wanted in manager's office. Apply to MR. CRAFTS, Commonwealth Hotel, 86 Bowdoin st., Beacon Hill, Boston. 14

STENOGRAPHER wanted in Jamaica Plain, $10-$12; Royal machine; one month's work. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 13

STENOGRAPHER wanted, Protestant; one who is able to do billing and is quick at figures; good hours and good pay. MABEL HEFLER, 202 Central av., Pawtucket, R. I. 13

STENOGRAPHER—Wanted, experienced stenographer and operator on double keyboard, substitute; $12-$15; apply at once. BARLOCK TYPEWRITER AGENCY, 309 Washington st., room 22, Boston. 17

STENOGRAPHER wanted in Watertown, $10-$12. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

STENOGRAPHER wanted in city, $6. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

STENOGRAPHER wanted in city; some bookkeeping; Hebrew preferred; $10-$12. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

STENOGRAPHER wanted in city; some bookkeeping; $12-$15 Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

STENOGRAPHER wanted at Waverley, state instituiton; $35 month, board and rm. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

STENOGRAPHER AND BOOKKEEPER wanted in city; $10-$12; temporary. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

STENOGRAPHER wanted in city; $8; temporary. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

STITCHERS (power) in Newton Lower Falls; $6 to start, then piecework. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 13

STITCHER—Young girl wanted. ROBBINS & LAWRENCE, 205 Huntington Chambers, Boston. 14

STITCHERS (power), in Newton Lower Falls; $6 to start. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

SUSPENDER WEAVERS, experienced, wanted. Apply LAPWORTH WEBBING CO., Brockton, Mass. 13

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, in city hotel, three weeks work; $20 and board. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., or send for application blank. 14

TWO REFINED YOUNG WOMEN, good appearance, fair singing voice, wanted for vaudeville act; experience not necessary. MOORE AMUSEMENT CO., 173A Tremont st., room 3, Boston. 19

TYPIST, in city, card work; $7; temporary. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

WAITRESSES wanted; steady position and no Sunday work for experienced girls. GRIDLEY'S, 47 Summer st., Boston. 13

WAITRESSES for city and beach; call 10-12 a. m. and 2-3 p. m. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 13

WAITRESSES (10) for Nantasket and Pemberton. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 13

WAITRESS wanted to accommodate for 2 weeks, Aug. 12 to Aug. 24; no Sundays. JOHN P. HANLON (Bakers Lunch), 12 La Grange st., Boston. 14

WAITRESSES AND CHAMBERMAIDS call at once; places waiting. MISS BAGLEY, 36 Boylston st., room 2, Boston. 17

WAITRESS AND CHAMBERMAIDS. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., or send 2-cent stamp for application blank. 14

WAITRESS—Bright young lady with experience. HOOD RUBBER CO. RESTAURANT, Watertown, Mass. 19

WANTED—Experienced girls for paper box work. L. W. BROWN, 31 Taylor st., Springfield, Mass. 17

WANTED in 2 families living side by side, 2 girls; must be neat and good plain cooks. MRS. RUFUS J. SMITH, 30 Elgin st., Newton Center, Mass. 13

WEAVERS (4 or 5, male or female), competent on Knowles fancy cassimere broad looms; can accommodate family help. HARTFORD WOOLEN CO., Hartford, Vt. 13

WEAVERS wanted. Apply FAULKNER MFG. CO., N. Billerica, Mass. 19

WOMAN (American), refined, middle-aged preferred, who thoroughly understands stationery and who has had Boston store experience, wanted by Boston store to take charge of department; all replies confidential. Address JOHN SEGERSON, 140 Boylston st., Boston. 17

WOMEN wanted; machine operators, inspectors and hand workers. BAY STATE CORSET CO., Springfield, Mass. 13

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER or mother's helper wanted; reliable woman to cooperate in housework and care of 2 children. MRS. C. C. IDE, 283 High st., West Medford, Mass.; tel. 396-4 Med. 14

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

ACCOUNTANT AND BOOKKEEPER—Experienced gas and electric accounts, wants position; furnish best of reference. Address CHAS. H. S. WETMORE, 44 Orkney rd., Brookline, Mass.

ASSISTANT TO EXECUTIVE desires position; married; experienced in manufacturing, reorganizing and mill development; knows English and German; best of references. CONRAD HIBBELER, 83 Tobey st., Providence, R. I. 17

BOSTON AND N. E.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

BAKER—Second baker desires permanent situation on bread and cake work; steady and reliable. JAMES SMITH, 38 Dale st., Roxbury, Mass. 14

BOY (16) to make himself useful about small place; good home for reliable person; moderate wages. MRS. M. H. NEWMAN, Comstock Hill, Norwalk, Conn. 17

BOY (16) would like position with opportunity to learn trade. Address JOSEPH GOLDMAN, 81 Leverett st., Boston. 19

BRASS FINISHER AND BUFFER wishes good steady position with reliable concern. A. MARTEL, Box 407, Lowell, Mass. 17

CARETAKER — Married man, experienced in caring for cottage on gentleman's summer estate; now or next spring; first class references. FRANK REED, 74 Camden st., Boston Mass. 17

CARETAKER—Wanted by young Protestant couple with best references, position as caretaker or general work on gentleman's estate. FRANK GALLETTY, 7 Winthrop st., Charlestown, Mass. 14

CARETAKER—Middle-aged man, married, lately from Scotland, desires position to take care of gentleman's estate; can take care of horses and cows and do any light work; good testimonials. DOUGLAS, 20 High st., Brookline, Mass. 19

CHAUFFEUR—Careful driver, good repair man, wants position, private family; temperate; reference. E. S. CLARKE, 58 W. Dedham st., Boston. 13

CHAUFFEUR (colored), 28, wishes position with private family; careful driver; make own repairs; good reference. PAUL Z. ZIEGLER, 14 Burbank st., Boston. 13

CHAUFFEUR—I would like to find situation for a young colored chauffeur who has been in our employ for 4 years; can recommend him highly for honesty, ability and carefulness. Apply to GEORGE E. TENT, 93 Arch st., Boston. Tel. Fort Hill 1095. 13

CHAUFFEUR—Young man desires position in private family; no objection to other light work; good character and obliging. THOMAS H. NISBET, 172 Huntington av., Boston; tel. B. B. 21966. 14

CHAUFFEUR desires position for afternoons and Sundays; one year's garage experience; graduate of Y. M. C. A.; single (22); best references. SAMUEL OCCHIPINTI, 19 Pitts st., Boston. 14

CHAUFFEUR—39 years, desires position private family; experienced on Packard, Ford, Cadillac cars; garage experience; best references; go anywhere. HERBERT E. LOVERING, 1 Robinson st., Dorchester, Mass. 17

CHAUFFEUR (Scotch, 29, single) wants situation; understands stable and garden work; willing and obliging; go anywhere; best references. CHARLES FAIRWEATHER, 30 Cliff st., Roxbury, Mass. 15

CHAUFFEUR wants position; can run any car; willing to do general work; does own repairs; references from privae family. OTTO STOLL, 16 Draper st., Dorchester, Mass. 19

COMPOSITOR (20), years' experience, wishes position at once; references if desired. CHARLES HENRY COLWILL, 332 Washington st., Dorchester, Mass. 14

COOK OR BUTLER—Frenchman; would go as general man; first class reference; no objection to the country. MISS MERRICK, 90 Chandler st., Boston, Mass. Tel. Lee 593. 13

COOK AND BUTLER—Man and wife, having good reference, desire position; no objection to the country. MISS MERRICK, 90 Chandler st., Boston, Mass. Tel. Lee 593. 13

COOK—Wanted, position in a school as pastry cook; can do all-round cooking; married; temperate, reliable; best of references. WILLIAM M. BRAGDON, 4 Pearl st., Lynn, Mass. 17

CORRESPONDENT — Gentleman (29), speaking English, German and Spanish, seeks position in office as correspondent or translator. EMIL WHITMAN, 294 Ruggles st., Boston. 15

DOUBLE ENTRY BOOKKEEPER, exceptionally quick and accurate at figures. GEORGE B. COBURN, 144 Vine st., Hartford, Conn. 19

DRIVER—Young man, capable, temperate, would like outside work such as driving a laundry or grocery team; good recommendations. CALVIN C. BLANCHARD, 11 Malbon pl., Eliot sq., Roxbury. 19

ENGINEER, residence N. Brookfield, age 53, married, awaits an offer. Mention 7606. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., or tel. Oxford 2960. 17

ENGINEER, first-class, desires position; 25 years' experience; strictly temperate and reliable; best references; disengaged after Sept. 1. WALTER A. TOWLE, Forge Village, Mass. 19

EXECUTIVE WORK wanted at a moderate salary to start; have had a varied and broad experience—for a number of years as publisher of books; highest credentials. EZRA W. REID, 420 Boylston st., Boston. 17

FARMER (married) wants position on farm; good wages expected. ARTHUR E. BURNHAM, Box 83, Farmington, Conn. 14

FOREMAN MACHINISTS, residence Lowell, age 34, married, $25; good references and experience. Mention 7604. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., or tel. Oxford 2960. 17

FOREMAN AGRICULTURE, residence Arlington, age 42, married, $4 day; best of references and experience. Mention 7607. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., or tel. Oxford 2960. 17

GENERAL WORK—Middle-aged man will work for room and board; city or country; references. JOHN G. BLAGDON, 74 India st., Boston. 13

GENERAL WORK—Protestant girl for light housework in family of 3 adults; small house; go home nights. MRS. DELLA LUCAS, 43 Allston st., Allston, Mass. 17

HIDE AND SKIN BUYER OR SALESMAN—Ten years' experience as manager and secretary of a large company in England; best of references; total abstainer; 35 years of age. F. LEES, Beacon Chambers, Boston. 15

HOUSEMAN OR BUTLER—Young man (colored) would like place in private family; good habits; willing to work; will go any place. Address ARTHUR JENKINS, 155 Northampton st., Boston. 14

JANITOR—Situation wanted by steady, reliable young man experienced as janitor and all-around mechanic. WM. BROWN, 5 Malden st., South End, Boston, Mass. 13

JANITOR—Young man (colored) wants situation; understands steam heating; good recommendations. WILLIAM M. HARRIS, 749 Shawmut av., Roxbury, Mass. 15

JANITOR (colored, married) wants position in apartment house; best references. DAVID B. YOUNG, 1 Beaudreaus ct., Malden, Mass. 19

JANITOR or caretaker—Experienced man (married), capable of doing general repairs, wants position; best of references. WALTER A. BINNS, 1608 Cambridge st., Cambridge, Mass. 19

LANDSCAPE GARDENER, residence Arlington, age 42, married, $4 day; good references and experience. Mention 7607. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., or tel. Oxford 2960. 17

MACHINIST, experienced in dies, tools and general manufacturing, desires position as foreman or superintendent, Boston or vicinity; references. A. T. BOWER, 121 Billings rd., Norfolk Downs, Mass. 19

MAN AND WIFE (colored) want work together; man to do stable work, woman to cook; will go out of town. GEORGE BRITTON, 16 Village st., Boston. 14

MAN wants position with real estate firm; start at bottom; will give bond. THOMAS F. MALONEY, 1420 Tremont st., Boston. 13

MAN of ability desires position with automobile concern where honest and faithful work will assure advancement. CHARLES H. MERRILL, 19 Ivy st., suite 3, Boston. 14

MANAGER—Reliable man with high-class business references and bond, if required, wants position as manager or clerk of apartment house. C. T. REED, suite 1, 4 Hollander st., Roxbury. 19

NIGHT WATCHMAN (45, married), desires position; trustworthy and strictly temperate. JOHN E. McGARIGLE, 24 Union av., Jamaica Plain, Mass. 15

BOSTON AND N. E.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMAN, residence Somerville, age 41, married, $18 week to start; best of references and experience. Mention 7608. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., or tel. Oxford 2960. 17

PAINTER wishes good reliable position; temperate, honest, steady; will go anywhere. A. MARTEL, Box 407, Lowell, Mass. 17

PORTER (colored) wants position with reliable people; furnish best of references. A. MARTEL, Box 407, Lowell, Mass. 17

RELIABLE MAN wants position in real estate office as collector, canvasser, etc. CHAS. HUNTINGTON, 106 Myrtle st., Lawrence, Mass. 14

SALESMAN with experience in paint and chemical lines desires inside position or will travel locally; now employed; best of references. CLIFFORD E. CARD, 8 Portland st., Boston. 13

SALESMAN desires position immediately, wholesale or retail; had 6 years' experience; can furnish best of references. Address GEORGE HEIDERMAN, 16 Dudley st., North Cambridge, Mass. 13

STENOGRAPHER and bookkeeper (18, single, residence South Boston), $7; mention 7583. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960.

STOCK FARM HAND—American (37), single, strictly temperate, industrious, reliable, capable of taking charge, desires position; best references. JAMES H. DALEY, South st., Bridgewater, Mass. 17

STOCKKEEPER, experienced, with best of references, wishes to change his position; $20 per week. RICHARD JOHN BLACK, 109 Walnut st., Lynn, Mass. 17

TEACHER—German and French teacher, Barnard and Teachers College, Columbia graduate, with New York city high school experience, desires position for the fall. MISS RITA HOCHHEIMER, Camp Chocorua, Tamworth, N. H. 17

TEAMSTER desires position; fully acquainted with Boston and suburbs; references furnished. Address GEORGE W. DAVIS, 397 Northampton st., Boston. 19

TRAVELING SALESMAN—I am open to an immediate engagement with reputable house requiring the services of a resourceful, tactful salesman (27) with thorough New England experience; reasonable salary; best references. ARTHUR O. BENSON, 619 Eastern av., Malden, Mass. 14

UPHOLSTERER wants employment; 28 years' experience; best of reference. Apply by letter only. D. J. FITZPATRICK, 53 Suffolk st., Chelsea, Mass. 13

UPHOLSTERER wants work, all branches; private families; apply by letter only. D. J. FITZPATRICK, 2954 Washington st., Boston. 19

WATCHMAN—Wanted by middle aged man, position as watchman or caretaker of offices or lodging houses; experienced and trustworthy. L. A. TILSON, care N. V. Blodgett, Lower Waterford, Vt. 13

WEAVER wants position as overseer in reliable corporation on colored and plain work. A. MARTEL, Box 407, Lowell, Mass. 17

YOUNG MAN 20 years of age wants position of any kind; will go anywhere; poultry farm preferred. WALTER GRACE, 350 Bremen st., East Boston, Mass. 13

YOUNG MAN of 18 would like employment with chance for advancement; good education; salary no object. BENJAMIN DAVIS, 211 Chelsea st., E. Boston, Mass. 13

YOUNG MAN (19) wants employment Saturday afternoons and evenings; experienced salesman, gentlemen's furnishings, but will accept other work; A1 references. JULIAN B. REED, 7 Vine st., Melrose Highlands, Mass. 13

YOUNG MAN (16), grammar school graduate, wants employment; office work preferred; highest testimonials. MAX SHERMAN, 56 Gorham st., West Somerville, Mass. 14

YOUNG MAN, capable, temperate, wants work of any kind; $12 week. WM. E. MERRILL, 7 Taylor st., Watertown, Mass. 15

YOUNG MAN desires position at a good hotel or restaurant at summer resort, sea preferred, but will go anywhere for a good position. FRANK H. CHERRIER, 49 Johnston st., Lynn, Mass. 16

YOUNG MARRIED COUPLE would like employment on modern farm; mechanical education; good business experience; handy with tools and machinery; anxious to learn practical farming. W. H. LAFIELD, JR., 8 Moreland st., Boston. 17

YOUNG MAN desires position in mill; operates worsted Knowles loom. Address FRANK H. CHERRIER, 49 Johnston st., Lynn, Mass. 17

YOUNG MAN (19) with 3 years' high school education, desires any general work with good future. JOSEPH LEDERMAN, 35 Lena pk., Dorchester, Mass. 19

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

ASSISTANT—Lady of refinement, with business experience, wishes position in office as assistant, or manager in a home for an elderly couple; very best references given and required. Address A. O. NEILL, 192 West Brookline st., Boston. 17

ATTENDANT — Experienced, refined middle-aged woman will do the necessary waiting on elderly person; reference; about $8 a week. MISS MARGARET LOGAN, 61 E. Newton st., Boston. 19

BOOKKEEPER, double entry and typist, residence Charlestown, age 27, single, $15 week. Mention 7603. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., or tel. Oxford 2960. 17

CARETAKER—Wanted by young Protestant couple with best references, position as caretakers or general work on gentleman's estate. FRANK GALLETTY, 7 Winthrop st., Charlestown, Mass. 14

CARETAKER—Lady of wide experience wishes position with young or elderly person; highest references; salary $50 monthly at least. E. S. UTLEY, 66 Church st., Ware, Mass. 14

CLEANING—Reliable woman (colored) would like position; morning work or apartments to care for; first-class laundress. MRS. A. PAUL, Suite 6, 646 Shawmut av., Roxbury, Mass. 17

CLERK—Wanted, by a trustworthy woman, position as clerk in a store or as assistant in office work; references given. Address MISS LILLIAN MAXWELL, 46 Library st., Revere, Mass. 13

COMPANION—Wanted by a middle-aged woman, position as companion or attendant to an elderly lady or gentleman; would help with other work if required; Boston preferred; please address by letter only. MRS. MARY GILFORD, 417 Broadway, Chelsea, Mass. 19

COMPANION — Desire position as attendant and companion about Sept. 1; best of references. MISS L. M. QUIGLEY, 46 Lexington st., East Boston. 19

COMPANION—Position wanted by lady of education, travel and experience, or to take charge in home; city or country; references exchanged. E. S. UTLEY, 66 Church st., Ware, Mass. 14

COMPANION—English woman desires position as companion or ladies' maid; would travel ANNIE RUDD, 163 Cabot st., Beverly, Mass. 14

COMPANION—Position wanted as assistant or attendant by young American lady; references. MISS ALICE WASHBURN, 32 Florence st., Malden, Mass. 17

COOK, willing to work in school or institution; first-class references; also kitchen maid. MISS MERRICK, 90 Chandler st., Boston; tel. Tre. 593. 13

COOK—An experienced Protestant woman of middle age wishes position as cook; best of references. Call, or address MARGARET SALTER, 44 Montgomery st., Boston. 13

COOK AND BUTLER—Man and wife having good reference, desire position; no objection to the country. MISS MERRICK, 90 Chandler st., Boston, Mass. Tel. Lee 593. 13

COOK AND SECOND GIRL, together or separate, seashore or country; good reference. MISS MERRICK, 90 Chandler st., Boston; tel. Tre. 593. 13

COOK wants position at seashore or country; neat, capable Nova Scotia girl Call MISS KING'S, 609 Washington st., Boston 1[illegible]

For a free advertisement write your "wants" on separate piece of paper and attach it to blank at top of page 2.

Classified Advertisements

The advertisements upon this page are inserted free and persons interested must exercise discretion in all correspondence concerning the same.

SPACE IS NOT GIVEN ON THIS PAGE TO ADVERTISEMENTS FOR PERSONS WANTED TO HANDLE GOODS ON COMMISSION OR TO ADVERTISEMENTS SOLICITING BUSINESS PATRONAGE

BOSTON AND N. E.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

COOK—Situation wanted by a capable cook; seashore or country; good references. Apply to MISS McCREHAN, 126 Massachusetts ave., cor. Boylston st. 17

COOK—Situation wanted by a capable cook, Nova Scotian; good references. Apply to MISS McCREHAN, 126 Massachusetts ave., cor. Boylston st. 17

COOK AND SECOND MAID, very competent, excellent references. MISS BAGLEY, 36 Boylston st., room 2. 17

COOK AND BUTLER—Married couple, woman cook, man butler or general. MISS BAGLEY, 36 Boylston st., room 2. 17

DAY WORK wanted by American woman. ADA M. FISHER, 43 Neponset av., Dorchester, Mass. 15

DRESSMAKER OR SEAMSTRESS wishes some daily engagements; $1.35 day; $6 a week, board and room; first-class work and style. MRS. E. ROLLINS, 7 Oakland av., Roxbury, Mass. 14

DRESSMAKER wants work, cutting and fitting, in city store; $1.50 day; satisfaction guaranteed. HELEN ARTHUR, 204 Warren st., Roxbury, Mass. 15

DRESSMAKER desires position; fitting a specialty; knows Boston system. Address MARY A. JENKINS, 75 Pleasant st., Cambridge, Mass. 19

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER wants work 2 days a week; competent, reliable white woman; private families only. Address M. E. FLORA, 1489 Washington st., Boston. 13

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—Colored woman desires employment by the day or permanent position; references. HANNAH COOPER, 9 Woodbury st., Boston. 13

GENERAL HOUSEWORK — Woman (Swedish), living in Somerville, would like day work, laundry or cleaning. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylston st., room 23, Cambridge, Mass. 13

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—Colored girl desires employment in or near city. Address C. TAYLOR, 62 Williams st., Roxbury, Mass. 17

GENERAL HOUSEWORK assistant desires position in family of 3 adults. MRS. L. L. MORSE, 963 Valley st., Manchester, N. H. 14

GENERAL HOUSEWORK position desired by neat, capable and trustworthy English girl; excellent cook and laundress; can take charge if required; city, country or seashore; moderate pay. MISS KING'S, 699 Washington st., Boston. 14

GENERAL HOUSEWORK position wanted by a German, Protestan; trustworthy and reliable; 2 in family; address by letter only. A. W. BRINCKMAN, 453 Shawmut av., Boston. 15

GENERAL HOUSEWORK and all-round cook wants situation; good references. ELIZABETH CAMPBELL, 16 St. Charles st., Boston. 15

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—Woman desires housework, washing or ironing, by day or hour. MISS ELIZABETH R. SPELLMAN, 71 West Brookline st., Boston. 19

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—Position desired where assistance in light housework can be given in exchange for schooling and clothes; must be Christian home; references. ELSIE M. LEZZETTE, 66 Bowers st., West Medford, Mass. 19

GENERAL MAID—Situation wanted by neat, capable, general girl. Apply to MISS McCREHAN, 126 Massachusetts ave., cor. Boylston st. 17

HOTEL COOKS, meat and pastry, all-round, for seashore or country. Call MISS KING'S, 690 Washington st., Boston. 14

HOUSEKEEPER, competent to take full charge in refined home where other help is kept; Protestant; any time after 12th; reliable reference. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylston st., room 23, Cambridge, Mass. Tel 2859. 13

HOUSEKEEPER—Position as housekeeper desired by refined English woman; Protestant; thoroughly understands her business; A1 references. Address MISS C. S. WILMOT, 220 W. Newton st., Suite 2, Boston. 17

HOUSEKEEPER desires position in country. Address MRS. SARAH A. MELLEN, Box 94, Salem Depot, N. H. 17

HOUSEKEEPER—Wanted by refined American woman of ability and address, position as managing or working housekeeper; distance no objection if satisfactory. MRS. A. SNOW, 34 Whiting st., Roxbury, Mass. 13

HOUSEKEEPER — Middle-aged lady would like position in small family or take charge of apartment. Address MRS. F. W. MORRIS, 29 Wellington st., Boston. 17

HOUSEKEEPER — Position desired in small family by woman of culture; references. GEORGIANA OULTON, 2556 Washington st., Roxbury, Mass. 14

HOUSEKEEPER—German woman (32), competent, with a child, desires position; good cook; references. MRS. MILLER, Box 101, Elmwood, Mass. 15

HOUSEKEEPER—Woman with 7-year-old child wants position as working housekeeper for elderly couple; good worker and reliable. MRS. A. B. LEZZSETTE, 66 Bowers st., W. Medford, Mass. 13

LADY of refinement would care for a nice home during the owner's absence this winter, for the use of 2-3 rooms for light housekeeping for self and daughter; parties going abroad would find this a good opportunity to have their home carefully cared for; would go to near suberb place convenient to cars, steam or elec.; very best references furnished. Address MRS. A. O. NEILL, 192 W. Brookline st., Boston. 19

LAUNDRESS—Swedish woman desires employment by the day. J. JOHNSON, 18 Cunard st., Roxbury, Mass. 19

LAUNDRESS (colored) desires day work. Address MRS. W. HAYES, 28 Northfield st., Boston. Answer by mail. 15

LAUNDRESS, Protestant, wants laundry work or cleaning by the day; will also accommodate at cooking by day or week. EMMA WESTON, 10 Tabor pl., Brookline, Mass. 17

LAUNDRESS (colored girl) would like laundry work by the day. Address GILMORE, 26 Kendall st., Roxbury, Mass. 17

LAUNDRY WORK wanted by woman by day or hour. MISS E. J. HIGGINS, 366 Shawmut av., Boston. 14

MAIDS—Three general maids, young, neat, willing girls, very best references. MISS BAGLEY, 36 Boylston st., room 2. 17

MAN AND WIFE (colored) want work together; man to do stable work, woman to cook; will go out of town. GEORGE BRITTON, 16 Village st., Boston. 14

MOTHER'S ASSISTANT desires position; good sewer; country preferred. MISS S. A. MILES, 23 Brevoort place, Brooklyn, N. Y. 17

MOTHER'S HELPER—Woman desires position as mother's helper; a good home at a summer resort in preference to high wages. Add[illegible]ss MRS. HENRY GRANT PARKS, H[illegible]n, Mass. 15

NURSE[illegible]ID—Middle-aged woman would li[illegible] small children; could assist with [illegible] MRS. L. C. MANCHESTER, 123 Da[illegible] Dorchester, Mass. 17

NURSERY M[illegible] or chamber maid; neat colored girl would like position. Address MARY BROWN, 64 Richdale ave., North Cambridge, Mass. 13

NURSERY MAID—Young lady desires position with a Boston family to take care of one or more children; has had some experience in kindergarten work; references. Write MISS L. M. FOURNIER, Wells Beach, Fowlehurst, Me. 13

NURSERYMAIDS (2, Protestants) would like positions to care for one or two children; experienced; references. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylston st., room 23, Cambridge, Mass. 13

NURSERYMAID (19) would like position to care for one or two children in nice family in or near Cambridge. MISS LORETTA DEVINE, 9 Union st., Cambridge, Mass. 13

OFFICE ASSISTANT—Young lady desires position; experienced; references. HARRIETTE ROGERS, 11 Columbus sq., Boston. 14

PIANIST wants position to teach in college or private school, or to do concert work with musical clubs. HARRIETT R. CALLVER, 1318 Commonwealth av., Allston, Mass. 17

BOSTON AND N. E.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

PROTESTANT GIRL (17) desires position in home with adults, will do light housework; $1 per week, with chance to practise music two hours a day. Address ELSIE ECKERT, 213 Eustis st., Boston. 17

SALESLADY—Young woman of refinement desires position as saleslady, private secretary or caretaker in nice home. Address MRS. A. D. NEILL, 192 W. Brookline st., Boston. 17

SEAMSTRESS—Woman wants sewing or other work (no washing). MRS. STEVENS, 49 Sharon st., Boston. 14

SEAMSTRESS—Lady (Protestant, middle-aged) desires employment in plain sewing or mending. MRS. J. A. DICKINSON, 15 Tower st., Forest Hills, Mass. 15

SECRETARY to executive or other position of responsibility desired by capable young woman, competent accountant and stenographer; 10 years' business experience, one in bank; best of references. MISS ROSE L. BINGHAM, 183 Essex st., Boston; tel. Ox. 309. 13

SECOND WORK wanted by a young girl. Apply to MISS McCREHAN, 126 Massachusetts ave., cor. Boylston st. 17

SPECIALTY SALESWOMAN, experienced, desires position to travel or take management of crew; would cover local cities. MRS. WOOL, 154 West Newton st., Boston. 19

SUPERVISING HOUSEKEEPER — New England lady of experience wants position in first-class institution, hotel or private family; city or country; references exchanged. E. S. UTLEY, 66 Church st., Ware, Mass. 14

STUDENT, N. E. Conservatory, wants room and board with slight remuneration in return for household duties; light cooking if desired; references exchanged. H. E. KENNEY, 5 Strathmore rd., suite 1, Brookline, Mass. 15

REFINED, CAPABLE WOMAN (Protestant), experienced in traveling, would like position as chaperone or companion-attendant, or would take charge of college dormitories; best of reference. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylston st., room 23, Cambridge, Mass. Tel. 2859. 13

TAILORESS wants position; good all-round hand; buttonholes a specialty; 14 years' experience in England. MISS ANNIE DODDS, 290 Broadway, Lawrence, Mass. 19

TEACHER (25, Protestant), A. B. degree, Radcliffe College, one year's successful experience, desires position in high school; subjects, history, French; salary $700. MISS FLORENCE DRISCOLL, Y. W. C. A., Cambridge, Mass. 15

TEACHER, eighth and ninth-grade work, desires position; has had four years' experience; one year departmental work in high school. W. BERYL FISHER, 18 Sacramento place, Cambridge, Mass. 17

WOMAN would like to care for elderly couple or to travel. MISS SUSAN FITZGERALD, 4 Burton av., Roxbury, Mass. 15

WOMAN, reliable, wants work by day or hour; best references. SARAH DILL, 122 Morrison av., West Somerville. 15

YOUNG GIRL desires position as a fancy ironer; out of town, the cape preferred. Address MISS KATHARINE AHARZ, 8 Riverside st., Roxbury, Mass. 19

YOUNG LADY (20) would like position selling in small store; experienced in neckwear; references. MISS GLADYS E. WHITNEY, 50 Elliot st., Melrose, Mass. 17

YOUNG MARRIED COUPLE would like employment on modern farm; mechanical education; good business experience; handy with tools and machinery; anxious to learn practical farming. W. H. LAFIELD, Jr., 8 Moreland st., Boston. 17

YOUNG TEACHER with primary and grammar experience wishes to do tutoring, day or evening; also clerical work evenings; typewriting. MYRA FLOWER, Box 485, Provincetown, Mass. 19

EASTERN STATES

HELP WANTED—MALE

BLANKET FINISHER, first-class, wanted in a middle Atlantic state woolen mill. C. H. CHISHOLM, Mgr., Dept. Skilled Labor, 530 Atlantic av., Boston. 19

LOCAL REPRESENTATIVE for Everybody's, the Delineator and Adventure; a good steady worker can earn good salary. Write to THE BUTTERICK PUBLISHING CO., Butterick bldg., New York. 13

LOCAL REPRESENTATIVE for Everybody's, the Delineator and Adventure; a good, steady worker can earn good salary. Write to THE BUTTERICK PUBLISHING CO., Butterick bldg., New York. 14

LOCAL REPRESENTATIVE for Everybody's, the Delineator and Adventure; a good, steady worker can earn good salary. Write to THE BUTTERICK PUBLISHING CO., Butterick bldg., New York. 14

OFFICE SPECIALTY MEN—RONEO CO., 371 Broadway, New York, makers of high grade office appliances, require the services of several good office specialty men for New York city territory; those who succeed will be given control of other cities and have opportunity to qualify for branch managerships; apply by letter only, stating qualifications, experience, age, etc.; salary and commission basis. 13

OFFICE BOY—Wide-awake, intelligent boy can obtain a good position with prospects; nominal salary to start. Address W. S. McPHAIL, V-S Undermuslin Co., 200 Fifth ave., New York. 13

PIPE ORGAN BUILDERS wanted; good men in all branches; voicers, metal hands, console hands, and men experienced in electric action; permanent employment for suitable men. THE RUDOLPH WURLITZER MFG. CO., North Tonawanda, N. Y. 14

SALESMAN wanted for men's neckwear in middle West, also Southwest; state lowest compensation desired. DIXIE MFG. CO., 114 East 28th st., New York. 14

SECOND HAND CARDER wanted in middle Atlantic state woolen mill manufacturing cloakings, cassimeres, overcoatings and general line of woolens; good pay, steady position, good location. C. H. CHISHOLM, mgr. dept. skilled labor, 530 Atlantic av., Boston. 19

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

CARD FILER—High-class publishing house desires the services of an expert card filer with some executive ability to take charge of filing department; also experienced subscription clerk. Address R. C. SHOUP, 31 E. 17th st., New York city. 19

HOUSEKEEPER, competent, wanted for high-class boarding house; nothing menial; excellent position and home; moderate salary. EVELYN LOAGE, 71 Central av., Tompkinsville, N. Y. 15

LOCAL REPRESENTATIVE for Everybody's, the Delineator and Adventure; a good, steady worker can earn good salary. Write to THE BUTTERICK PUBLISHING CO., Butterick bldg., New York. 14

MOTHER'S HELPER wanted for country. Address MRS. RALPH OAKLEY, 126 Riverside drive, New York city. 13

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

ARTIST, competent, high class illustrator, wishes to connect with large, growing advertising agency; wide experience. A. CONWAY PEYTON, 15 W. 67th st., New York city. 17

BOY would like position in office. Address ALDRED CAMPBELL, 808 S. 19th st., Philadelphia, Pa. 13

BUTLER (colored), first-class, thoroughly competent, neat and tidy, desires permanent situation; first-class references; go anywhere. JOSHUA B. MATTHEWS JR., 127 Michigan av., Atlantic City, N. J. 14

CHAUFFEUR (colored), licensed, wishes position in private family; references; city or country. Address ROBERT WRIGHT, White Hall Inn, Bryn Mawr, Pa. 13

COACHMAN, 10 years' experience, desires position on private place; references; strictly temperate. ELMER A. TOWNSEND, Sodus, N. Y. 17

COMPANION—Position wanted as traveling companion; acquainted every city, state and territory, also British Columbia; educated, single, age 42; newspaper writer. Address J. D. HARRISON, St. Cathrine st., Lewisburg, Pa. 17

ELEVATOR MAN or porter desires employment; young, married, experienced; references. JOHN BRANUWHITE, 215 E. 28th st., New York city. 15

EASTERN STATES

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

EXPERIENCED SALESMAN WANTED—A young and enterprising house with ample capital and exceptionally good manufacturing facilities desires to get in touch with an experienced salesman who can approach manufacturers of specialties and trade marked goods on a display proposition; apply with references stating whom you have worked for, etc. J. A. NONES, the Selmore Co., 428 Broadway, New York city. 17

GENERAL MAN—Young married man desires work; good habits. Address WM. J. AYRES, 1653 North Alder st., Philadelphia, Pa. 14

GENERAL MAN, colored, desires position in private family or general work of any kind in city or country. Address WILLIAM ROBINSON, 611 S. 15th st., Philadelphia. 17

LITERARY WORKER (45), graduate in sciences, letters, law, widely traveled, keen observer, possessing a wide knowledge and broad views, author, linguist, experienced research worker, desires permanent or temporary employment; would write articles on almost any subject, coach would-be author, travel or accept secretaryship. C. GRANDPIERRE, 473 W. 21st st., New York. 19

MAIL ORDER MAN of executive ability and business judgment; 10 years of practical experience; well versed in merchandise; thoroughly experienced in compiling catalogues, preparing advertisements, handling correspondence and all the details of the mail order business, desires connection with growing firm where such services can be utilized to advantage. SAMUEL EDELMAN, 764 E. 161st st., New York city. 13

MAN AND WIFE would like position in private family; good references. Address WILLIAM IVES, 841 N. 16th st., Philadelphia. 15

MAN (colored) wants position as janitor or other work. BOTHWELL ATHOL BROWNE, 33 W. 99th st, New York. 19

MARRIED COUPLES—Butler, wife as maid or chambermaid; English; would take entire charge of house; good experience; apply by letter only. F. RICKETTS, 309 Pitney av., Atlantic City, N. J. 19

MIDDLE-AGED MAN wants work where reliability and trustworthiness is appreciated. JAMES BRADY, 92 North st., Rochester, N. Y. 17

MUSICIAN, flutist, formerly with the U. S. Marine Band, wants position in or around Boston; hotel or theater orchestra. MICHAEL A. RICHTER, 126 W. Washington st., Bath, Steuben county, N. Y. 17

PAINTER, KALSOMINER, all-round mechanic, married, German American, wants position; handy with tools; private estate or owners. WILLIAM KLINGERSCHNITT, 635 W. 42nd st., New York city. 15

PORTER—Colored man wants place as porter or driver. ROBERT PRESOR, 611 Budd st., West Philadelphia. 15

PORTER—Position wanted as porter, watchman or special policeman, by a married man of good appearance; steady and reliable; good references. J. H. HARDY, care Oliver, 222 E. 57th st., New York city. 17

POSITION wanted as superintendent of building; 20 years' experience with electric plants; can give good references. Address J. D. WRIGHT, 18th Armory Reg., Pittsburgh, Pa. 17

REPRESENTATIVE—An American with English business experience would represent firm wishing to extend its activities in London; age 37; splendid references. EDWARD H. MARKISON, 243 W. 71st st., New York. 17

REPUTABLE ATTORNEY seeks salaried connection with mercantile or industrial concern; would take entire charge of collections and advise in business negotiations. CHARLES M. FISHER, 255 West 113th st., New York. 19

SALESMAN (30) desires position; good worker, pleasing address; 3 years in millinery business, familiar with interior decorating, pottery and art glass. W. C. MELLSOP JR., 1867 7th av., New York. 19

SECRETARIAL or other responsible position requiring initiative and tact; experienced in office management and systematizing, also handling of agents; highest credentials; 37. ROBERT BLAIR, P. O. Box 175, Westfield, N. J. 14

SECRETARY—Young man (30), with legal, business and newspaper experience, seeks position as private secretary or office manager; best references. R. C. RABY, 255 W. 113th st., New York. 13

SHORT ORDER COOK, 3 years' experience, desires steady position; strictly temperate. ELMER TAYLOR, 62 North st., Rochester, N. Y. 17

STEWARD (40, married), 4½ years assistant steward in New York club, speaks French, German, English, good references, seeks position in or near New York city. GOTTFRIED TARGGLER, 401 E. 68th st., New York. 15

STENOGRAPHER—Young man (22), stenographer and assistant bookkeeper, with 3 years' experience in correspondence, desires position with advancement; A1 references; asks $12 per week. Address WARREN F. GILLIGAN, 1977 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, N. Y. 17

SUPERINTENDENT—Married man, no children, wants position as superintendent in first-class elevator house; 3 years' reference from last place. JOHN McLENNON, 517 W. 159th st., New York city. 15

SWEDISH PROTESTANT MAN desires work of any kind; Newark, N. J., or vicinity; references. G. O. NORDLINGER, 48 S. 17th st., East Orange, N. J. 17

TEACHER—German and French teacher, Barnard and Teachers College, Columbia graduate, with New York city high school experience, desires position for the fall. MISS RITA HOCHHEIMER, Camp Chocorua, Tamworth, N. H. 17

YOUNG MAN (18) seeks position with advancement; neat and accurate; references. DAVID SCHULKIND, 116 Columbia st., New York city. 13

YOUNG MAN, good upholsterer, desires position in large hotel, where he can make himself useful in taking care of furniture and carpets, or any other kind of work. L. SUKANY, 725 New Market st., Philadelphia, Pa. 14

YOUNG MAN desires steady position in anything offering advancement; will go anywhere. HARRY SHULTZ, 2 Market st., Rochester, N. Y. 17

YOUNG MAN, strictly temperate, desires position on private place, gardening, etc. JOHN BODELL, 71 Park av., Rochester, N. Y. 17

YOUNG MASS. MAN (31), married, executive ability, adaptability, 6 years' factory foreman, 4 years' varied mechanical experience, at present employed, would like position near Boston. Address H. P. THATCHER, 101 Clerk st., Jersey City, N. J. 15

YOUNG MAN wishes position, private or commercial; 7 years' experience; A1 reference. FRANK CARLIN, 369 West 117th st., New York; tel. 1160 Morningside. 19

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER desires position; has had 3 years' experience; references furnished. ANNA E. JENKINS, 750 McDonough st., Brooklyn, N. Y. 17

BUYER of jewelry, leather goods, silverware and kindred lines desires position; 16 years' experience, 12 years with one firm; best references. MRS. CHARLOTTE L. BARANDON, 203 W. 106th st., New York city. 17

CLERK—Young lady wishes position as file clerk or assistant cashier; experienced. ETHEL A. MacLEOD, 203 E. 17th st., New York city. 19

COMPANION, young woman, wants position with lady. MISS M. FISCHEL, 308 W. 140th st., New York city. 17

COMPANION OR MANAGING HOUSEKEEPER—Young woman, refined, educated, would give house services, except cooking, for board; eastern city; boarding house experience. ELLEN McDERMOTT, 2513 So. Warnnock st., Philadelphia. 17

COMPANION—Graduate, experienced, desires position as traveling companion, or in a home of refinement; highest credentials. MISS E. GRACE THACKSTON, 1503 Pacific av., Atlantic City, N. J. 17

COMPANION—Lady (American), experienced, wants position. SUSAN DARE, 409 E. 58th st., New York. 15

EASTERN STATES

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

COMPANION OR CHAPERON—Refined, educated woman desires position; cheerful disposition, good reader and singer; can teach singing; best references. MRS. SILENCE TOWER, Box 139, Camp Hill, Pa. 17

COMPANION—Position wanted as companion, assistant or attendant by young American woman; in Connecticut or near New York preferred. RUTH CRANWELL, 102 Hague st., Jersey City Heights, N. J. 15

COOK—Young colored woman wants position in New York city; good cook and first-class laundress. ALBERTA SIMPSON, 1803 Third av., New York. 13

CORRESPONDENT—Young woman with executive ability, capable of taking full charge of stenographic department, mail order sales promoter, desires position with reliable New York firm. MAY F. HALL, 310 W. 148th st., New York city. 19

DRESSMAKER, experienced, desires employment. Address LITTLEFIELD, 3047 Hull av., Bronx, New York city. 17

DRESSMAKER, first-class, 7 years' successful experience, desires work by the day, cutting, fitting and remodeling; city reference. MRS. E. GARDNER, 16 W. 31st st., New York. 17

EXPERIENCED OFFICE MANAGER, cashier, department supervisor, expert file clerk, capable all lines, A1 references, seeks position; letter only. MISS BOWERS, 175 Prospect pl., Brooklyn, N. Y. 17

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—Young woman with 2 children desires employment. MRS. T. W. CUPPELS, 545 W 12th st., Philadelphia, Pa. 13

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—Woman, experienced, wants day's work, washing, ironing, cleaning. MRS. MARGARET LEE, care Mrs. Hynes, 436 West 53d st., New York. 15

GOVERNESS, Swiss-French, educated, speaks good English, desires position with children of 5 years and up; apply by letter only. MLLE. I. MARENDAZ, Huguenot Home, 237 W. 24th st., New York city. 13

HOUSEKEEPER—A French high class manager and housekeeper for large establishment; accustomed to managing large staff of help, catering, entertainments, etc.; years of experience; reference can be investigated. Apply by letter only. M. O. GASPERMENT, 302 W. 137th st., New York city. 17

HOUSEKEEPER—Refined woman, with daughter attending school, desires position as managing housekeeper; best reference. Address or phone MRS. MARNAN, 238 S. 8th st., Philadelphia. 19

HOUSEKEEPER—Capable middle-aged lady of experience would like position where other help is kept; available after October; southern city or town preferred; references exchanged. MRS. M. J. BENEDICT, Washington st., Chattarugus, N. Y. 15

HOUSEKEEPER—Refined, capable woman with well bred daughter (11) wishes position in apartment house or private family, New York city. MRS. KATHRYN KEER, 207 N. 13th st., Philadelphia. 15

HOUSEKEPER—Woman, refined, educated, desires employment; capable of taking entire charge; or would like entire charge of child; refined surroundings and pleasant work more sought than money. MRS. MORE, 9 W. 98th st., New York. 15

LADY, elderly, refined, educated, wishes light employment; good reader; accustomed to clerical work; would address envelopes, etc. MRS. ELLEN BEER, 384 Halsey st., Brooklyn, N. Y. 15

LAUNDRESS — Woman desires day's work or washing; satisfaction guaranteed. Apply MRS. H. E. SPENCER, 51 W. 131st st., New York city. 15

MAID—Refined Italian young lady (understands a little English) seeks immediate position in good family as maid, governess, companion, or any place of trust; would travel; small salary; good references. Address, care FRABASILIS, Suite 1114-1116, 135 Broadway, New York. 19

MAN AND WIFE would like position in private family; good references. Address WILLIAM IVES, 841 N. 16th st., Philadelphia. 15

MANUSCRIPT REVISER, proofreader and reviewer desires position; literary woman; New York preferred. Address MISS AGNES THOMPSON, General Delivery, OTTAWA, Ont., Can. 19

SECRETARY to executive or other position of responsibility desired by capable young woman, competent accountant and stenographer; 10 years' business experience, one in bank; best of references. MISS ROSE L. BINGHAM, 183 Essex st., Boston; tel. Ox. 309. 13

The Place You Need May Be Found in the MONITOR'S "Help Wanted" Columns

If it is not, try a "Situation Wanted" ad. Free. See Page 2.

EASTERN STATES

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

REFINED WOMAN, experienced in welfare work in department store, desires position in first-class house; can manage help; references. MRS. J. W. OSBORNE, 82 Verplanck st., Buffalo, N. Y. 17

SHORTHAND TEACHER desires position; holds Benn Pitman certificate. Address MISS LIDA MAKINSON, 1309 N. Myrtlewood av., Philadelphia. 19

SINGER, experienced, desires position as soprano soloist in church in New York city. MRS. LEE SCHWEIGER, 851 Hunts Point av., Bronx, N. Y. 14

MANUSCRIPT REVISER, proofreader and reviewer desires employment; literary woman; first-class work. ALICE BRADLEY, East Aurora, N. Y. 13

STENOGRAPHER — Competent business woman (colored) desires good position; long experience in Chicago and government service in Washington, D. C.; reference. MRS. EMMA PARKS-WARING, 218 W. 133d st., New York. 13

STENOGRAPHER — Visiting secretary wishes engagements by the hour or by the job; is competent stenographer and typist; has had literary experience; owns typewriter. MISS NEWFIELD, 622 W. 113th st., New York city. 17

STENOGRAPHER, 6 years' experience in editorial work, refined, well educated; $20; would accept law situation. MARTHA C. BAKER, 201 West 81st st., New York. 15

TEACHER, experienced in public and private work, wants first, second or third primary position, first year preferred; excellent training, excellent references. ELIZABETH SCHAFER, 5160 Ogden st., Philadelphia. 14

YOUNG WOMAN wishes housework; has 2 children, 3 years and 6 months. MRS. F. W. CUPPELS, 545 W. 12th st., Philadelphia, Pa. 19

CENTRAL STATES

HELP WANTED—MALE

BOSS FINISHER wanted in a western woolen mill; state wages wanted. C. H. CHISHOLM, Mgr., 530 Atlantic ave., Boston. 13

BUYER wanted, experienced, to manage premium department; one thoroughly familiar with all details of trading stamp business. THE KROGER GROCERY & BAKING CO., Eden Park Enerance, Cincinnati, O. 17

FOREMAN — Owner of good farm in Newton county, Indiana, needs first-class foreman and wife; no other need apply; references required. G. K. WENTWORTH, room 608, 8 S. Dearborn st., Chicago. 17

HOUSEMAN wanted; Protestant; one who can act as attendant for elderly gentleman. S. V. MESSMER, 2845 Lemp av., St. Louis, Mo. 13

LOCAL REPRESENTATIVE for Everybody's, the Delineator and Adventure; a good, steady worker can earn good salary. Write to THE BUTTERICK PUBLISHING CO., Butterick bldg., New York. 19

MANAGER wanted for factory producing candy, crackers, cakes, extracts, baking powder, etc.; must be a high class man; A1 opening. THE KROGER GROCERY & BAKING CO., Eden Park Entrance, Cincinnati, O. 17

WANTED—Tie makers to go into new territory on M. H. and L. railroad, between Lexa and Arkansas river; buy timber and deliver ties on railroad, at good prices, Mo. P. inspection. I have 1300 acres bought that I'll turn over to men with ability. Write JUNE DAVIDSON, Holly Grove, Ark. 17

YOUNG MAN wanted to sell The Christian Science Monitor on the streets of business section, Cleveland, O.; good opportunity for right man. Address JOINT LITERATURE COMM., 728 Osborn bldg., Cleveland, O. 14

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

COMPANION—Wanted, reliable lady as companion and to assist in light housework; all modern conveniences; family of 2; right party can have permanent home; state price. MRS. C. PEARCE, 521 Park av., Iowa Falls, Ia. 13

DRESSMAKER wanted by lady, to make home with her. MRS. E. A. HARMAN, Box 223, Irwin, Ia. 14

EXPERIENCED GIRL wanted for housework and to care for children; must be trustworthy; state references. Address MRS. ETHEL BESSE, 306 W. Seventh st., Pittsburg, Kan. 17

FOREMAN—Owner of good farm in Newton county, Indiana, needs first-class foreman and wife; no other need apply; references required. G. K. WENTWORTH, room 608, 8 S. Dearborn st., Chicago. 17

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—Steady, capable girl wanted by lady living alone; good home for right person; references exchanged. MRS. H. ROSENBLATT, 1015 Chapin st., Beloit, Wis. 19

NURSERY MAID—Wanted an elderly woman or young girl to take care of 3-yr. old baby for a good home and small wages. MRS. W. J. PHILLIPS, 5660 Ontario st., Austin, Ill. 17

NURSERY GOVERNESS OR MOTHER'S HELPER wanted, French or Belgium, Protestant, not necessarily speaking English; good home, moderate wages. MRS. HALCOLM ELLIS, 17 S. Arlington ave., East Orange, N. J. 17

OPERATORS AND HAND SEWERS wanted, experienced on ladies' dresses; best workrooms and highest prices paid. A. H. FLANDERS CO., 412 S. 5th ave., Chicago. 17

SKIRT MAKER, experienced, wanted on ladies' tailored skirts; steady work. NYE & HERING, 29 E. Madison st., rm. 1815, Chicago. 15

WANTED by Sept. 1, an experienced milliner, maker and trimmer; also helper and apprentice for first-class hat shop; Protestant only. B. F. FIELD, 2nd floor, 1467 E. 53rd st., Chicago. Tel. 6163 Hyde Park. 14

WANTED—One good girl for general housework; steady position for competent help. MRS. MARY KERCHESTER, 107 W. Park ave., Champaign, Ill. 17

YOUNG GIRL wanted to assist with housework and learn dressmaking and millinery and make herself generally useful for board and room; an excellent opportunity for the right party; Protestant only (white). B. F. FIELD, 1467 E. 53rd st., 2nd floor, Chicago. Tel. 6163 Hyde Park. 14

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR—Young man (20) desires position as solicitor or reporter; 2 years' experience in newspaper work. R. G. TAFT, Kalamazoo Gazette, Kalamazoo, Mich. 13

BOOKKEEPER—Situation wanted as bookkeeper or commercial salesman; married. J. M. BABCOCK, 476 American av., Milwaukee, Wis. 13

BOOKKEEPER—Young man (31) wants position in Kansas City, Mo., as assistant bookkeeper, or to do general office work; experienced bookkeeper and stenographer. C. K. MAXWELL, 315 E. 47th st., Kansas City, Mo. 19

BUTLER desires situation; thoroughly experienced; good references. Apply W. GODOLPHIN, Lake Geneva, Wis. 17

CABINET MAKER desires position; canework a specialty; also willing to do any kind of work. Address FRANK ZWENR, 216 N. 41st ave., Chicago. 17

CARPENTER wants jobbing; small contracts preferred; satisfaction guaranteed. NICHOLAS LYND, 953 E. 52d st., Chicago, Ill. 13

CARPENTER—Situation wanted as factory carpenter; can do crating, packing and shipping; good references. H. SCHUFFT, 1217 Larrabee st., Chicago. 15

CARPET LAYER—Situation wanted by a first-class carpet layer; 30 years' experience; good references. Address WM. LEE LIGHBECKER, 608 So. Oakley blvd., Chicago. 14

CHAUFFEUR—Young man desires position as chauffeur in private family. Address HENRY VOGEL, 390 Dayton ave., St. Paul, Minn. 17

CLERK—Man, 22; experienced in wholesale cloaks, suits, millinery, desires position; makes the most of his opportunities. WILLIAM HIRSCH, 492 E. 123d st., Cleveland, O. 13

CENTRAL STATES

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

DESIGNER AND ENGRAVER, lithograph, desires a change; 10 years' experience; $25. WM. H. PETERS, 1036 Dayton st., Cincinnati, O. 17

LITHOGRAPHIC TRANSFER, first-class, 10 years' experience on zinc and stone; can furnish the best of references; will go anywhere. HENRY J. POERTNER, 4111 Maffitt av., St. Louis, Mo. 14

MACHINIST desires position requiring technical and practical information; has technical training in mechanical engineering, inventive ability and working foremanship experience in machine building and general repairing. GEORGE T. HILLS, 2561 Parks av., Chicago. 15

MAN—Age 31, wishes employment; have some experience in building construction and plan reading. WM. JUNIUS, 3343 N. Hoyne av., Chicago, Ill. 13

MAN of 10 years' experience in shop, drawing office and engineering work, and familiar with material specification and order departments, wants executive position; age 30. W. E. SMITH, 6140 Lexington av., Chicago. 17

POULTRYMAN, experienced, wants position as manager or assistant on poultry farm. L. M. BELL, 39 S. State st., Chicago. 14

SALESMAN—Position desired by man speaking four languages; can cover 5 states. Address JOHN J. KUBU, 281 Liberty st., Conneaut, O. 15

SHIPPING CLERK OR VALET—Neat young colored man desires position; high school education; 4 years' government employ; references. BURKE, 5233 Armour av., Chicago. 15

STOREKEEPER who is honest, trustworthy and who can be thoroughly depended upon to work for the interest of an employer, wants to run commissary or general store for lumber company or any firm that runs store for profit of company and for the benefit of employees; will gladly furnish first-class references and bond. Address EBERT THULEN, 620 Fellow st., South Bend, Ind. 14

TEACHER, 10 years' experience, desires position as grade school principal or instructor of commercial subjects; best references. CLARENCE E. WELLNER, care Industrial School, St. Anthony, Ida. 19

TRAVELING SALESMAN—Ten years' wholesale hardware experience, successful salesman, clean record; prefer manufacturer's line to jobbing trade with headquarters in St. Louis. C. B. GARRISON, Harrison st., Fairfield, Ia. 17

YOUNG COLLEGE MAN with mechanical engineering training, gas engine, automobile work and some electrical experience, wants position along mechanical engineering lines. Address RUDOLPH REDLICH Jr., 2219 Dayton st., Chicago. 13

YOUNG MAN (American), good habits, student at art school in Chicago wants position to work outside school hours. NOEL FULTON, 4 W. Ontario st., apart. 4, Chicago. 14

YOUNG MAN desires position in the West; railroad and architect office experience. A. D. CANDRIAN, 1265 Glenlake av., Chicago. 15

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

ATTENDANT wants position; experienced; capable of taking charge; or would care for elderly couple; can furnish the best of references. F. A. LUBEN, 153 East Ontario st., Chicago. 17

CASHIER wants position, 15 years, experience in grocery and market; very best reference. NAIN MASON RITCHIE, 5483 Kimbark ave., Chicago, Ill. 17

COMPANION or social secretary—Lady of refinement desires position. M. C. MACARTHUR, 106 Home av., Oak Park, Ill. 15

COMPANION—Young woman desires position as companion for lady or couple, evenings, in exchange for good home. Address BERTHA E. MORTON, 1958 W. 50th st., Cleveland, O. 17

DEMONSTRATOR wants position; 10 years' successful experience demonstrating and as saleswoman in leading department stores in western and southern cities; references. MRS. M. WILLIAMS, flat 52, 3032 South Park av., Chicago. 15

DRESSMAKER AND SEAMSTRESS desires work in private family or shop; Hyde Park and vicinity preferred. MRS. G. W. CHACE, 5343 Madison av., Chicago. 14

GOVERNESS—College graduate, German, French linguist, experience in teaching; best references; no objection to traveling. EDITH F. ALLEN, 1449 Fargo av., Chicago; phone Rogers Pk. 8063. 14

KINDERGARTNER—Young woman of culture and ability wishes position as kindergartner or work with children in private home; good references. MISS NELLE ROBERTS, 61 Washington pl., Chicago. 14

KINDERGARTEN TEACHER, holding certificate, is desirous of position; kindergarten or sub primary. MISS A. P. COOK, 711 W. Kalamazoo av., Kalamazoo, Mich. 15

OFFICE ASSISTANT, Protestant, desires position; familiar with general office work; best references; $10 to start. MISS JOSEPHINE HOLVORSEN, 3522 N. 43rd ave., Chicago, Ill. Phone Irving 7692. 13

PIANIST—Young lady, fine concert pianist and teacher, just returned from five years' study abroad, desires position in good school. MISS JESSIE KING, 5 Sixth ave., La Grange, Ill. 17

SALESWOMAN, suit and coat, wants position; best references. MRS. LAURA CHAMBERLAIN, 216 East Park st., Springfield, Mo. 15

SECOND MAID—Situation wanted by neat first-class colored girl; reference; experienced; no objection to suburbs. ELOISE PHILLIPS, 5338 Dearborn st., Chicago. 15

SECRETARY to executive or other position of responsibility desired by capable young woman, competent accountant and stenographer; 10 years' business experience, one in bank; best of references. MISS ROSE L. BINGHAM, 183 Essex st., Boston; tel. Ox. 309. 13

TEACHER—Graduate University of Minnesota; nationality, French; splendid education in French; can teach science, English, economics, physical culture. Address BLANCHE B. GRAND-MAITRE, 2610 W. Fortieth st., Minneapolis, Minn. 17

TEACHER—Position as primary teacher wanted by young lady having two years' experience; can furnish references. MISS MARY F. DRAKE, 2526 N. Delaware st., Indianapolis, Ind. 17

WOMAN with daughter (11) wishes position with family of adults; capable as housekeeper or seamstress; pleasant home considered first; references exchanged. MRS. CAROLINE CROOKE, 729 E. av., Sheldon, Ia. 14

WESTERN STATES

HELP WANTED—MALE

BANK man with experience and ability wants responsible position with bank in Southwest; references. E. L. CARSON, Bowling Green, Ky. 15

BOSS FINISHER wanted in a western woolen mill; state wages wanted. C. H. CHISHOLM, Mgr., 530 Atlantic ave., Boston. 13

CELLIST wanted for trio work; good opportunity for experience; coached by one of Detroit's foremost teachers; compensation of secondary importance. ALFRED B. FRANK, 75 Valpey bldg., Detroit, Mich. 13

DYER wanted in western state woolen mill; raw cotton stock, wool stock, piece dyes, also skein dyeing. C. H. CHISHOLM, mgr. dept. skilled labor, 530 Atlantic av., Boston. 19

EXPERIENCED SOLICITOR wanted for office supplies and stationery. Address ARROW PRESS, 66 W. Second South st., Salt Lake, Utah. 17

LOCAL REPRESENTATIVE for Everybody's, the Delineator and Adventure; a good, steady worker can earn good salary. Write to THE BUTTERICK PUBLISHING CO., Butterick bldg., New York. 19

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

PIANIST wants position to teach in college or private school, or to do concert work with musical clubs. HARRIETT R. CALLVER, 1318 Commonwealth av., Allston, Mass. 17

WESTERN STATES

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

SHOW CARD WRITER or linen marker desires position; California or Southwest preferred, but would go anywhere. C. S. BANGS, Holden pl., Boston. 15

STENOGRAPHER, 3 years' experienced in general office work; good reference. LESTRA A. WILLIAMS, 594 W. 1st st., Provo City, Utah. 17

SOUTHERN STATES

HELP WANTED—MALE

LOCAL REPRESENTATIVE for Everybody's, the Delineator and Adventure; a good, steady worker can earn good salary. Write to THE BUTTERICK PUBLISHING CO., Butterick bldg., New York. 14

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

COTTON BUYER—Young man with 8 years' experience, weighing, classing and buying, wants position paying $125 per month in Carolinas or Georgia; A1 references. Address CHAS. O. LE NOIR, Box 312, Goldsboro, N. C. 17

MIDDLE-AGED GENTLEMAN of experience in general banking business and mercantile bookkeeping, at present employed, desires a change; best references furnished; have no objections to leaving the city. Address W. L. MOORE, 1437 Court av., Memphis, Tenn. 14

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

COMPANION—Lady, middle-aged, wants position as companion, attendant or housekeeper in private family; Richmond, Va., or vicinity; best references. MISS EMMA BELL, 302 No. Madison st., Staunton, Va. 13

HOUSEKEEPER—Refined lady with 3-year-old boy wants position as managing housekeeper. MRS. E. M. MURRAY, 1711 S. 10th st., Waco, Tex. 15

ORGANIST—Church and concert; good accompanist and sight reader, desires church engagement from Sept. 1. K. DAVIS RAYMOND, 210 W. Chestnut st., Louisville, Ky. 13

STENOGRAPHER—15 years experience as court reporter, wishes any permanent employment in Chicago or vicinity; $18-20. E. C. WINGER, Point Pleasant, W. Va. 13

WANTED—Position in high-grade music house by young lady of splendid ability; both in piano and voice; references given. Address MISS CLAIRE WINDSOR, Uvalde, Tex. 17

PACIFIC COAST

HELP WANTED—MALE

LOCAL REPRESENTATIVE for Everybody's, the Delineator and Adventure; a good, steady worker can earn good salary. Write to THE BUTTERICK PUBLISHING CO., Butterick bldg., New York. 19

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

AUDITOR and bookkeeper desires position; 30 years' experience in all kinds of clerical work; knowledge of local fire insurance. SAMUEL H. GARRICK, P. O. Box 478, San Diego, Cal. 19

CLERK—Desires position with book store or similar concern anywhere in California; good references; speaks English and German well. JOSEPH HUSSBAUER, 1249 Franklin st., San Francisco, Cal. 17

GARDENER, experienced in planting vegetables, cultivating flowers, attending to lawns, caring for grounds generally, wishes employment. JOHN F. MORGAN, Station A, Pasadena, Cal. 19

GOOD DANISH COOK wants position in California as housekeeper or cook, has best of references. MRS. B. ANDERSEN, 315 W. Third st., Jamestown, N. Y. 17

LABORATORY ASSISTANT — Youth (19) desires situation in laboratory; several years' assistant experience in technical institutes. J. STOLL-BAILEY, 117 Lower Richmond rd., Putney, Eng. 15

NEWSPAPER EDITOR (29) of 11 years' experience, large city and "town" dailies, seeks immediate opening; dependable, resourceful, temperate, hard worker; will go anywhere; ask for details. R. V. HARDON, care Times, Vallejo, Cal. 17

OFFICE WORK wanted by middle-aged gentleman; 12 years last position; railroad work preferred; first-class references. A. K. CONRAD, 1063 North Soto st., Los Angeles, Cal. 19

OPERATOR — Folding machine (non-union), wishes position; capable; willing to work. JOHN SNYDER, 629 Court st., Los Angeles, Cal. 17

RAILROAD ACCOUNTANT, practical, 20 years' experience, station agent, soliciting agent, chief traveling auditor, wants position. HUGH M. HENDERSON, 72 Andover av., San Francisco, Cal. 15

TEAMSTER—Experienced middle aged man, with 10-year old son, wishes position on ranch as teamster or chore man; Christian home and good accommodations desired. J. T. JENSON, E. 514 Princeton av., Spokane, Wash. 13

YOUNG MAN (22), German, not afraid to work, good education, appearance, etc., speaks English, wishes position at anything by Sept. 1; references furnished; state particulars in letter. Address G. H. BIELITZ, care G. H. Hecke, Woodland, Cal. 19

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

COMPANION—Lady desires position as companion; would travel or act as housekeeper (chatelaine) in small family; diploma from state of Washington. MRS. C. H. ELDRIDGE, R. F. D. 1 (route), Prosser, Wash. 14

DRESSMAKER desires position; cuts, fits and remodels; goes out by the day. MRS. J. L. PYLES, 7523 54th av., S. E., Portland, Ore. Phone Tabor 1900. 15

HOUSEKEEPER — Position wanted by reliable woman with a little girl three years old, as housekeeper or helper with housework. MRS. JULIA THOMPSON, 3212 Huron st., Los Angeles, Cal. 17

HOUSEKEEPER OR SEAMSTRESS desires position in private family; more for home than salary. MRS. MAYME KIRBY, 100 Worster ave., Pasadena, Cal. 17

SHOW CARD WRITER or linen marker desires position; California or southwest preferred, but would go anywhere. C. S. BANGS, Holden pl., Boston. 15

CANADA — FOREIGN

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

BOOKKEEPER desires position, not necessarily limited to bookkeeping. FRANK S. ROSS, 175 Beatrice st., Toronto, Ont., Can. 14

CHAUFFEUR seeks position, 5 years' experience, can do running repairs, also understands game and dogs. COLIN ROBINSON, Heath road, "Glais," South Wales, Eng. 17

HIDE AND SKIN BUYER OR SALESMAN—Ten years' experience as manager and secretary of a large company in England; best of references; total abstainer; 35 years of age. F. LEES, Beacon Chambers, Boston. 15

REPRESENTATIVE—An American with English business experience would represent firm wishing to extend its activities in London; age 37; splendid references. EDWARD H. MARKISON, 243 W. 71st st., New York. 17

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

HOTEL MANAGER—English woman desires position as manager or housekeeper in good class hotel; capable and can give good references. MISS F. G. BALES, Park House, Grimsbys Beach, Ontario, Can. 17

SECOND MAID—English girl desires position in private family; capable and trustworthy. MISS ANNIE JOHNSON, the Chateau Laurier, Ottawa, Can. 19

TRAVELING COMPANION—Position desired by lady as secretary or traveling companion; good reader and correspondent, excellent traveler, French and German, accustomed to entertaining. MISS L. COULSON, 11 Keble rd., Oxford, Eng. 19

BAY STATE NEWS BRIEFS

STONEHAM

Preparations for several public meetings and rallies and for organized work here in behalf of Theodore Roosevelt and the Progressive party are being made by the new Roosevelt Club which has been formed by several hundred supporters. Ralph H. Holman is president, Warren L. Fletcher vice-president, Ira Godding secretary and George C. Perry treasurer.

Representative A. N. Newhall, reporting for the Board of Trade committee on state armory, says that the armory commission will find it necessary to look up in England a title to the estate on Main street, bought from Preston Richardson of Kingston, R. I., before work can begin. It is expected that a start will be made by the first of September.

DORCHESTER

Maurice R. Smith, director of swimming at Tenean beach, is planning a gala day for the swimmers of this district and suburbs for next week in which there will be land and water sports for all classes of swimmers. This day will probably close the events at that popular beach for the season.

Work on the duck pond being constructed at Franklin park is rapidly nearing completion. Much of the deep blasting is done and when this is finished the other work will be easily accomplished in a short time.

READING

William G. Currier, former secretary of the local Y. M. C. A., has completed the course of study in the normal school of Hyannis, which he left here to take up, and will become principal of the institution next September.

The King's Heralds of the Old South Methodist Episcopal church are having an all-week lawn party and fair at Terrace hall, the estate of Albert G. Barber, chairman of the North Reading selectmen. The proceeds will be added to the church building fund.

NEEDHAM

Work on the new church building for Christ Episcopal church, which is to be erected at Highland avenue and Rosemary street, will begin early in 1913. Bishop Lawrence will select the architect, who will meet with the vestry early in September to discuss plans.

The rebuilding of Highland avenue between Rosemary and Chapel streets is completed and the street has been opened for traffic.

NORWELL

Two more field days are booked at Ridge hill grove this month. Next Saturday the Sons of Veterans camps of Abington and Rockland will have a field day there and on the following Saturday the members of the Nelson Lowell camp of Hanover will have a field day. The annual field day of the Rockland Central Labor Union will be held at the grove on Labor day.

ROXBURY

An athletic meet for the boys of this district will be held Saturday afternoon at the Columbus avenue playgrounds. The running track has been improved for this meet and a number of appliances made for the many events to be conducted. The winners in the day's program will be qualified for the finals to be held at Franklin field on Aug. 31.

NEWTON

The Veteran Firemen's Association of this city has completed arrangements for participating in the annual muster of the New England Veteran Firemen's League, which will be held in Chelsea on Aug. 22. The hand tub Nonantum is being put in shape and practise will be held the latter part of the week.

WHITMAN

The annual outing of the Whitman grange will be held Tuesday of next week at Lake Monponsett, where the members will be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Willett.

NEW DAM IN THE ANDROSCOGGIN TO BENEFIT TOWNS

LEWISTON, Me. — The Union Water Power Company of Lewiston in conjunction with other interests of the river, has decided to build a dam at the Pond-in-the-River this fall, says the Express-Advertiser.

This spot is between middle dam and Lake Umbagog and the dam has long been considered one of the prospective improvements in the water storage of the Androscoggin river. During the discussion of the original proposition to lower the outlet of the lakes, this project was put forth as an alternative, and it has always been looked forward to as an essential in handling waste waters.

The dam, the site of which has been long since surveyed, will take about two or three months to build. It will be of logs, the material for which is now being gotten out. A broad, flat apron will first be built and with this the piers and gates will be constructed. Sawyer & Moulton will be the engineers and constructors of the work.

CLOCK MADE FOR TRAVELERS

A modern traveling clock shows the popular tendency to compression. It is as flat as an unfilled wallet and can easily be slipped in a hand bag says the Indianapolis News.

One of the newest has the clock—an eight-day affair, about the size of a man's watch—a barometer and thermometer combined. Thus the traveler can not only tell the hour of each day, but the probable weather she will have for her outings.

ARLINGTON

At the seventeenth annual meeting and reunion of the Frost Family Association these officers were elected: President, J. F. Frost of Belmont; vice-presidents, Miss Etta Frost of Belmont, Miss Mabel Hoyt of Birds landing, Cal., Arthur A. Frost of Des Moines, Ia., A. H. Frost of Rockford, Ill., Mrs. Justus L. Cozard of Cleveland, O., Dr. Edward L. Frost of Buffalo, N. Y., George H. Frost of Plainfield, N. Y., the Rev. W. G. Frost of Berea, Ky., Gen. Russell Frost of Norwalk, Conn., Walter C. Frost of Colorado Springs, Col., Fred W. Frost of Berwick, Me., and Charles A. Frost of Manchester, N. H.; corresponding secretary, John E. Frost of Newtonville; recording secretary and treasurer, Mrs. G. H. Frost of West Newton; historian, Norman S. Frost of Petaluma, Cal.; executive committee, G. H. Frost of West Newton, Harold L. Frost and William N. Winn of Arlington. The Frost family is now preparing a history of the family under the direction of the historian, Norman S. Frost of Petaluma, Cal. It is soon to be published.

MIDDLEBORO

Middleboro lodge, B. P. O. E., will hold a carnival at Lakeside Sept. 4, 5, 6 and 7. A committee has been appointed to make the arrangements.

Selectman Charles N. Atwood has filed papers for the nomination for Republican representative from this district this fall.

A band concert was given by the Commercial band at Everett square last evening.

The neighborhood convention of evangelical churches which was planned to be held at Wareham next month has been postponed.

CONCORD

The annual meeting of the Norwegian-Danish Methodist ministers of the eastern states is to be held here this week in the Concord Scandinavian Methodist Episcopal church, and the sessions will open this evening at 7.45 o'clock with a reception to the ministers. A program of singing and speaking will be given under the direction of the Rev. S. A. Norlemann, pastor of the church; the Rev. Andrew Hansen of Brooklyn, N. Y., and the Rev. B. O. J. Bakken of Brooklyn, N. Y.

WEYMOUTH

The Pond Plain Improvement Association has purchased of Lowell Thomas five acres of land on Pond street, where it is purposed to erect a clubhouse.

An addition, 75@10 feet and two stories in height, is to be added to the Edwin Clapp shoe factory.

RABBIS' SANCTION HELPS MEAT SHOPS

Cooperative meat stores in the West End, Malden and Chelsea are doing much business today, consequent upon the reopening of the shops after several days closing due to lack of supplies.

Rabbis once more have sanctioned the butchers to send meat to these stores. Now that supplies are forthcoming, the leaders in the cooperative movement declare they will open the new store in Chambers street tomorrow and two in the South End by Monday.

The stores closed Monday because only a small amount of meat was allowed by the rabbis. It is said that arrangements have been made to secure abundance of meat.

FARM EXPOSITION IS PLANNED

CHICAGO — A $5,000,000 agricultural and industrial exposition building to adorn the lake front, in which aliens will be taught the agricultural possibilities of the country and the "back to the farm" movement accelerated, has been planned by officials of the national immigration officials' association. The building is to cover an entire block and the entire lower floor will be devoted to the exposition of the agricultural products and manufactures of the various states of the country.

BUREAU FOR COTTON BUYERS

NEW YORK—Charles Haight, representing the Liverpool bills of lading conference committee, announced Monday night that an information bureau for the use of all European cotton buyers associated with the conference committee has been established in Liverpool.

During the past six months information has been collected regarding the financial standing of the cotton shippers throughout the South, and through the bureau inquiry can be made regarding the financial standing of any shipper.

LEFT $226,000 ESTATE

STOCKBRIDGE—The Stockbridge assessors have found taxable property worth $226,000 in the estate of Charles Bullard of Stockbridge and Boston. Mr. Bullard lived at Merrywood, near the Lenox and Stockbridge line. His mother is Mrs. William Story Bullard of 3 Commonwealth avenue, Boston. His brothers, Francis Bullard and Dr. William Norton Bullard, and his sisters Misses Ellen and Katherine Bullard, are the heirs of his estate.

SCHOOL SOCIETY IN REUNION

(By the United Press)

MANSFIELD, Mass.—The twenty-second annual reunion of the Old South School Association will be held in the chapel of the Congregational church Sept. 11. The Old South school was founded 212 years ago and one of its teachers was Peregrine White, Jr. The school stood on a site near where the reunion will take place.

WAKEFIELD

Swimming tests in three classes are to be held this month at the Y. M. C. A. as a part of the summer's instruction under the direction of Raymond J. Kennealy of the Brookline swimming school. The following have qualified and many more names of Y. M. C. A. and other boys are on the lists for succeeding tests: Elementary test, Raymond Witham, John Glynn, Charles Glynn, William Lyons, Fred Doucette, Louis Doucette, Albert Thompson; intermediate test, Roy Wright, William Sullivan, Lewis Burbine, Edward Bird, William Monerief, William Hackett, Charles Kirk, Neal Johnson, Edward Fay, Patrick Welsh, Fred McAuliffe; advanced test, Cyrus Carter, F. McAuliffe, Parker Stimpson, Lawrence Lefave, Thomas Murray, Wesson Hawes, Paul Cartwright. Judges appointed are Dr. T. Fulton Parks, Charles R. Crossett, Jr., John C. Church.

The school committee gives notice that the public schools will reopen on Wednesday, Sept. 4, and that children entering for the first time must have reached five years, previous to April 1.

MILTON

The Rev. W. Dewees Roberts, who resigned from St. Michael's Episcopal church about six months ago, has been chosen pastor of St. John's church in East Boston. Previous to his coming to Milton he was pastor of the East Boston church 13 years. He is now in Munich, Germany.

HANOVER

Miss M. A. Packard of this town has been elected a teacher in the Rockland public schools and will begin her duties there Sept. 3.

Harmony Grange will conduct a lawn party on the grounds surounding Kimball hall on the evening of Aug. 23.

WEBSTER

The selectmen have received all the releases from owners of land along the Thompson road where the proposed macadam road will be constructed. The latter will cost $7000, the town to pay $2000 and the state $5000.

LEXINGTON

As preachers during his absence, the Rev. Samuel Knowles, pastor of the Lexington First Baptist church, announces these two clergymen: Aug. 18, the Rev. Mr. Palmer of Salem, Mass., and Aug. 25, the Rev. George W. Fuller of Lexington.

ROCKLAND

Mrs. G. W. Howland entertained the members of the arts and crafts committee of the Rockland Woman's Club at her home Monday afternoon.

QUINCY

Miss Ruth W. Parker has been appointed an assistant instructor in the gymnasium work at the Y. W. C. A. work at Dayton, Ohio.

RANDOLPH

Miss M. Mabel Cassidy, a teacher in the Stetson high school, has been elected to a similar position in the high school at Lowell.

BRIDGEWATER

The new Progressive party has called a meeting to be held next Friday evening when plans for the coming campaign will be discussed.

SCITUATE LIGHT'S SALE IS DELAYED

WASHINGTON—For the present at least the historic lighthouse at Scituate will not be sold. The lighthouse has not been in use for many years and the treasury department ordered it sold.

Protests on the part of Scituate residents were brought to Senator Lodge and he had the sale delayed.

Citizens of Scituate are now trying to raise a fund to buy the lighthouse. For years it has stood as a landmark.

The old light is the first monument to the bravery of two colonial daughters who saved Scituate from an attack by the British in 1812. The girls were Addie and Abigail Bates, daughters of the lightkeeper. It is said when a boatload of British soldiers came ashore the girls played on drum and fife, hiding and pretending a colonial force was at hand. This, it is said, caused the soldiers to leave.

ESSEX LAWYERS TO CLEAR DOCKET

SALEM, Mass.—Lawyers who practise in the Essex county courts are urging that some steps be taken to provide means to clear the over-crowded civil docket of the county. It is argued that there are cases awaiting trial that have been on the docket for two and three years, and which have not been tried because they could not be reached in the ordinary terms of the courts.

The cases remaining untried on July 1, 1912, numbered 2654, as against 2395 last year. These figures, the lawyers argue, show conclusively that some extra sessions are imperative, for although they have tried more cases the past year than ever before, the docket remains even greater than ever before.

FOGGS TO HOLD REUNION

LEXINGTON, Mass.—The eleventh annual reunion and election of officers of descendants of Samuel Fogg will take place this year on Aug. 23, at Canobie lake, N. H. Henry M. Fogg of Lowell, Mass. is president; Forrest G. Fogg of Boston, Mass., treasurer, and Mrs. A. J. Fogg of 73 Westland avenue, Boston, secretary.

EDITORIAL COMMENTS

EDITORIAL comments presented today deal with subjects of general interest.

CINCINNATI TIMES-STAR — Some persons entertain the singular notion that the actual value of the crops raised by the average amateur gardener is little more than the original cost of the seeds. Of course, this idea is altogether erroneous, but the fact that it has so widely prevailed has undoubtedly discouraged many a man with a back-lot suitable for the growing of garden truck from engaging in gardening. The amateur gardener has at last been vindicated from the charge that he wastes his time, money and effort. This vindication comes from Minneapolis in particular, and from many other places in general. In the Minnesota city it has been found that the price of garden vegetables has undergone a very marked and significant decline. Market gardeners agree that the chief reason for the fall in prices is to be found in the activity of the amateurs. So many of them have now mastered the art of making open spots yield fruitful returns that the professionals find the demand much lessened. In truth, there never has been any sound reason for the belief that amateur gardening is only made to pay in exceptional cases. . . . . Most of those who possess the courage to face possible ridicule and the industry and determination to achieve results have been winning success and profit in this field for years. All that is needed is a modicum of common sense and plenty of energy. Given those two things, the amateur gardener will almost invariably vindicate himself.

DENVER TIMES—Public buildings are usually an expression of public pride. The Colorado capitol is more. Constructed of Colorado granite and marble, and crowned with Colorado gold, it is a monumental advertisement of Colorado resources and opportunities. After climbing to the dome of the capitol the tourist can rightfully say that he has seen Denver, and has had an inspiring outlook over the plains and foothills to the great divide where the East meets the West. With the creation of a civic center, with the capitol as the dominating building, it will become more and more the show place of the city, and will be visited by all tourists. Because the tourists are a class from which men and money can be drawn for the upbuilding of the commonwealth, the use of the capitol rotunda for a permanent state industrial exhibit is bound to prove effective; and in undertaking the collection of such an exhibit the state board of immigration, now without funds for other methods of exploitation, is serving the purpose for which it was established.

CHICAGO RECORD HERALD—From statistics and general reports it is evident that agriculture, commerce and manufactures are in good condition throughout the United States. The iron and steel business, an index of general manufacturing, is active to the extent that pig-iron production for the first half of the year was 14,072,274 tons, an increase of 2,405,278 tons, or 20.6 per cent over the total for the first half of 1911. No. 2 foundry iron which could hardly be sold at $10 a ton, Birmingham delivery, at the beginning of the year, now commands $12 a ton. The railroads are freely buying iron and steel products after having kept their purchases down to minimum throughout 1911. Steel mills in and about Chicago are so crowded with orders that they are not seeking new business. Crop reports show an abundance of staples. The hay crop has broken all records; the oat crop is much larger than last year's; the wheat and corn crops probably will amount together to 400,000,000 bushels more than they amounted to last year. These facts and figures mean prosperity for the whole country as well as for farmers. In the South there is every promise of a large cotton crop, which will bring higher prices than last year's yield.

Our exports of manufactures have reached an unprecedented value. Mercantile houses report such large sales that trade in general is evidently brisker than it has been for a long time. Bankers express satisfaction and confidence.

NEW ORLEANS PICAYUNE—Reports of the bureau of engraving and printing at the national capital, when taken as a manufactory, show some astonishing figures. Take, for instance, the single item of postage stamps; that is without the revenue and customs, which, by the bureau's own classification, fall under a separate head. There are 51 kinds and denominations printed, ranging from the humble little green 1-cent stamp up to its stately, aristocratic brother which costs $5. The stamps which leave the bureau annually amount to more than 10,000,000,000, the latest yearly report showing the number to be 10,003,265,148. That brings the daily output down to 33,334,000 odd. Taking the yearly total in connection with the latest census report for the entire United States, it is seen that each year every man, woman and child in this country uses approximately 110 stamps. The daily consumption of stamps would cover about five and one-half acres of land. It has been figured out that it costs $1703 to make $603,000 worth of stamps. The government makes more money printing revenue and custom stamps than it does printing postage stamps and at a smaller cost. The yearly income from these two classes of stamps exceeds the income from postage stamps by more than $100,000,000. The daily income, all told, from all kinds of stamps amounts to almost $1,570,000.

Classified Advertisements

RATES—One insertion 12c a line; three or more insertions, 10c a line. No advertisement taken for less than three lines.

REAL ESTATE—CANADA

GET YOUR CANADIAN HOME FROM THE CANADIAN PACIFIC

Why farm on high priced, worn out lands when the richest virgin soil is waiting for you in MANITOBA, SASKATCHEWAN and ALBERTA, the great Prairie Provinces of Western Canada. The first prize of $1000 for the best wheat in the world was awarded to a Western Canada farmer at the New York Land Show. Any one can own land in Western Canada. Go where you too can prosper, where you will find perfect comfort, where you can earn a farm and a home in a few years' time at most. LAND FROM $10 TO $30 AN ACRE—TEN YEARS IN WHICH TO PAY. The Canadian Pacific Railway Company offers you the finest irrigated and non-irrigated land along its lines at low figures, and on long terms of payment—lands adapted to grain growing, to poultry raising, dairying, mixed farming, and to cattle, hog, sheep and horse raising. Ask for our free books today on Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. A postal card or a letter will bring you by return mail full information, handsome illustrated books and maps. No cost to you—no obligation—but a big opportunity. Write and investigate today. B. J. THORNTON, Colonization Commissioner.
CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY, Colonization Dept., 112 West Adams St., Chicago, Ill.
For Sale—Town lots in all growing towns.

ARMY AND NAVY NEWS

Army Orders

WASHINGTON—Maj. C. C. McCulloch, medical corps, relieved from duty at Ft. D. A. Russell, Wyo., to Ft. McDowell, Cal., for duty.

Capt. T. B. Steele, C. A. C., relieved Walter Reed General hospital, D. C., and from duty as assistant to judge advocate, central division, and assigned to one hundred and seventh company, C. A. C., vice Capt. J. B. Taylor, C. A. C., relieved.

Col. T. A. Funk, cavalry, to Chicago and report to commanding general, central division, for duty.

Capt. E. R. Tompkins, fifteenth cavalry, detailed to Q. M. D., vice Capt. R. Harrison, Q. M., relieved.

Orders Aug. 6, relating to First Lieut. T. L. Crystal, fifth infantry, revoked.

First Lieut. B. F. Miller, twenty-seventh infantry, to Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., and report to commandant military prisoner for duty.

Col. G. E. Bushnell, medical corps, report Surgeon-General Farley for temporary duty, thence to Ft. Bayard, N. M.

Navy Orders

Lieut.-Commander C. H. Fischer, detached the Virginia, to the Des Moines as executive officer.

Lieut. J. D. Wainwright to aid to commandant, navy yard, Portsmouth, N. H.

Ensign G. B. Keester, to the Vermont.

Paymaster F. P. Sackett, detached the Michigan; home, wait orders.

Paymaster H. D. Lamar, to the Michigan.

Assistant Paymaster G. S. Wood, to the Des Moines

Chief Machinist J. J. Cullen, to navy yard, New York, N. Y.

Machinist O. T. Purcell to navy yard, New York, N. Y.

Chief Carpenter Charles Thompson, detached navy yard, New York, to naval station, Guantanamo, Cuba.

Paymaster Clerk C. C. Alger, appointment revoked.

Movement of Naval Vessels

Arrived, Foote at Newbern. Helena at Shanghai; Florida, Kansas and Delaware at Newport; Justin, Paterson, Ammen, Burrows, Monaghan, Trippe, Missouri and Nebraska at Rockport Mass.; Ohio at Boston, New Jersey and Rhode Island at Salem.

Sailed, Sterling from Norfolk for New York; Caesar, from Portsmouth, N. H., for Hampton Roads; Dolphin, from Gloucester for Newport; Drayton, Roe Paulding and McCall, from Newport for Fall River; Tennessee and Montana, from Newport for Philadelphia; Justin, from Panama for Corinto; Connecticut, from Newport for New York; Dolphin, from Newport for New York.

Navy Notes

The flag of the commander in chief of the Atlantic fleet has been transferred from the Connecticut to the Utah.

The F-3 has been assigned to duty with the first submarine group Pacific torpedo flotilla.

A radiogram has been received from the Maryland, which has been cruising in Alaskan waters, that the vessel is proceeding to the navy yard, Puget sound, Wash.

The New Hampshire was placed in first reserve at the navy yard, New York, N. Y., on July 25, 1912.

WAGE ARBITRATORS MEET

WORCESTER, Mass.—Former Mayor William P. Hayes of Springfield, former Mayor John H. Coughlin of Fall River and Francis H. Dewey, president of the Worcester Consolidated Street Railway Company, arbitrators selected to adjust the difficulty between the street railway companies of Springfield and Worcester and their employees regarding a new wage schedule, are holding their first meeting in Worcester today.

BRITAIN OBJECTS TO MOVE

(By the United Press)

HONGKONG — The real reason that Britain objects to the acceptance by former Chief Justice Sir Francis Piggott of Hongkong of President Yuan's offer of the post of judicial adviser, it is said here today, is that Yuan wants him as an expert on extra-territoriality, under which foreigners would lose the right to exercise authority in China. Britain does not want an Englishman to assist in bringing this about.

COAL MEN MEET GOVERNOR

CHARLESTON, W. Va.—Representatives of the coal operators and miners held a conference with Gov. William E. Glasscock on Monday and failed to reach an agreement.

REAL ESTATE—ILLINOIS

FOR SALE—New 7-room residences, Wilmette. 3 porches; deep, wooded lots; hot water heat. East side. Home and investment combined. GORDON B. CHASE, 1311 Ashland Ave., Wilmette, Ill.

REAL ESTATE—CALIFORNIA

ORANGE, LEMON, WALNUT groves; extra choice; income earning; beautiful suburban homes. WRIGHT, KINGSLEY & CO., Pasadena, Cal.

APARTMENTS TO LET

To Let — SUITES, six and seven rooms, heat and janitor; $26 to $30. J. W. TOBEY, 136 Blue Hill Avenue.

GAINSBORO ST., 108—Modern 7-room apt. furnished; all light rooms; to let or sell. HOLBROOK.

ROOMS WANTED—NEW YORK

YOUNG MAN wishes one or two unfurnished rooms between 60th and 96th sts., west, overlooking Central park preferred; references exchanged; state lowest price and details. Y 11, 6030 Metropolitan bldg., N. Y.

ROOMS

GAINSBORO ST., 104, Suite 4 — Furnished rooms, with some kitchen privileges, for ladies only; business women preferred. Call 8 to 9 p. m.; during day ring suite 3. Tel. Back Bay 2068-W.

ST. STEPHEN ST., 76—Desirable rooms, permanent or to tourists, at summer rates. Tel. B. B. 5274-R.

OFFICES—CHICAGO

FOR RENT—Practictioner's office, mornings, in Lake View building, Michigan av. Phone 4004 Edgewater, or address 1-4, 750 Peoples Gas bldg, Chicago.

ROOMS—CHICAGO

FOR RENT—Two furnished clean, light rooms, with or without board; private family; 2nd floor. MRS. D. OEHLERT, 1901 N. Hoyne ave., Chicago.

ROOMS—NEW YORK

EAST 36TH ST., 163—Comfortably furnished rooms to rent; central locality; transients accommodated. MRS. TURNER.

BOARDERS WANTED — NEW YORK

LADY having beautiful, cool apartment near Riverside would let attractive rooms; tourists, permanent guests; board optional; home comforts. JANZEN, 230 W. 105th st.

COMFORTABLE HOME with mother's care given to one or two young children; suburbs. A 12, 6030 Metropolitan bldg., N. Y.

ROOMS—ST. LOUIS

MORGAN ST., 4526—Two nicely furnished rooms with bath, single or in suite, for gentleman only. MRS. ORSECH.

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ELIJAH C. WOOD
Attorney and Counsellor
29 SOUTH LA SALLE ST., CHICAGO

WILLIAM C. MAYNE
Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law
Mutual Life Bldg., Philadelphia, Pa.

ATTORNEYS can frequently secure good non-resident clients by publishing their professional cards in this column.

EDUCATIONAL

Suffolk Law School

Day Dept.—3-yr. course; tuition $100 a year. Evening Dept.—4-yr. course; tuition $60 a year. Registration Tuesday evenings and daily except Thursday and Saturday. GLEASON L. ARCHER, LL. B., Dean, 508 Tremont Temple, Boston.

HOTELS

COOPERSTOWN, N. Y.
is a delightful hill-country resort, made even more delightful by a charming hotel. THE O-TE-SA-GA, on Otsego Lake.

EUROPEAN ADVERTISING

DRESSMAKING—LONDON

DRESS AGENCY—Model costumes, etc.; bargains; superior chic garments purchased; special prices. 147A Park Mansions Arcade, facing Knightsbridge Tube.

HOUSEHOLD NEEDS

Cedarmist

Is so simple to use, a child can take the job of keeping your house free from bugs. Destroys odors, settles dust, 25c cans (free sprayers). Phone 1042-W Tremont if your grocer or druggist does not carry CEDARMIST or offers a substitute. FRED E. HALL, INC., 684 Tremont St.

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MRS. A. W. BALDWIN, Purchasing Agent. Accompanying out-of-town customers; no charge; bank references. 430 West 118th st., New York city.

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FOR SALE—Acetylene generator (capacity 1000 cubic feet) with full equipment; suitable for town or rural residential district; also 2500 feet wrought iron pipe (2½-inch) all in good condition. Address ACETYLENE GENERATOR, Lock Box 175, Berryville, Va.

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CASH ON THE SPOT and highest prices paid for Stoddard Lectures, Century Dictionaries, New International Encyclopedias, complete libraries in any number of volumes purchased from any part of the world; correspondence invited. WILLIAMS' BOOK STORE, 349 Washington st., Boston.

TYPEWRITERS

RENT from the manufacturers—No. 3 Oliver Typewriters. THREE MONTHS FOR FOUR DOLLARS. The Oliver Typewriter Co., 146 Congress st.

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DR. AVA B. H. NUMBERS,
306 Frost Bldg.
A-2103 LOS ANGELES, CAL. B'dway 1506

HOME WANTED

WANTED — Temporary or permanent home for a good little girl 5 years old, American. Address Y 16, Monitor Office.

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED—Two live advertising agency salesmen, with a small amount to invest, to join me in a live agency fairly well established in middle West; also application from two good copy men. While investment is desired, ability is first requisite. Address with full record, ADVERTISING AGENCY, care the Monitor.

WANTED
ASSISTANCE of competent man to lay out route lists for ten salesmen; work to include tacking routes on map and stringing same; work can be done after business hours; good price paid for the work. Address V 38, Monitor Office.

WANTED—A young man to make picture frames in Bangor, Me. Address Box 216.

SALESMEN WANTED

TRAVELING SALESMAN acquainted with and selling Indiana clothing and dry goods trade to sell on commission, manufacturer's line of men's, women's, children's, infant's knit underwear as side line. Trade partly established. Must have good references and ability. Write 419 Stevens Bldg., Detroit, Mich.

AGENTS WANTED

HAVE YOU a few hours to spare each day? We want one person in each town and vicinity to represent us; a man or woman will do; experience or capital unnecessary; one hour's work will show that a dollar a day or more can easily be earned in spare time. Now you just risk a 1-cent postal card by writing us to prove it. EVERGRIP CO., Dept. 300, 20 Warren st., N. Y.

LETTERS READ IN INQUIRY ON SUGAR

DENVER, Col.—In the proceedings Monday in the government inquiry to bring about the dissolution of the so-called sugar trust, letters were introduced purporting to show that the beet and sugar industry in Colorado was dictated by H. O. Havemeyer, head of the American Sugar Refining Company.

A letter bearing the signature of Chester S. Morey, head of the Great Western Sugar Company, with headquarters in Denver, and addressed to Mr. Havemeyer, declares that "you will never get the interests of northern Colorado in proper shape to handle the acreage and the laborers until all hands are in one company."

On Dec. 6, 1903, a letter signed by Havemeyer and addressed to Mr. Morey, said: "I will avail myself of this opportunity to indicate my acquiescence in the reelection of Henry T. Oxnard as president of the Western Beet Association."

SENATOR CRANE DIRECTS RESCUE

PITTSFIELD, Mass. — Senator W. Murray Crane directed the rescue of Martin Fahey, Jr., of Dalton, who was buried when a sewer trench caved in on Monday. Senator Crane arrived on the scene and took personal charge, directing the manner in which the timbering should be done to sustain the walls, and occasionally lending a helping hand with shovel or timber.

MANAGER FOR GAS PLANT NAMED

WAKEFIELD, Mass.—Sidney L. Cole, manager of the Fort Madison Gas Light Company's plant at Fort Madison, Ia., accepted Monday night the offer to become superintendent of the municipal gas and electric plants here, succeeding Albert B. Morton who has taken charge of a plant at Rome, N. Y.

ASSISTANT MAY SUCCEED F. B. DYER

CINCINNATI—It is probable that a new school superintendent may not be selected this year. A number of the members of the school board are in favor of giving Assistant Superintendent E. D. Roberts full sway as acting superintendent for a year to show his capabilities. In this way he would succeed Supt. F. B. Dyer, who goes to Boston on Sept. 1. champions of this plan assert, will give the school board a chance for mature deliberation. It will not cause them to act hastily.

CRAWFORD NOTCH BOARD MEETS

CRAWFORD NOTCH, N. H.—The commission of three appointed by the state supreme court to consider the claims of the owners of the lands in Crawford Notch which the state wants for a public park, began its second sitting here Monday. Representatives of landowners were heard. The state was represented by Attorney-General Tuttle. The land desired for the park comprises 6000 acres.

HOLLAND MAY YIELD

(By the United Press)

THE HAGUE — Holland may have to acquiesce in Germany's demand for the control of Rhine shipping by a board under German control and for the imposition of river tolls in order to prevent the threatened digging of a ship canal through German territory from Cologne to Emden, which would seriously affect Rotterdam.

U. S. S. NEWPORT AT PLYMOUTH

NEW YORK—The American training ship Newport has reached Plymouth, says an English message to the New York Herald. She will leave today week for Madeira, proceeding thence to New York

Real Estate Market News · T. Wharf Activities · Sailings

REAL ESTATE NEWS

BEVERLY FARMS SALE

The Bliss estate on Hale street, Beverly Farms, Mass., containing about three acres, with a house, stable, etc., with fine view of the ocean, has been sold by Mrs. Edgar J. Bliss to Mrs. B. Reed Anthony, who now owns the adjourning property. The broker in the transaction was Beverley Rantoul, 50 Congress street.

TO INSPECT FILENE STORE

By invitation of the William Filene's Sons Company the members of the Boston Real Estate Exchange will lunch with their hosts and inspect their new department store on Washington, Summer and Hawley streets, tomorrow at 1 o'clock. Lunch will be served in the spacious dining room on the eighth floor.

At the recent sale of the real estate of the Easthampton Elastic Web Company of Easthampton, Mass., the properties brought about $6100 in six lots. One of the former owners was the purchaser of the plant. The sale of the Donovan building at the junction of Middlesex and Gorham streets, Lowell, realized $44,000, plus two years taxes or at the rate of $24.33 per square foot for the land. The Francina Ames estate at Lawrence brought $4000. The sale of the plant of the E. C. Fisher Corporation at Lynn realized about $17,675. J. E. Conant & Co., auctioneers of Lowell, made the sales.

OUTLYING SECTIONS PROMINENT

Outlying districts of the city were prominent in today's realty transactions.

In the West Roxbury district Isabel M. Carter has sold to Joseph Engel the property at 61 Arborway, running through to May street. It comprises brick houses and a frame stable, all taxed on $24,200, of which amount $13,400 is on the 49,669 square feet of land in the lot.

A Roxbury sale is that whereby Sarah C. Cohen takes title to the frame house and 8610 square feet of land at 45 Lawrence avenue from Simon Flashman. The total assessment is $7500, with $3000 on the land.

Morris Baker has taken title from Max Berman to 12,686 square feet of land on Washington street, corner of Torrey street, Dorchester. The tax valuation is $6400.

Charles E. Lee, acting for the grantor and Milton A. Rogers, representing the grantee, are the brokers in the sale of the property at 16 Bayard street, near North Harvard street, Brighton, from Fred Holdsworth and Robert D. Farrington to James A. Stewart. There is a two-family frame house and 4000 square feet of land all taxed on $4700. The land's share of the assessment is $700.

Another West Roxbury sale takes the estate at 34 Mt. Clair avenue, near Center street, comprising a frame house and 9506 square feet of land, the latter rated by the assessors as worth $900. The total valuation is $4200. Frank A. Mutz takes title from Annie T. Locke.

NEW CAMBRIDGE APARTMENTS

In about a year it is expected that Cambridge will have a new apartment house on Broadway, for Frank A. Houghton of Chicago has just purchased from David Gilman, through the office of Charles J. Roche & Co., Inc., 12,500 square feet of vacant land at 450 Broadway. This is the second time within a week that this parcel has changed hands.

Agreement papers have been signed whereby the above firm will take title to a large tract of land between Crowninshield and Pleasant streets, Brookline, upon which the company intends to build 12 single stucco cement buildings to cost $10,000 each.

SUFFOLK REGISTRY TRANSFERS

The following list of property comprises the latest recorded transfers taken from the official report of the Real Estate Exchange:

BOSTON (City Proper)

Harry L. Turner to Edgar S. Randolph, St. Germain st.; q.; $1.
Fred L. Hewitt to Simon Vorenberg, Central st.; q.; $1.
Simon Vorenberg to Fred L. Hewitt, Court and Alden sts. and Alden ct.; q.; $1.
Josiah Ben, mtgee., to Joseph Green, Ivy st., 2 lots; d.; $500.
Joseph Green to Frank L. Woldman, Ivy st., 2 lots; q.; $1.

SOUTH BOSTON

James M. Marden to Mary A. Buffum, Third st.; w.; $1.
Charles H. Colgate to William Mielaika et al., Silver st.; q.; $1.

EAST BOSTON

Ada P. Beach to William S. Clowter, Eagle and Trenton sts.; q.; $1.
Helen I. Haggerty to Joseph Goldinger, Saratoga st., 3 lots, Collins st.; w.; $1.
Joseph Goldinger to Timothy Driscoll et ux., Saratoga st.; w.; $1.
Mary Driscoll to Helen I. Haggerty, Everett st.; w.; $1.
Joseph Goldinger to Katherine E. Gill, Collins st.; w.; $1.

ROXBURY

Della T. Gilligan to Thomas F. Ryan, Ward st.; w.; $1.
Walter F. Morse est. to Enterprise Associates, South Huntington av. and Colburn st., 6 lots; d.; $6000.
Joseph Gilman to William Arthur et al., Maywood st.; q.; $1.
Dora A. Gordon to City & Suburban Real Estate Trust Co., Hampden st., 2 lots; w.; $1.

DORCHESTER

Charles T. Nolan to Henry H. Ohrenberger, Stoughton st.; q.; $1.
Mary E. Aberson to Barbara Eadzskowsko, Blue Hill av., 2 lots; w.; $1.
Simon Flashman to Sarah C. Cohen, Laurence av. and a street; q.; $1.
Josephine A. Ringrose to Vincent J. Rose, psg. from Hecla st.; q.; $1.
Moses E. Johnson to Mabel G. Fairbanks; Rockdale st., 2 lots.
Max Berman to Morris Baker, Washington and Torrey sts., 2 lots; q.; $1.
William Gass to Grace B. Newcomb, 3 lots; q.; $1.
Louise W. Wachter to George A. Medbery, Dorchester av. and Charles st.; q.; $1.
George A. Medbery to Charles H. Wachter, Dorchester av. and Charles st.; q.; $1.
Michael Murphy to Mary Gallagher, Maxwell st.; q.; $1.
Charles T. Nolan to Patrick O'Hearn, Stoughton, Bakersfield and Trescott st., 14 lots, psg. to Pleasant st.; q.; $1.

WEST ROXBURY

Mary A. McEachern to Frank A. Feeney, Dent st.; w.; $1.
Isabel M. Carter to Joseph Engel, Arborway and May sts.; q.; $1.
Annie T. Locke to Frank A. Mutz, Montclair av.; w.; $1.

BRIGHTON

William E. Barrows to James A. Stewart, Bayard st.; q.; $1.

REVERE

Catherine M. Blake to Leonard S. Pearl, Haskell av.; q.; $1.
Ernst W. Timson to Aron Weinstraub et ux., Shirley and Walnut avs.; q.; $1.
Jasper R. Pope, mtgee., to Jasper R. Pope, Panama st.; d.; $150.
Francis L. Caraher et al. to Mary E. Caraher, Jr.; q.; $1.

BUILDING NOTICES

Permits to construct, alter or repair buildings were posted in the office of the building commissioner of the city of Boston today as printed below. Location, owner, architect and nature of work are named in the order here given:

Thorndike st., 20, ward 20; A. P. Nardini & Co., F. G. O'Connell; brick factory.
Walter st., 135, ward 23; A. F. Probst, F. C. Sutze; brick auto storage.
Tileston st., 25, ward 6; Benjamin Cohen, F. A. Norcross; brick store and tenements.
Neponset av., 90, ward 24; M. A. McDermott, T. J. Lyons; wood dwelling.
Adams st., 107, cor. Homes av., ward 20; Anna E. Ryan, Fogel & Ryan; wood dwelling.
Ewer st., near Old Colony av., ward 15; P. H. Graham, J. E. McLaughlin; wood storage.
Wenham st., 15, and Varney st., ward 23; Trs. Upham Memorial M. E. Church; wood dwelling.
Caldwell st., 31, ward 4; Emma Howe; brick auto storage.
Anawan av., 48, ward 23; G. P. Stuart, George Dame; wood dwelling.
Hutchings st., 62, ward 21; P. Holson, James T. Ball; wood dwelling.
185 Metropolitan av., ward 23; J. E. Kirkham; wood dwelling.
48 Mt. Vernon st., ward 11; R. D. Ware, William Chester Chase; alter dwelling.
Mercantile st., 11-15, ward 6; James P. Stearns, tr.; alter mercantile.
Moreland st., 71, ward 21; Congregation Mishkan Tefila, A. J. Carpenter Jr.; alter church.
Border st., 101, ward 2; F. T. Manson et al.; alter office.
Washington st., 1146, ward 24; Robert Herrick, C. A. & F. N. Russell; alter stores.
Hanover st., 465, ward 6; Joseph Daniels et al., F. A. Norcross; alter stores and tenements.
Fayston st., 65-67, ward 20; Minnie A. Jamieson; fire dwelling.
Medford st., 325, ward 4; Railroad Wf. & Storage Co., E. B. McGirr; alter storage.
Fulton st., 61-63, ward 6; est. of Thos. Thompson; alter mercantile.
Perkins st., 329, ward 23; Chas. S. Sargent; alter dwelling.
Washington st., 484-88, ward 7; Richard Schwartz; alter mercantile.
John and Barrett sts., 17-19-21-23, ward 6; R. M. Bradley et al.; alter mercantile.
Blue Hill av., 1557, ward 24; W. H. Savage et al.; alter dwelling.

NICARAGUAN CAPITAL RESISTS ASSAULT OF GEN. MENA'S TROOPS

MANAGUA, Nicaragua — Bombardment of the Nicaraguan capital was carried on all day Sunday by rebel forces under Gen. Luis Mena, the secretary of war recently deposed by President Diaz, and General Zeledon, war secretary in the cabinet of former President Zelaya.

The government troops replied to the attack with the guns on Loma hill, the fortress defending the city. Late in the afternoon an attack on the penitentiary was repulsed after a lively engagement. In the evening the attacking force moved against the eastern side of the capital, but was again repulsed. The bombardment was begun in violation of the armistice arranged by the opposing armies on Saturday and despite the protest made by the American minister, George T. Weitzel, and by Capt. Warren J. Terhune, commander of the United States gunboat Annapolis now stationed off Corinto.

When the government issued a proclamation advising the people to leave the capital, many of the inhabitants heeded this advice, impressing into service all available means of transportation.

MORE MARINES AT MANAGUA

SAN JOSE, Costa Rica—Three hundred more American marines were landed today at Managua, Nicaragua, it is reported here, as a result of General Mena's bombardment of the city yesterday. It is believed Commander Terhune has enough men now to prevent further attacks on Americans or their property in Managua.

MAYOR WOULD CONSULT JUDGES

Mayor Fitzgerald has asked Joseph J. Corbett, corporation counsel, to confer with the justices of the municipal court to see if a more equitable distribution of offenders between Deer island and Concord reformatory cannot be arranged. Seven months' expenses at Deer island show a deficit of $20,000, the greater part of which is due, says Penal Commissioner Gore, to the cost of food.

CARPENTERS OUT OF A. F. OF L.

Boston Carpenters District Council officials have received word from the executive board of the American Federation of Labor to the effect that the charter of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters has been revoked by the A. F. of L., and that henceforth its branches may not sit in any building trades department of the A. F. of L.

GET EIGHT-HOUR DAY

Chandelier Workers Union, No. 6, which includes 98 per cent of the men of the trade in this vicinity, has been granted the eight-hour workday with the same wage rate as paid for the former nine-hour workday.

BUDGET DISCUSSION TO CROWN CIVIC FAIR HELD AT CINCINNATI

CINCINNATI—There will be a municipal budget exhibit here the first two weeks in October, under the direction of the bureau of municipal research. It will be the first large exhibit of its kind held outside of the city of New York.

A considerable sum of money already has been pledged toward the expense of the project and the largest available vacant floor space in the downtown business section has been secured for exposition purposes. Dr. L. D. Upson of the New York bureau of municipal research will direct the work. Dr. Upson has been in Cincinnati for two weeks looking over the field and making preliminary plans.

City departments, the university, the public schools, the county, the public library, and many civic associations working in cooperation with the city, will be invited to share in the exhibit. By charts and models will be shown what is being accomplished with the public funds, what new work is contemplated, and what economy and efficiency effected.

Cross sections of streets will be presented to show the effect of weak street foundations, leaking water faucets will be illustrated with a statement of the annual cost of water waste to the taxpayers and condemned weights and measures will be exhibited to show the effect of loose methods of household purchasing. All these are designed to interest the man who pays the bills.

Noontime meetings will be held each day for two weeks and at them visitors will be invited to discuss municipal improvements in their own cities and departmental heads will be asked to tell of the work done under their direction and to explain the budget increases requested for the ensuing year. Special dates have been fixed for the entertainment of the councils and officials of the neighboring Ohio cities and of delegates from chambers of commerce, colleges and other organizations which have shown interest in local municipal problems.

The Smith 1 per cent tax law will probably compel city officials to ask for an additional tax levy of over $1,000,000, to be authorized by referendum this fall. It will be for the city departments to show how the present activities will be handicapped by lack of funds if the extra levy fails to carry, and what needed extensions of their work will be rendered impossible. It is purposed to present clearly what has been accomplished in each line, so that the citizen may decide whether they shall be continued or not.

The various municipal improvements planned, rebuilding the sewer system, laying a boulevard on the site of the canal, and erecting new public markets will be given careful consideration by the public before they are undertaken. So far as possible, models of proposed public improvements with statements of purposes and costs, will be placed on view to the end of securing intelligent public understanding and discussion of the projects.

REPORT CRITICIZES SECRETARY WILSON

WASHINGTON—Criticism of Secretary of Agriculture Wilson, Assistant Secretary Hayes and many minor officials is made in the report completed today of the House committee on expenditures in the agriculture department, summing up the Everglades inquiry. The report will be submitted to the House within a few days.

Mr. Wilson is criticised for alleged suppression of an official report upon feasibility of draining Florida everglades land. That Florida real estate dealers were benefited, is charged. The report criticizes Assistant Secretary Hayes for negotiating an interest in North Carolina lands whose drainage was contemplated by the government. The department policy of receiving private subscriptions to supplement federal appropriations for land reclamation projects is also condemned.

NEW PASTOR FOR HAVERHILL

PORTLAND, Me.—The Rev. Clarence L. Miller, pastor of the Abyssinian Congregational church of this city, a negro organization, has resigned his pastorate and will devote his time to the church for negroes in Haverhill. There are about 200 negroes here divided between the Congregational and Methodist churches. Mr. Miller and the Rev. W. H. Lamar, the pastor of the African Methodist church, made an unsuccessful attempt to unite the congregations.

NEW HOME FOR SURVEY STAFF

OTTAWA, Ont.—A new building costing in the neighborhood of $50,000, for the geodetic survey of Canada will be erected at the rear of the Dominion observatory at the experimental farm, in the near future.

PASTOR GOES TO BELLINGHAM

BANGOR, Me.—The Rev. Warren Morse has tendered his resignation as pastor of the Brewer First Congregational church and has accepted a call to the First Church of Bellingham, Wash.

LAKE STEAMER FLOATED

LAKE GEORGE, N. Y.—The steamer Sagamore, which ran aground on the sandbar at Hague in a heavy rain Saturday night, was floated Monday morning.

ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC SAILINGS

This schedule is compiled from advance lists and is subject to change without notice.

Transatlantic Sailings

EASTBOUND

Sailings from New York

Campanello, for Rotterdam	Aug. 13
*Rotterdam, for Rotterdam	Aug. 13
*Frederic der Grosse, for Bremen	Aug. 13
*Campania, for Liverpool	Aug. 14
*United States, for Copenhagen	Aug. 15
*Celtic, for Liverpool	Aug. 15
*La Lorraine, for Havre	Aug. 15
*Amerika, for Hamburg	Aug. 15
Cameronia, for Glasgow	Aug. 17
*Berlin, for Bremen	Aug. 17
Koenig Albert, for Gibr'tar-Naples	Aug. 17
*Oceanic, for Naples-Genoa	Aug. 17
Canada, for Naples	Aug. 17
*New York, for Southampton	Aug. 17
Minneapolis, for London	Aug. 17
*Olympic, for Southampton	Aug. 17
*Finland, for Dover-Antwerp	Aug. 17
Chicago, for Havre	Aug. 17
*Kronprinz Wilhelm, for Bremen	Aug. 20
*Potsdam, for Rotterdam	Aug. 20
*Moltke, for Naples-Genoa	Aug. 20
*Martha Wash'ton, for Np'les-Tr'e	Aug. 21
*Mauretania, for Liverpool	Aug. 21
*Ivernia, for Gibraltar-Naples	Aug. 22
*Adriatic, for Liverpool	Aug. 22
Madonna, for Naples	Aug. 22
*France, for Havre	Aug. 22
*Cincinnati, for Hamburg	Aug. 22
Kursk, for Rotterdam	Aug. 24
*Duca d'Aosta, for Naples-Genoa	Aug. 24
*Prinz Frie'h Wilhelm, for Bremen	Aug. 24
*Caronia, for Liverpool	Aug. 24
*Majestic, for Southampton	Aug. 24
Minnetonka, for London	Aug. 24
*St. Paul, for Southampton	Aug. 24
*Zeeland, for Dover-Antwerp	Aug. 24

Sailings from Boston

Cymric, for Liverpool	Aug. 13
West Point, for Liverpool via Norfolk	Aug. 15
Bohemian, for Liverpool	Aug. 17
Laconia, for Liverpool	Aug. 20
Parisian, for Glasgow	Aug. 23
Cestrian, for Liverpool	Aug. 27
Arabic, for Liverpool	Aug. 27
Sachem, for Liverpool	Aug. 29
Winifredian, for Liverpool	Aug. 31

Sailings from Philadelphia

Marquette, for Antwerp	Aug. 16
*Southwark, for Liverpool	Aug. 17
*Merion, for Liverpool	Aug. 24
Ancona, for Mediterranean ports	Aug. 30
Menominee, for Antwerp	Aug. 30

Sailings from Montreal

Lake Manitoba, for Bristol	Aug. 15
Albania, for Southampton	Aug. 17
Laurentic, for Liverpool	Aug. 17
Royal George, for Bristol	Aug. 21
Canada, for Liverpool	Aug. 24
Lake Champlain, for Bristol	Aug. 29
Ascania, for Southampton	Aug. 31
Megantic, for Liverpool	Aug. 31

WESTBOUND

Sailings from Liverpool

Arabic, for Boston	Aug. 13
Caronia, for New York	Aug. 13
Baltic, for New York	Aug. 15
Lake Champlain, for Montreal	Aug. 15
Winifredian, for Boston	Aug. 15
Lusitania, for New York	Aug. 17
Megantic, for Montreal	Aug. 17
Franconia, for Boston	Aug. 20
Dominion, for Philadelphia	Aug. 21
Cedric, for New York	Aug. 22
Corsican, for Montreal	Aug. 22
Devonian, for Boston	Aug. 22
Empress of Ireland, for Quebec	Aug. 23
Campania, for New York	Aug. 24
Teutonic, for Montreal	Aug. 24
Carmania, for New York	Aug. 27
Cymric, for Boston	Aug. 27
Haverford, for Philadelphia	Aug. 28
Canadian, for Boston	Aug. 29
Celtic, for New York	Aug. 29
Lake Manitoba, for Montreal	Aug. 29
Laurentic, for Montreal	Aug. 31
Mauretania, for New York	Aug. 31

Sailings from London

Sardinian, for Montreal	Aug. 15
Minnehaha, for New York	Aug. 17
Corinthian, for Montreal	Aug. 22
Minnewaska, for New York	Aug. 24
Minneapolis, for New York	Aug. 31

Sailings from Southampton

Kaiser Wilhelm II., for New York	Aug. 14
Majestic, for New York	Aug. 14
Ascania, for Montreal	Aug. 15
Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, for New York	Aug. 16
St. Louis, for New York	Aug. 17
Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, for New York	Aug. 21
Oceanic, for New York	Aug. 21
Cleveland, for New York	Aug. 23
Philadelphia, for New York	Aug. 24
George Washington, for New York	Aug. 25
Kronprinzessin Cecilie, for N. Y.	Aug. 28
Olympic, for New York	Aug. 28
Ausonia, for Montreal	Aug. 29
Victoria Luise, for New York	Aug. 30
New York, for New York	Aug. 31

Sailings from Glasgow

Columbia, for New York	Aug. 17
Hesperian, for Montreal	Aug. 17
Numidian, for Montreal	Aug. 23
California, for New York	Aug. 24
Scotian, for Montreal	Aug. 24
Caledonia, for New York	Aug. 31
Grampian, for Montreal	Aug. 31

Sailings from Hamburg

Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, for New York	Aug. 15
Prinz Adalbert, for Philadelphia	Aug. 20
Patricia, for New York	Aug. 21
Cleveland, for New York	Aug. 22
Victoria Luise, for New York	Aug. 29
President Grant, for New York	Aug. 31

Sailings from Bremen

Kaiser Wilhelm II., for New York	Aug. 13
Neckar, for New York	Aug. 15
Bremen, for New York	Aug. 17
Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, for New York	Aug. 20
Grosser Kurfuerst, for New York	Aug. 22
Rhein, for New York	Aug. 23
George Washington, for New York	Aug. 24
Kronprinzessin Cecilie, for N. Y.	Aug. 27
Friedrich der Grosse, for N. Y.	Aug. 31

Sailings from Havre

La Touraine, for New York	Aug. 17
La Provence, for New York	Aug. 17
La Lorraine, for New York	Aug. 24
Niagara, for New York	Aug. 24
France, for New York	Aug. 31
Rochambeau, for New York	Aug. 31

Sailings from Antwerp

Vaderland, for New York	Aug. 17
Manitou, for Boston	Aug. 22
Lapland, for New York	Aug. 24
Kroonland, for New York	Aug. 31

Sailings from Rotterdam

Noordam, for New York	Aug. 17
Volturno, for New York	Aug. 22
Ryndam, for New York	Aug. 24
Rotterdam, for New York	Aug. 31

Sailings from Genoa

Prinzess Irene, for New York	Aug. 22
Europe, for New York	Aug. 24
Cretic, for Boston	Aug. 25
America, for New York	Aug. 27

Sailings from Trieste

Kaiser Franz Josef I., for N. Y.	Aug. 17
Saxonia, for New York	Aug. 20
Alice, for New York	Aug. 24
Pannonia, for New York	Aug. 27
Laura, for New York	Aug. 31

Sailings from Fiume

Saxonia, for New York	Aug. 24
Pannonia, for New York	Aug. 31

Sailings from Copenhagen

C. F. Tietgen, for New York	Aug. 15
Oscar II., for New York	Aug. 22

Transpacific Sailings

WESTBOUND

Sailings from San Francisco

*Sierra, for Sydney	Aug. 13
*China, for Hongkong	Apg. 17
*Aorangi, for Sydney	Aug. 21
*Lurline, for Honolulu	Aug. 31
*Manchuria, for Hongkong	Aug. 23
*Wilhelmina, for Honolulu	Aug. 28
*Chiyo Maru, for Hongkong	Aug. 31

Sailings from Seattle

Sanuki Maru, for Hongkong	Aug. 13
*Tamba Maru, for Hongkong	Aug. 13
*Empress of Japan, for Hongkong	Aug. 14
*Hercules, for Hongkong	Aug. 25
*Awa Maru, for Hongkong	Aug. 27

Sailings from Tacoma

*Tacoma Maru, for Hongkong	Aug. 21

Sailings from Vancouver

Empress of Japan, for Hongkong	Aug. 14
Teucer, for Hongkong	Aug. 17

EASTBOUND

Sailings from Hongkong

Nippon Maru, for San Francisco	Aug. 13
Mexico Maru, for Tacoma	Aug. 17
Tenyo Maru, for San Francisco	Aug. 20
Empress of India, for Vancouver	Aug. 24
Kanakura Maru, for Seattle	Aug. 27
Persia, for San Francisco	Aug. 27

Sailings from Yokohoma

Sado Maru, for Seattle	Aug. 14
Mongolia, for San Francisco	Aug. 17
Titan, for Tacoma	Aug. 17
Seattle Maru, for Tacoma	Aug. 21
Nippon Maru, for San Francisco	Aug. 24
Tenyo Maru, for San Francisco	Aug. 31

Sailings from Honolulu

Chiyo Maru, for San Francisco	Aug. 13
Nile, for San Francisco	Aug. 30
Ventura, for San Francisco	Aug. 24
Mongolia, for San Francisco	Aug. 27

Sailings from Sydney

Sierra, for San Francisco	Aug. 24
Zealandia, for Vancouver	Aug. 26

Sailings from Manila

Protesilaus, for Tacoma	Aug. 28

*Carries United States mail.

FOREIGN MAIL DESPATCHES FOR WEEK ENDING AUGUST 17

Mails for—	Conveyed by Steamship—	Mail closes at Boston P. O.	Supple. Mail closes
Europe Africa, West Asia and East Indies, specially addressed for Azores, via Queenstown, Fishguard and Liverpool	Campania	Tues., 13. 1:30 p.m.	3 p.m.
Jamaica, via Port Antonio	Adml. Schley	Wed., 14... 9 a.m.	——
Jamaica, via Philadelphia and Port Antonio	Adml. Farragut	Wed., 14... 4 p.m.	——
Europe, Africa, West Asia and East Indies, specially addressed for Ireland, Great Britain, Germany, Africa (except Egypt) and Azores, via Havre	La Lorraine	Wed., 14... 9 p.m.	10 p.m.
Ireland, specially addressed for other destinations, via Queenstown and Liverpool	Celtic	Wed., 14... 9 p.m.	11 p.m.
Germany, Great Britain and Africa (except Egypt), specially addressed for other destinations, via Plymouth, Cherbourg and Hamburg	Amerika	Wed., 14... 9 p.m.	11 p.m.
Azores Island, specially addressed for Italy, via Ponta Delgada	Canopic	Thur., 15. 9:30 a.m.	——
Costa Rica, via Port Limon	Esparta	Fri., 16... 8 a.m.	——
San Domingo, via Puerto Plata	Bonaventure	Fri., 16... 9 a.m.	——
Specially addressed for Europe, Africa, West Asia and East Indies, via Plymouth and Cherbourg	Olympic	Fri., 16... 9 p.m.	11 p.m.
Europe, Africa, West Asia and East Indies, via Plymouth and Cherbourg	New York	Fri., 16... 9 p.m.	10 p.m.
Germany, letter mail only, 2 cents per ounce, specially addressed for Europe, Africa, West Asia and East Indies, via Plymouth, Cherbourg and Bremen	Berlin	Fri., 16... 9 p.m.	10 p.m.
Newfoundland, St. Pierre and Miquelon, via Halifax	Halifax	Sat., 17...11 a.m.	——

TRANSPACIFIC MAILS FORWARDED OVERLAND DAILY

Mails for—	Conveyed by Steamship—		Mail closes at Boston P. O.
China, Japan and Korea	Tacoma Maru	Tacoma	Fri., 16..6 p.m.
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook islands and New Zealand, specially addressed for Australia	Aorangi	San Fran.	Fri., 16..6 p.m.
Hawaii	Lurline	San Fran.	Fri., 16..6 p.m.
Hawaii, China, Japan and Korea and the Philippines	Manchuria	San Fran.	Sun., 18..6 p.m.
China, Japan and Korea, specially addressed only	Hercules	Seattle	Tues., 20..6 p.m.
Hawaii, Samoan, New Zealand and Australia, except West Australia, which is forwarded via Europe	Sonoma	San Fran.	Thurs., 22..6 p.m.
China, Japan, Korea and the Philippines	Awa Maru	Seattle	Thurs., 22..6 p.m.
China, Japan, Korea and the Philippines	Monteagle	Vancouver	Thu., 29..6 p.m.

JEWETT FAMILY TO HAVE REUNION

ROWLEY, Mass.—Annual reunion of the Jewett family will be held in this town Aug. 22. The opening program will be at the Baptist church. President Edgar B. Jewett of Buffalo, N. Y., will give the address of welcome, and there will be an historical address by the Rev. Ezekiel Rogers, lead by George B. Blodgett of Rowley.

There will be the unveiling of the monument in Rowley soon after dinner in the town hall, with an address by H. L. Jewett of Bethlehem.

The officers of the association are: Gen. E. B. Jewett, Buffalo, N. Y., president; George B. Blodgett, Rowley, H. A. Jewett, Bethlehem, Pa.; A. H. Jewett, Reading, directors; Thomas Jewett, Hallowell, New York, treasurer; E. A. Jewett, Rowley, secretary, and A. D. Jewett, New York city, corresponding secretary.

FOWLE FAMILY PLANS MEETING

READING, Mass.—Fowle Kindred Association, which comprises people of the name and of descendants of the original Fowle family of Woburn, will have its annual reunion on Labor day this year, and it will be held in North Reading at the farm of the late president of the association, Timothy Fowle.

EXPLOSION WRECKS SCHOONER

GLOUCESTER, Mass. — Information was received Monday from Newfoundland of the loss of the schooner Lena & Maud formerly of this port. The Lena & Maud was sold last spring to Grank Bank, N. F., residents and fitted for a codfishing voyage to the Virgin rocks. Powder in her hold was exploded, wrecking the vessel which was valued at $8000.

SHIPPING NEWS

While the demand for fresh groundfish weakened with the advancing week, as is customary at T wharf, the supply remained large, with three steam trawlers and 17 sailing vessels at the pier today. Prices slumped considerably. There were no new swordfish or mackerel arrivals, but a few of the former hung over until today to sell.

Groundfish arrivals: Strs Foam 87,000 pounds, Swell 58,000, Crest 37,500, schrs Edith Silveria 61,100, Helen B. Thomas 52,800, Rebecca 55,000, Harriett 65,000, Annie Perry 49,500, Joseph P. Johnson 42,500, John Hays Hammond 27,000, W. M. Goodspeed 35,600, Good Luck 17,700, Fish Hawk 15,000, N. A. Rowe 4100, Emily Sears 14,500, Laura Enos 4800, W. H. Reed 4700, Eva Avina 3000, Alice M. Guthrie 40,900 and the Mary C. Santos 29,600. In addition to their groundfish, the following brought halibut: Joseph P. Johnson 800 pounds, Harriett 1000 and Edith Silveria 1000. Soles came in as follows: Foam 1000 pounds, Crest 600 and Swell 500. Catfish was brought in by the Good Luck to the amount of 200 pounds. The N. A. Rowe brought one swordfish.

Dealers' quotations per hundredweight: Steak cod $4.50, market cod $2.75, haddock $2, pollock $3, large hake $3.75, medium hake $2.25 and steak cusk $3.25.

Nearly 2500 tons of general cargo was brought here today by the Leyland liner Iberian, Captain Jago, from Manchester and Liverpool. The only unusual shipment on board was 98 elephants' teeth.

About 8 o'clock tomorrow morning the Cunarder Laconia is expected to dock at East Boston from Liverpool and Queenstown. She was reported 625 miles east of Boston light at 4 p. m. Monday. Because of the low tide early in the morning, she will probably remain below until nearly 8 a. m., although she is due at the light about 5 o'clock. On board are 164 saloon, 491 second cabin and 627 steerage passengers.

Filled with phosphate rock for the American Agriculture & Chemical Company, the steamer Dorothy, Captain Blair, arrived today from Boca Grande, Florida and went to her berth in Weymouth. She encountered favorable weather conditions on the way up the coast.

PORT OF BOSTON

Arrived

Str Iberian (Br), Jago, Manchester and Liverpool.

Str Bunker Hill, Crowell, New York.

Str Suffolk, Hart, Norfolk.

Str City of Rockland, Blair, Bath, Me.

Str Ransom B. Fuller, Linscott, Portland, Me.

Str Belfast, Curtis, Bangor, Me.

Str City of Gloucester, Linneken, Gloucester, Mass.

Tug Conestoga, Olsen, Philadelphia, with bgs Paxtang, Neshaminy and Merriam.

Tug Gettysburg, Minford, Newburyport, twg bge Enterprise, for Philadelphia.

Tug Astral, Lingo, twg bge S O Co No 58.

Tug E. L. Pillsbury, Swim, Lynn, Mass.

Schr Laura E. Melanson (Br), Melanson, Liverpool, N S.

Cleared

Str Admiral Schley, Jensen, Port Antonio, by United Fruit Company.

Str A W Perry (Br), Hawes, Halifax, N S, Hawkesbury, C B, and Charlottetown, P E I, by F W Bedell.

Str Howard, Chase, Norfolk, by C H Maynard.

Str Quantico, Hillary, Philadelphia, by the same.

Str Bunker Hill, Crowell, New York, by Eastern S S Corporation.

Str City of Rockland, Blair, Bath, by Eastern S S Corporation.

Str Belfast, Curtis, Bangor, by the same.

Str Ransom B. Fuller, Linscott, Portland, by the same.

Sailed.

Str Maskinonge (Br), New York; tugs Underwriter, Newport News, twg bgs Bangor and Boston; Pallas, New Bedford, Saturday night; Orion, Portland, to return with bge Ohio, for Newport News.

Str Cymric (Br), Liverpool via Queenstown; A. W. Perry (Br), Halifax, N S, Hawkesbury, C. B., and Charlottetown, P E I; James S. Whitney, New York; Bunker Hill, Nacoochee, Savannah; Howard, Norfolk; Quantico, Philadelphia; J. H. Devereaux, Baltimore.

NEW YORK ARRIVALS

Aug. 13—Strs Delaware, London and Shields; Matanzas, Vera Cruz, Progreso, etc.; City of Montgomery, Savannah; Navahoe, Georgetown, S C, and Wilmington; El Cid, Galveston; Denver, Galveston; Aragon, Georgetown, S C; Chicago, Havre; Potsdam, Rotterdam and Boulogne; Martha Washington, Mediterranean ports; Florida, Port Arthur; Ogeechee, Galveston; Tivives, Colon, Kingston, etc.

COASTWISE TRAFFIC

ROCKLAND, Aug 13—Arrd, str Camden, Boston for Bangor, and proceeded.

BEVERLY, Aug 12—Arrd, str M E Harper, Newport News.

NORFOLK, Aug 12—Sld, str Gloucester, Boston.

PARKERS FLATS, Aug 12—Arrd, tug International, twg bg Hammond for Hallowell and left on return for Portland for bgs Bast and Bear Ridge, clg at Portsmouth for bg Conewago, all for Philadelphia.

PORTLAND, Aug 12—Arrd, str Governor Dingley, Boston for Eastport and St John, N B; tug Honey Brook, twg bge C R R of N J, No. 12, Port Johnson, and tug will leave on return to call at Salem for bge C R R of N J, No. 7, and Boston for the 2 and 4.

LYNN, Aug 12—Arrd, bge Chas F Pritchard, Philadelphia.

NOBSKA, Aug 13—Psd south, tug Scranton, twg bges Pohatcong, Pequest and Chenango, Boston for Hoboken.

PROVIDENCE, Aug 12—Arrd, str Penobscot, Newport News; tugs Walter A Luckenbach, Newport News; bges Waverly, Hoboken; Solitaire, Newport News; City of Washington, Newport News; Carrie Clark.

Arrd, strs Essex, Baltimore via Norfolk; New Orleans, Philadelphia; tug Aries, New York; bges Geo. Moon, Port Reading; Martin Horan, Staten Island.

Sld, tug Aries New York, twg bgs Laurence, Cora and Abbie.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 12—Arrd, strs Hektor, Daiquiri; Chesapeake, New York; Juniata, Boston; Evelyn, Melrose, Boston; Bosnia, Hamburg via Boston; schr Ruth B. Cobb, Tampa.

Clrd, strs Franconia, Tampa; Somerset, Jacksonville via Savannah.

Sld, str Parthian, Jacksonville via Savannah.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Aug. 12—Arrd, strs Alfred Dumois, Port Antonia; Mohawk, New York.

CAPE HENRY, Aug. 12—Psd in, strs Hilton, Boca Grande, for Baltimore; Ravenscraig, Providence for Norfolk.

Psd out, strs Seaconnet, Norfolk for supposed Boston; Manna Hata, for New York.

GEORGETOWN, S. C., Aug 12—Arrd, str Henry Williams, Baltimore.

CYMRIC OFF FOR LIVERPOOL WITH MANY TRAVELERS

On board the Cymric, the White Star liner that left Boston this morning for Queenstown and Liverpool, was a party of missionaries with the Rev. W. L. Ferguson of Newton in charge. Besides Mr. Ferguson and his wife and daughter, the party included Mrs. W. F. Martin and three children of Kalamazoo, Mich; Miss Stella Relyea, Miss Minnie Magilton and Miss Grace H. Patton. Miss Patton is going out for the first time.

Edward Higgins, United States consul at Stuttgart, Germany, and his niece, Miss Gladys Higgins, were among the passengers. Mr. Higgins is returning to his post after a leave of absence. The Cymric carried 125 second cabin and 200 steerage passengers.

Congressman William Murray of Charlestown and Mrs. Murray sailed down the harbor on the ship to return on the pilot boat.

PROW OF CORSICAN DAMAGED

MONTREAL—With the prow of his ship injured above the waterline but not enough to cause a leak, Captain Cook of the Allan liner Corsican reports by wireless that he is proceeding on his voyage after an encounter with a berg off Newfoundland. The Corsican carries 25 first class and 200 steerage passengers.

TEACHER TAKES NEW POSITION

SALEM, Mass.—Arthur B. Newhall, head of the manual training department of the Salem high school, has resigned his position to accept a more lucrative offer to take charge of the science department of the Wentworth Institute in Boston.

"L" CASES TAKEN UP TO EXPEDITE REINSTATEMENT

District Attorney Joseph C. Pelletier is today examining the remaining 35 cases of Elevated carmen charged with offenses against the laws so that, as far as possible, final action may be taken before Aug. 19, when the striking carmen with no action against them may be reinstated under the terms of the settlement. Thirty-one cases were considered Monday and several were set aside, because the complainants failed to come forward. Mr. Pelletier says he will make a statement after he has disposed of the cases.

Next Thursday the grand jury will resume its special investigation of charges of perjury and coercion in connection with the recent strike, which was adjourned two weeks ago. Six indictments were returned against Elevated division superintendents as a result of the first part of the grand jury investigation.

Assignments were made to the men eligible to return this morning at many divisions in the city. Tonight the regular district mass and organizing meeting of the Boston Street Carmen's Union will be held at Vernon hall, Roxbury, and tomorrow night the meeting will be at Maynard hall, D street, South Boston.

RAILROAD MEN TO HAVE OUTING

New England Association of Railroad Veterans will hold its first annual outing at Salem Willows, Aug. 17. The outing will consist of a shore dinner and a sail along the North Shore. Ben E. Chapin, editor and publisher of the Railroad Employe, the official journal of the organization, is to be present. H. A. Whitehead, general agent, B. & M., is chairman of arrangements.

World's Latest News of Finance and Industry

BULL LEADER IS MOST DESIRED BY MARKET TRADERS

Obliged to Take Small Profits in Dull Times—Mayflower a Strong Feature on Local Exchange

LONDON IS FIRM

There was an easier tone in the early trading in the New York stock market today. Business was light as usual. The selling was the natural result of the advancing prices of the last few days. Traders are satisfied to take small profits rather than to wait a slow rise in a quiet market.

The thing most desired by them is a leader for the long side. Fundamental conditions are favorable, they say, but prices are allowed to take care of themselves with the result that securities have not been inviting to the public.

Mayflower was a strong feature of the local market. Old Colony Mining also advanced well. Lake Copper also was in better demand.

Stocks generally improved somewhat before midday. The leaders, however, moved within a narrow range. Pittsburgh Coal preferred advanced to a new high record. After opening up ½ at 95 it sold well above 96 before midday. The common opened ⅛ higher at 23⅝ and rose above 24. Studebaker was weak. It opened up ⅛ at 46⅝ and dropped more than 2 points.

Lehigh Valley opened unchanged at 173, receded to 172½ and advanced to 174. Canadian Pacific opened up ⅛ at 279½, declined to 278 and again moved up to the opening price. Louisville & Nashville opened up ¼ at 16¼ and rose more than 2 points higher.

Mayflower continued to be the center of attraction on the local exchange. It opened up ½ at 12¾ and sold up to 14½ before midday. Old Colony Mining opened up ⅛ at 9⅝ and sold well above 10. Pneumatic preferred opened up ¼ at 19¾ and advanced to 20½ before midday.

Before the beginning of the last hour Pittsburgh Coal preferred sold up to 99. The common also was higher. Studebaker and Sears Roebuck were weak. On the local exchange Mayflower continued strong, advancing further. Old Colony Mining also had a further gain.

LONDON — The securities markets showed irregular changes from best prices in the final dealings. The specialties appeared to be tiring, but Consols were at the top ignoring firm discounts and applications for re-discounting at the Bank of England.

There were re-purchases of home rails. American Railway shares displayed steadiness. Canadian Pacific reflected disappointment over the failure to increase the quarterly dividend. Some pressure on Mexican railway issues was apparent on the latest phase of excesses by the rebels.

Paris support caused increasing firmness in mines. De Beers ended 3-16 higher at 20. Continental Bourses closed irregular.

DAIRY PRODUCTS

Boston Receipts

Today, 6252 tbs, 2170 bxs, 331,160 lbs butter, 1330 bxs cheese, 5519 cs eggs.

1911, 2818 tbs, 1870 bxs, 175,554 lbs butter, 155 bxs cheese, 3969 cs eggs.

New York Receipts

Today, 15,259 pkgs butter, 6618 bxs cheese, 18,251 cs eggs.

1911, 10,194 pkgs butter, 8278 bxs cheese, 19,043 cs eggs.

Other Markets

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 12—Egg mkt higher at 19½c.

CHICAGO, Aug. 12—Bttr stdy, ex 24, No 1 pkg stk 20, rects 10,782. Eggs firm, firsts 18½, ordinary firsts 16½, rects 8480.

Liverpool Cheese

Canadian—New white 63, new colored 65.

THE WEATHER

UNITED STATES WEATHER BUREAU PREDICTIONS FOR BOSTON AND VICINITY: Fair tonight; Wednesday unsettled; light variable winds.

WASHINGTON—The U. S. weather bureau predicts weather today as follows for New England: Showers tonight or Wednesday.

The disturbance which was central over the lake region yesterday morning has moved but little during the last 24 hours. It is now central over upper Michigan. It has produced showers during the last 24 hours from South Dakota eastward to Pennsylvania and from Michigan southward to Tennessee. It has caused warm, muggy weather in the northern sections east of the Mississippi river. An area of high pressure is producing cool pleasant weather in the northwestern sections.

TEMPERATURE TODAY

8 a. m. ....78 | 12 noon 86

Average temperature yesterday, 78 11-12.

IN OTHER CITIES

New York	76	Portland, Me.	74
Buffalo	76	Albany	84
Nantucket	76	Pittsburgh	82
Washington	88	Chicago	80
Philadelphia	86	Des Moines	86
Jacksonville	92	Denver	90
San Francisco	66	St. Louis	84
Kansas City	88		

ALMANAC FOR TODAY

Sun rises	4:49	High water,
Sun sets	6:49	11:26 a.m., 11:50 p.m.
Length of day	14:00	

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK—The following are the transactions on the New York Stock Exchange, giving the opening, high, low and last sales to 2:30 p. m.:

	Open	High	Low	Last Sale
Amalgamated	84¾	84⅞	84	84¾
Am Ag Chem	59¼	60⅞	59¼	60⅞
Am Beet Sugar	71	71¼	70¾	71
Am Can	41¾	41¾	40¾	40⅞
Am Can pf	119⅞	120⅛	119¼	120⅛
Am Car Fndry	60	61	60	60½
Am Cotton Oil	54	54	53⅞	53⅞
Am H & L	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼
Am Ice	27	27	26⅛	26¼
Am Loco	45	45	44⅞	45⅛
Am Linseed Oil	14	14	14	14
Am Linseed Oil pf	36¼	36¼	35⅞	35⅞
Assets Realiz Co	126	126	126	126
Am Smelting	85⅞	85⅞	85⅜	85¾
Am Smelting pf	108½	108½	108	108
Am Sugar	127⅞	128¾	127⅞	128¾
Am Steel Fndry	35¼	35⅜	35¼	35⅜
Am T & T	146	146	145⅞	145⅞
Am Woolen pf	89¼	89¼	89¼	89¼
Am Writing Pa pf	40	40⅛	39½	39½
Anaconda	42⅜	42⅝	42⅜	42⅝
Atchison	109⅞	110	109½	109⅞
Atchison pf	102⅝	102⅝	102½	102⅝
At Coast Line	146⅝	148⅜	146⅝	147½
Butterick	37	37	37	37
Baldwin Loco pf	105⅞	105⅞	105¾	105¾
Balt & Ohio	108½	108⅝	108½	108⅝
Balt & Ohio pf	86⅛	86⅛	86⅛	86⅛
Beth Steel	38¼	38¼	38	38¼
Beth Steel pf	71⅝	71⅝	71⅝	71⅝
Brooklyn Union	148⅛	148⅛	148⅛	148⅛
B R T	92¾	93	92⅝	92¾
Chino	34½	34⅝	34½	34½
Col Fuel	32⅛	32⅛	31½	31½
Con Gas	148⅞	148⅞	148	148½
Central Leather	28⅞	29⅞	28⅞	29½
Central Leather pf	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞
Ches & Ohio	81⅞	82½	81⅝	82
Corn Products	15⅛	15¼	15	15
Ca Pacific	279½	279⅝	278	279½
Canada Southern	66	66	66	66
Chi & Gt West	17¾	18⅜	17¾	18¼
Chi & Gt West pf	35	35½	35	35½
Chi M & St P	107⅞	108½	107	108
Chi & N'west	142½	142⅞	142⅜	142¾
Denver	21	21½	21	21½
Denver pf	37⅞	38	37⅞	38
Del & Hudson	171¼	171¼	171¼	171¼
Erie	36⅝	37⅜	36⅝	37
Erie 1st pf	55	55⅜	54⅞	55⅛
Erie 2d pf	44½	44½	44½	44½
Goldfield Con	3⅞	3⅞	3¾	3¾
General Chemical	222⅛	222⅛	220	220
Gen Electric	181⅞	183½	181½	183
Gen Motor Co	35	35	35	35
Gen Motor Co pf	78	78	78	78
Gt Nor pf	142½	142⅞	142⅜	142½
Gt Nor Ore	44½	44½	44½	44½
Harvester ct	123⅝	123¾	123⅝	123¾
Havana Electric	89	89	89	89
Inspiration	19	19	19	19
Ill Central	131⅝	131⅝	131⅝	131⅝
Inter-Met	20⅝	20⅝	20	20⅜
Inter-Met pf	60¼	60⅜	60¼	60⅝
Int Marine	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
Int Marine pf	19	19	19	19
Int Paper	16	16¼	16	16⅜
Int Paper pf	57¼	57½	57¼	57⅜
Int Pump	27⅛	27⅛	27	27
Kan City So	26¼	27⅛	26¼	27⅞
Kan City So pf	61	61½	61	61½
Kan & Tex	29	29⅜	29	29⅛
Kan & Tex pf	62¾	63	62¾	63
Laclede Gas	107	107	107	107
L & N	167¼	169½	167	168½
Lehigh Valley	173	174	172½	172⅝
Loose-Wiles B Co	44⅝	44⅝	44¼	44¼
Miami	29½	29¾	29½	29¾
Mackay Cos pf	69¼	69¼	69¼	69¼
Missouri Pacific	38⅝	39	38⅝	38¾
Mex Petroleum Co	68¾	68¾	68	68
M St P & SSte M	153	153	153	153
Nat Biscuit	136	136½	135¾	136½
Nat Enameling	16½	16½	16½	16½
Nevada Cons	21½	21¾	21½	21¾
N Y C & StL	59	59	59	59
N Y Central	119	119	118	118
Norfolk & Western	119	119	118½	118½
Northern Pacific	131	131⅛	130⅝	130⅝
Omaha	132	134¾	132	134¾
Ontario & Western	32¾	33	32¾	33
Pacific T & T	50¼	50¼	50	50
Pennsylvania	124⅜	124½	124¼	124¼
Pittsburg Coal	23⅝	24¾	23⅜	24¾
Pittsburg Coal pf	95	99	94¾	98¾
P C C & St L	109¾	110⅜	109¾	110⅜
Pressed Steel Car	37¼	37⅜	37¼	37⅜
Pub Serv Corp	120¼	120⅞	120¼	120⅞
Pullman	164½	165	164½	165
Quicksilver Min pf	8	8	8	8
Ry Steel Spring	36¾	37	36¾	37
Ray Con	21	21	20¾	20¾
Reading	172⅛	172⅜	171⅜	172⅛
Republic Steel	28	28	28	28
Republic Steel pf	89½	89½	89½	89½
Rock Island	26⅞	26⅞	26¾	26¾
Seaboard A L	23¾	23¾	23⅝	23⅝
Seaboard A L pf	53⅞	53⅞	53¾	53¾
Sears Roebuck	205¾	205¾	202⅞	203
Sloss-Shef S & I	57¾	57⅞	57½	57⅞
Southern Pacific	113	113	112¾	112¾
Southern Ry	30	30⅛	29¾	29⅞
Southern Ry pf	80¼	80½	80⅛	80½
Standard Milling	28	28	28	28
St L & S F	22½	22½	21¼	21¼
St L & S F 2d pf	36	36	35	35
St L Southwestern	34⅜	34⅜	34⅜	34⅜
St L Southwest'n pf	73½	74½	73½	74½
Studebaker	46⅝	46⅝	42¾	42¾
Tennessee Copper	42¼	42¼	42	42
Texas Pacific	22⅝	22¾	22½	22¾
The Texas Co	126	126¼	126	126¼
Third Av	36⅝	36⅝	36⅝	36⅝
T St L & W	13	13	13	13
Union Pacific	173⅞	173⅞	173¼	123½
Union Pacific pf	91	91⅛	91	91⅛
Un Ry Inv pf	63½	63½	63	63
U S Cast Iron Pipe	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞
U S Rubber	52	52¾	52	52¾
U S Rubber 1st pf	108¾	108¾	108½	108½
U S Steel	72⅞	73	72⅜	72⅞
U S Steel pf	112⅞	112⅞	112⅝	112⅝
Utah	62½	63	62½	63
Va I C & C	58	58	58	58
Va-Caro Chem pf	116¼	116¼	116¼	116¼
Wabash	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾
Wabash pf	14¾	15	14¾	15
Westinghouse	86¾	88	86¾	87⅜
West Maryland	57	57	56½	56½
Western Union	81¾	82	81¾	82
Woolworth	95¾	95¾	95⅝	95⅝

*Ex-dividend.

BAR SILVER PRICES

NEW YORK—Commercial bar silver 61½c; Mexican dollars 48c.

LONDON—Bar silver steady 28 5-16, up 3-16; gold premium at Madrid 5.95; at Lisbon 11.

FRANKFURT REACHES PORT

NEW YORK—The North German Lloyd steamship Frankfurt, which collided with the German steamship Barmen, has reached the Hook of Holland, says a Rotterdam message to the New York Herald.

STATE TO PRODUCE SEVENTY BUSHELS PER ACRE OF CORN

Asserted That by Proper Handling of Soil Production of Two Important Cereals Should Be Doubled

FARMS LANGUISHING

CHICAGO—Dr. Hopkins, head of the department of agronomy of University of Illinois, says corn production of Illinois, the banner corn state, should be 70 bushels per acre, instead of 35, and that wheat production also should be doubled by proper handling of the soil. F. G. Logan says doubling the state's production of corn and wheat would add $290,000,000 annually to the agricultural income. With corn land in Illinois selling in some cases between $300 and $400 per acre, it is interesting to compute probable land values based upon theoretical maximum yields per acre.

Another authority says: "The cities of our state have gone way beyond the rural development. This year we sent out of the state to purchase one-fifth of the ordinary farm commodities that might have been produced at home. This amounted to $18,000,000. Our farms are languishing, and until we can improve rural conditions and establish some economic balance between producer and consumer at home we cannot lay claim to permanent prosperity. That other states are in the same predicament explains why 23 state bankers' associations have standing agricultural committees to assist in finding the remedy.

President Gross of the National Soil Fertility League, says: "The bill which provides for the expert farmers' expenses is likely to be passed by Congress before it adjourns. At any rate, it will come up the first thing at the next session. It calls for an appropriation with an annual increase of a like amount for nine years after, and the annual additional sum to be paid thereafter to each state of $3,000,000. President Taft was enthusiastic over the bill, and declared it would mean more to this country than any other piece of legislation since the days of Lincoln."

Since the Illinois experiment station was started the yield of corn per acre increased 7½ bushels, although it decreased in other important corn states. Dr. Hopkins estimates that two-thirds of money spent for fertilizers is wasted through ignorance.

DIVIDENDS

The American Coal Company has declared a semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent, payable Sept. 3 to holders of record Aug. 31.

The American Sugar Refining Company has declared the usual quarterly dividends of 1¾ per cent on its preferred stock and 1¾ per cent on its common stock, payable Oct. 2, to holders of record of Sept. 3.

The Pennsylvania Fuel Supply Company has declared a dividend of 40 per cent, payable in stock. The company has a capital of $1,000,000, of which only $600,000 is issued, part of the unissued $400,000 stock being now distributed as above.

The Grand Trunk Railway Company will pay for the half-year the full dividend on its 4 per cent guaranteed stock and on its 5 per cent first and second preference stocks. After paying these dividends a balance of £8500 will be carried forward.

The Canadian Pacific Railway Company has declared the usual quarterly dividends of 1¾ per cent out of railroad earnings and ¾ of 1 per cent out of the interest on land sales, on its common stock, and the regular semi-annual dividend of 2 per cent on its preferred stock. The dividends are payable Oct. 1.

The Swinesart Rubber Company of Akron, O., declared a quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent on its capital stock. This is a reduction of ½ per cent for the quarter, the rate being reduced from 8 to 6 per cent per annum. A letter sent out with the dividend checks states that the company deems it advisable to reduce the dividend in order to build up a larger working capital to take care of its increasing business.

THE LONDON MARKET—CLOSE

		Advance
Consols money	...	⅜
do account	...	⅜
Anaconda	42¾	⅝
Atchison	110	½
Canadian Pacific	279¼	*⅛
St. Paul	110¼	...
Erie	37⅛	1⅛
do 1st pf	55½	1¼
Reading	173	⅞
Southern Pacific	113¼	¼
Union Pacific	173¾	*¼
United States Steel	73	¼
do pf	114⅝	⅛

*Decline.

LONDON METAL CLOSING

LONDON—Copper—Spot £78 12s. 6d.; futures £78 12s. 6d. Market steady. Sales: Spot 700, futures 2300. Spot off 1s. 3d. Futures off 1s. 3d. Best selected copper £83 10s. up 10s., pig tin ended steady, spot £207 unchanged, futures £204 15s. unchanged, Spanish pig lead down is 3d. at £19 7s. 6d., spelter unchanged at £26 5s., Cleveland warrants 60s. 10½d.

BOSTON STOCKS

BOSTON—The following are the transactions of the Boston Stock Exchange, giving the opening, high, low and last sales to 2:30 p. m. today:

MINING	Open	High	Low	Last Sale
Adventure	8½	8½	8⅜	8½
Allouez	47	47	46	46
Anaconda	42¼	42¼	42¼	42¼
Calumet & Ariz	77	77	76¾	76¾
Calumet & Hecla	533	535	532	535
Copper Range	59	59	58½	58¾
Daly West	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼
Franklin	11½	11½	11½	11½
Granby	55	55	54¾	55
Greene-Cananea	10	10	10	10
La Salle	6½	6½	6½	6½
Mass	7	7	7	7
Mayflower	12¾	15¼	12¾	14¾
Michigan	2½	2½	2½	2½
Nevada Cons	21¾	21¾	21¾	21¾
Nipissing	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
North Butte	30¾	30¾	30⅜	30¾
Old Colony Min	9⅝	11⅛	9½	11⅛
Old Dominion	58⅛	58¼	58⅛	58¼
Osceola	119½	119½	117	117
Quincy	93	93	92¼	93
Santa Fe	3¼	3⅜	3¼	3½
Shannon	17⅛	17⅜	17⅛	17⅜
St Mary's	55	56	54¾	55⅞
Superior	47	47	46⅜	46¾
Trinity	6⅜	6⅜	6¼	6¼
U S Smelting	46	46⅛	45¾	46⅛
U S Smelting pf	50	50	49⅞	4⅞
Utah Cons	11	11	11	11
Utah Copper	63	63	62½	62⅝
Victoria	3	3	2 11/16	2 11/16
Winona	6	6	6	6
Wolverine	108	109	108	109
TELEPHONES				
American	146	146⅛	146	146⅛
New England	152¾	153	152¾	153
New England rts	5	5 1/16	5	5 1/16
RAILROADS				
Atchison	109¾	110	109¾	110
Atchison pf	102¾	102¾	102¾	102¾
Boston Elevated	124	125	124	124¾
Boston-Providence	297	297	297	297
Fitchburg pf	126	126	126	126
Maine Central	125	125	125	125
Maine Central rts	12½	12½	12½	12½
N Y N H & H	137⅞	137⅞	137½	137¾
Union Pacific	173⅝	173⅝	173⅝	173⅝
West End com	85	85	85	85
MISCELLANEOUS				
Am Ag Chem	59½	60¾	59½	60¾
Am Ag Chem pf	100¾	100¾	100¾	100¾
Amoskeag pf	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼
Am Pneumatic	5	5⅛	5	5
Am Pneumatic pf	19¾	20⅞	19¾	20½
Am Sugar	128¼	128¾	128¼	128¾
Am Sugar pf	123	123	122½	122½
Am Woolen pf	89	89½	89	89½
Boston Subur pf	78	78	78	78
Edison Elec	291	291	291	291
General Elec	182½	183¾	181½	183
Mass Gas	89½	89½	89½	89½
National Carbon	122	122	122	122
Pullman	165	165	164	165
Torrington	28½	28½	28½	28½
United Fruit	192	192	192	192
Uni Shoe Mac	51	51	51	51
Uni Shoe Mac pf	29¼	29½	29⅛	29½
U S Rub rts	75c	75c	7c	75c
U S Steel	72⅞	73	72⅞	73
U S Steel pf	112⅞	112⅞	112⅞	112⅞
UNLISTED SECURITIES				
Ahmeek	350	350	350	350
Algomah	6⅜	6⅝	6⅜	6⅝
Amalgamated	84¾	84¾	84	84¾
Am Zinc	30⅞	30⅞	30⅝	30¾
Ariz Com	5½	5⅝	5¼	5¼
Atl Gulf & W I	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜
Atl Gulf & W I pf	12	12	12	12
Boston & Corbin	7¼	7¼	7⅛	7⅛
Butte & Balaklava	3¼	3⅜	3¼	3⅜
Butte & Sup	44¾	45¼	44¾	45
Chino	34½	34½	34½	34½
East Butte	13⅞	14	13⅞	14
Hancock	29½	29½	29	29½
Helvetia	1 1/16	1¼	1 1/16	1¼
Indiana	19	19¼	19	19¼
Inspiration	18½	18½	18½	18½
Isle Royale	35¾	35¾	35¾	35¾
Lake Copper	37¼	37¼	36¼	37
Mass El pf fr w	19c	19c	19c	19c
Mass El pf stpd	77	77	77	77
Miami	29¾	29¾	29¾	29¾
New Arcadian	4	4⅛	3¾	4⅛
Ojibway	4	4	4	4
Pond Creek Coal	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾
Ray Cons	21⅛	21⅛	20½	21⅛
Rotary Ring	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼
Reece Folding Mac	4½	4½	4½	4½
South Utah M & S	55c	55c	55c	55c
Sup & Boston	1 1/16	1 1/16	1 1/16	1 1/16
Tuolumne	3	3	3	3
Union Copper Land	2⅝	2⅞	2½	2¾

BONDS

	High	Low	Last
Am Tel & Tel 4s	90⅜	90¼	90¼
Atl Gulf & W I 5s	63½	63½	63½
Chicago Junction 5s	100½	100½	100½
Western Tel 5s	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞

EARNINGS OF NIPE BAY CO.

Nipe Bay Company has issued its fourth annual report to shareholders. Income acount for nine months to June 30, 1912, compares as follows:

Income account:	1912 (9 mos.)	1911 (12 mos.)	Inc.
Net	$646,594	$470,062	$176,532
Less: Int. charges,			
Itn. on 1st mtg.	149,239	206,879	*57,641
Int. on debs	166,670	195,268	*28,598
Int. and disc.	4,264	3,308	956
Total	320,172	405,456	*85,283
Balance	326,422	64,606	261,815
Dividends	60,000	20,000	40,000
Surplus	266,422	44,606	221,815
Sur. brought for.	26,367	1,908	24,458
Total	292,790	46,515	246,274
Chgs agst inc (a)	100,000	20,147	79,852
Balance surplus	192,790	26,367	166,422

*Decrease.

President Preston says in part:

"Production of sugar by the company's mill was 81,386,568 pounds and of molasses 1,408,932 gallons, comparing with 92,835,600 pounds of sugar, and 1,842,087 gallons of molasses the previous year. The crop season came to an end July 31, and total output for the season was 86,217,760 pounds of sugar and 2,038,152 gallons of molasses.

"Rainfall was abnormally light throughout the season and resulted in a substantial reduction in rate of yield of cane. Sugar content also suffered a reduction of nearly 10 per cent.

"The company expects to have in operation shortly in a part of its field a system of irrigation which should insure a larger and more regular supply of cane. Opening up of new cane fields has necessitated construction of two miles of additional railroad

BIG GROWTH OF INTERNATIONAL NICKEL COMPANY

Common Stockholders Have Received Back Ninety-Two Per Cent of Investment Since Reorganization

BIG DISTRIBUTIONS

NEW YORK—Counting the rights to subscribe for new stock in the reorganization plan of International Nickel Co., which are worth approximately $10 a share, common stockholders have so far this year received 22½ per cent in dividends. And dividends for the second half year have yet to be declared.

International Nickel paid its initial common dividend in January, 1909. Since then it has declared 71½ per cent in dividends, totaling $7,451,127. Taking into consideration the "rights" for subscription to new stock offered at the time the 25 per cent extra dividend was declared, in 1910, and which were worth about $21 a share then, common stockholders have received about 92 per cent back of their original investment in three and a half years. This record compares favorably with the most prosperous industrial companies.

Preferred dividends of 6 per cent per annum have been paid regularly since February, 1906. Following is the record of common distributions:

1912—July, 10 per cent extra, $1,158,200; June, 5½ per cent, $637,010; March, 7 per cent, $810,784.

1911—December, 5 per cent, $579,131; September, 4 per cent, 463,305; June, 2½ per cent, $288,566; March, 2½ per cent, $288,566.

1910—December, 1 per cent and ½ per cent extra, $173,139; September, 1 per cent and ½ per cent extra, $173,139; June, 1 per cent and ½ per cent extra, $173,139; June, 25 per cent extra, $2,218,155; March, 1 per cent and ½ per cent extra, $133,089.

1909—December, 1 per cent and ½ per cent extra, $133,089; September, 1 per cent and ½ per cent extra, $133,089; January, 1 per cent, $88,276.

Total, 71½ per cent, $7,451,127.

International Nickel Company owns large deposits of nickel ore in Sudbury, Ontario, which are estimated to contain 20,000,000 tons of ore, or a supply sufficient to last from 80 to 100 years. As nickel deposits in quantity are very rare, the company has practically the entire field, and turns out approximately 30,000,000 pounds of nickel per annum. It mines, smelts and refines the nickel ore, turning the product over to the manufacturer of finished goods to use according to his own requirements. In the nickel ore there is about 15 per cent of copper so that there is a copper recovery of between 4,000,000 and 5,000,000 pounds a year; but this is a comparatively unimportant branch of the business.

Growth of the corporation and its large earnings of the last three years have been synchronous, and the result of the increasing demand for harder steel. Nickel added to steel gives nickel-steel, which has much greater tensile strength and toughness than ordinary steel, and which, therefore, is the most valuable protection for war vessels.

The greatest demand for the company's products comes from armor and projectile manufacturers, but the expansion of the automobile industry and demand for harder steel forgings, bearings, shaftings, etc., is an important factor in the growth of the company's business.

Nickel steel rails cost about twice as much as ordinary steel, but last about three times as long. The greater expense has made growth of the demand for nickel steel rails slow, but they are being used to some extent by several important trunk lines.

International Nickel looks for further expansion in its business during the next few years and the reorganization plan recently announced was chiefly for the purpose of putting the company in a position to finance itself by providing a sufficient amount of treasury stock which can be issued as required.

COTTON MARKET

NEW YORK—Cotton opening: August 11.03, September 11c bid, October 11.14 @11.15, November 11.11@11.13, December 11.20@11.23, January 11.20@11.21, March 11.32@11.34, May 11.43@11.44. Market easy, - to 20 points lower.

LIVERPOOL—Spot cotton moderate business; prices easier. Middlings 6.62d., off 21 points. Sales estimated 7000 bales, receipts 4000, no American. Futures opened easy, 12½@15½ off. At 12:30 p. m., easy, unchanged to 2 off from the opening and 14½ to 16 off from previous close: August-September 6.29½, October-November 6.13, December-January 6.08, January-February 6.09.

ANOTHER OIL MELON SOON

Plans are said to be practically completed by the Standard Oil Company of Kansas for increasing its capital from $1,000,000 to $10,000,000, the new shares to be distributed as a stock dividend. Although the market price of the stock has risen above $400 a share since the dissolution of the company, no return has been made to stockholders.

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NEW YORK BONDS

Following are the transactions in bonds on the New York Stock Exchange, giving the high, low and last sales to 2:30 p. m. today:

	High	Low	Last
Armour 4½s	91¾	91¾	91¾
Atch cv 4s 1960	105⅝	105⅝	105⅝
Atchison gen 4s	96⅞	96¾	96⅞
Atchison cv 5s	110	110	110
Atlantic C L & N col 4s	96¼	95½	96¼
Ches & Ohio cv	93½	93⅜	93½
C B & Q 4s	96⅛	96⅛	96⅛
Col Southern 4s	95¾	95¾	95¾
Del & Hudson cv	98	98	98
Erie cv A	87⅝	87½	87⅝
Erie cv B	79	79	79
Int Mer Mar 4½s	95⅞	65⅞	65⅞
Interboro Met 4½s	82¼	82¼	82¼
Lake Shore 4s	94	94	94
Missouri Pacific cv	85	85	85
N Y City 4¼s	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛
N Y Ry 5s	57¾	57¾	57¾
N Y N H & H 6s	128⅜	128½	128½
Reading gen 4s	96¾	96¾	96¾
Rock Island 4s	68⅞	68⅞	68⅞
Southern Pacific fd	94⅛	94⅛	94⅛
Southern Pacific cv	95	95	95
Texas Co cv	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞
Third Ave 4s	82⅝	82⅝	82⅝
Third Ave 5s	71½	71½	71½
Union Pacific cv	103½	103⅜	103½
U S Steel 5s	102¾	102¾	102¾
Virginia 6s Brown Bros	54	54	54
Wabash 4s	67¼	67¼	67¼
West Shore 4s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
Westinghouse cv	95⅞	95⅝	95⅞

GOVERNMENT BONDS

	Opening Bid.	Opening Asked.	Closing Bid.	Closing Asked.
2s registered	100½	101	100½	101
do coupon	100¼	101½	100¼	101½
3s registered	102	102¾	102	102¾
do coupon	102	102¾	102	102¾
4s registered	113¾	114½	113¾	114½
do coupon	113¾	114½	113¾	114½
Panama 2s	100½	101	100½	101
Panama 1938s	100½	101	100½	101

CHICAGO BOARD

(Reported by C. F. & G. W. Eddy, Inc.)

	Open	High	Low	Close
Wheat—				
Sept.	.92	.93⅜	.92	.93¼
Dec.	.92⅛	.93⅛	.92	.93b
May	.95⅞	.96⅝	.95⅝	.96⅝
Corn—				
Sept.	.69¼	.71	.69¼	.71
Dec.	.54⅝	.55	.54⅝	.54⅞
May	.54¼	.54¾	.54¼	.54⅝
Oats—				
Sept	.31½	.32	.31⅜	.31¾
Dec	.32½	.32⅞	.32⅜	.32¾
May	.34½	.34⅞	.34½	.34⅞
Pork—				
Sept	18.87	18.87	17.85	18.00
Oct	17.97	18.05	17.97	18.02
Lard—				
Sept	10.72	10.77	10.72	10.77
Oct	10.80	10.87	10.80	10.87

THE GRAIN MARKET

C. F. & G. W. Eddy, Inc., of the Boston Chamber of Commerce, received the following from their Chicago correspondent:

Wheat—The wheat market was moderately active and generally steady in winter wheat markets, while in the Northwest prices were lower, owing to very favorable weather conditions throughout the Northwest for harvesting and threshing the new spring wheat. The large receipts of hard winter wheat at Minneapolis are having some effect on that market and with good weather a liberal movement of new spring will shortly be a very important influence. On the other hand a period of rainy weather, which would interfere with threshing would probably result in an active covering movement.

The very heavy distribution of wheat the past two weeks and the continued demand on account of the large sales of flour and the export business keep the pressure off the nearby positions and give relative strength to the September. Foreign markets quiet.

Corn — Market fairly steady. The September corn was again higher owing to the high premiums for cash corn and the diminishing receipts. The forward deliveries were barely steady. On every little rally there seems to be enough corn for sale to check any advance.

Oats—The market fairly active during the morning with prices showing steadiness. The weather conditions have been unfavorable for threshing and have checked the movement of oats to market. Expectations of very large receipts shortly prevent any important movement of values.

BOSTON CURB

	High	Low	Last
Bay State Gas	24c	23c	24c
Boston Ely	1¼	1⅛	1¼
Butte Central	7⅜	7¼	7¼
Butte London	28c	28c	28c
Cactus	14c	9c	14c
Calaveras	2 11/16	2 11/16	2 11/16
Chief	1½	1½	1½
Contact Copper	1	1	1
Corbin	1	1	1
Davis Daly	2 3/16	2⅛	2⅛
Eagle Bluebell	1¾	1¾	1¾
First National Copper	2½	2⅛	2⅛
Hollinger	12¼	12¼	12¼
Houghton	9⅜	9¼	9¼
Laramie	34c	34c	34c
La Rose	3 3/16	3⅛	3 3/16
Lion Hill	91c	90c	91c
Mexican Metals	1 11/16	1⅝	1⅝
Nevada Douglas	3½	3½	3¼
New Baltic	3⅞	3⅜	3⅜
Ohio Copper	88c	86c	88c
Raven	35c	31c	35c
Seneca	60c	60c	60c
Smokey	1 13/16	1 13/16	1 13/16

EGYPT COTTON CROP

CAIRO—The Egyptian cotton crop this year will be exceptionally big. In Lower Egypt the crop, it is stated, will be 12 per cent, and in Upper Egypt 15½ per cent above the average for the last 10 years.

PRODUCE MARKETS

Arrivals

Str Iberian from Liverpool and Manchester.

Str Kershaw from Norfolk with 70 bbls potatoes.

Str Canopic from Mediterranean ports brought 674 bxs lemons, 497 bskts onions, 35,333 bxs macaroni, 250 bgs beans.

Str J S Whitney from New York brought four cs figs, 25 bxs dates, 170 bxs macaroni.

Str Massachusetts from New York brought 48 bxs lemons, 455 bgs beans.

PROVISIONS

Boston Receipts

Apples 305 bbls 45 bxs, berries 907 crts, peaches 2986 crts, watermelons 7 cars, cantaloupes 12 cars, California oranges 4736 bxs, lemons 722 bxs, California decid. fruit 5 cars, pineapples 16 crts, grapes 1045 carriers, figs 4 pkgs, dates 25 bxs, peanuts 25 bgs, potatoes 25,706 bus, sweet potatoes 544 bbls, onions 6874 bus.

Boston Poultry Receipts

Today 1083 pkgs, last year 299 pkgs.

Boston Prices

Flour—Spring patents $5.10@5.40, winter patents $5@5.40, winter straights $4.85@5.25, Kansas $4.40@4.90, winter clears $4.50@4.80, spring clears $4.25@4.75, fancy $5.50.

Millfeed—Spring bran $24@24.50, winter bran $24.75@25.50, red dog $34, middlings $27.75@30.75, mixed feed $26.50@31, cottonseed meal $31.50.

Corn—Spot, No. 2 yellow $89@90, No. 3 yellow 88@88½c, steamer yellow 88½@89c, ship No. 2 yellow 88½@89c, No. 3 yellow 88@88½c.

Straw—Oat $19.50, rye $18@19.

Oats—Spot No. 1 clipped white 64@65c, No. 2 clipped white 62@62½c, No. 3 clipped white 61@61½c, ship fancy 38 lbs 41@42c, reg 36 lbs 40@41c, reg 34 lbs 39½@40c.

Hay—Choice $30, No. 1 $27.50@28, No. 1 western $32@33, No. 1 Canadian $32@33, No. 2 $25@25.50, No. 3 $18@19.

Eggs—Fancy nearly hennery 29@30c, eastern best, 26@28c, western best, 21@22c.

Butter—Northern creamery 27½c, western, best, 27@27½c.

Beans—Pea, choice, per bu, $3; medium, choice hand picked, $2.95; Californian, small white, $3.15@3.20; yellow eyes, best, $2.50@2.60; red kidneys, choice, $2.80@2.90.

Potatoes—Jersey 120-lb bag $1.80@1.90, new potatoes, per bbl, $2.75@3.

Onions—Spanish per crate $2@2.25, native, per bu box, 65c; Conn valley, per 100-lb bag, $1.50.

Apples—New, per bbl, $2@3.50; per bu box, 50c@$1.50.

Fruit—Pineapples, per crate, $2.50@3.50; muskmelons, per crate, 75c@$1.75; watermelons, per 100, $10@25; blueberries, per qt, 7@11c; blackberries, per qt, 8@12c.

Sugar—American Sugar Refining Company's net quotations: Crystal dominoes, 7.80c; eagle tablets, 7.35c; cubes, 5.60c; cutloaf, 6.25c; crushed, 6.15c; XXXX powdered, 5.50c; standard powdered fine, 5.45c; graunlated, 25-lb bags and under, 5.40@5.65c; diamond A, 5.35c; Ontario A, 5.15c; Empire A, 5.10c; extra Cs, 4.85@5.05c; yellow Cs, 4.70@4.80c.

Sugar — Wholesale grocery prices: Granulated, fine, bbls. and 100-lb bags, 5.45c; granulated, 25-lb bags and under, 5.50@5.75c.

PHILADELPHIA STOCKS

PHILADELPHIA—American Rys 43¾, Cambria Steel 44½, Electric Stor Bat 57¾, Gen Asphalt pfd trc 70, Lehigh Nav tru 90, Lehigh Valley 86½, Pennsylvania Steel pfd 97, Philadelphia Co 52, Philadelphia Co pfd 43½, Philadelphia Elec 23⅝, Philadelphia Rap Tr 25½, Philadelphia Tract 85, Union Tract 51½, United Gas Imp 90.

NEW YORK CURB

NEW YORK—Curb market quiet and steady; United States Motors 4½@4¾, do preferred 19½@20, Writ Paper 3½@4¼, Greene Cananea 10@10¼.

BACK BAY BRANCH

State Street Trust Co.

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Latest Market Reports ❁ Events of Interest to Investors

AUTHORIZATION OF CHICAGO & WESTERN INDIANA MORTGAGE

Plans Include Purchase of Chicago Union Transfer Railway—Trackage to Be Considerably Greater

SELL SMALL AMOUNT

CHICAGO—Authorization of a $200,000,000 mortgage by Chicago & Western Indiana is in accordance with plans for purchase of Chicago Union Transfer railway, including 4000 acres and 100 miles of track at southwestern limits of Chicago. Trackage will be increased to probably 600 miles and the yard used for interchange of cars by Grand Trunk, Wabash, Erie, Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville, Chicago & Eastern Illinois, Atchison, Rock Island, Illinois Central, Pennsylvania, Burlington, Soo line, Chesapeake & Ohio and Pere Marquette.

It is planned to sell only small amounts in the near future. Approximately $50,000,000 bonds are reserved for refunding present indebtedness of Chicago & Western Indiana.

In connection with Chicago & Western Indiana's lease of Union Transfer Company to Belt railway, latter increased its capital stock from $1,200,000 to $5,000,000. Lease will run 15 years at rental equal to interest on bonds to be issued in payment therefor and for improvements. Existing leases of Western Indiana to Belt railway will be readjusted so that rentals will equal interest at 4½ per cent on $14,000,000, assumed to be present value of Belt properties. Last year Belt earnings were equivalent to 4½ per cent on $13,000,000. Union Transfer's property has already been turned over by Western Indiana and is being operated by Belt railway. Payment is promised as soon as bond issue can be arranged.

Belt railway will classify and interchange cars at equal prices for its stockholders and continue switching cars as now, and do local and industrial switching for all companies. Any profits from switching will be credited to rentals and expenses of Belt railway, which has option to buy clearing yards in 50 years. Many outside roads are connected with clearing yards through Indiana harbor's outer belt system.

Western Indiana will open new freight yards to relieve downtown congestion. Capacity will be increased from 5000 to 20,000 cars daily. Western Indiana group of roads will have one director each in Belt railway board. Stockholding companies will pay all working expenses, including rentals and dividends of not less than 6 per cent on per car basis of property used in common.

President Hetzler of Western Indiana says $200,000,000 bond authorization looks many years ahead, as necessity may arise. He could not say when the first lot will be issued. Progress is necessarily slow. Terminal plans have not been finally decided upon.

Of the $200,000,000 bonds authorized by the stockholders of Chicago & Western Indiana, initial to be offered will probably be around $7,000,000. Payment for so-called Stickney tract on the outskirts of Chicago calls for $4,400,000 cash. Improvements immediately in sight will call for nearly $3,000,000 more. It is expected the bonds will be sold in New York.

The bonds will run 50 or 100 years. Interest has not been definitely fixed, but will be from 4 per cent to 5 per cent. Chicago & Western Indiana and Belt railway, its subsidiary, are pledged to spend $10,000,000 within 10 years.

Half of authorized issue is reserved for corporate purposes of Western Indiana, one-quarter to refund prior issues, and one-quarter for improvements on Belt railway, including purchase of Stickney tract.

MAINE DEPOSITS ARE INCREASED

AUGUSTA, Me.—Deposits in the Maine savings banks were increased almost $1,000,000 the past year, according to the semi-annual statement of State Bank Commissioner Robert F. Dunton. They amounted to $89,503,613 on April 27. Savings deposits in trust and banking companies amounted to $24,034,427, or more than $2,000,000 in excess of one year ago. The federal report on savings deposits in national banks on July 15 shows $22,318,713 in Maine, as against $18,670,068 a year ago.

The savings deposits in the three classes of banks aggregate $135,856,753, or $183 per capita, as against an aggregate of $129,822,863 a year ago, or $174.87 per capita. The loan and building associations show a corresponding prosperity on the part of the people.

PNEUMATIC TOOL EARNINGS

CHICAGO—Earnings of the Chicago Tool Company are averaging at the rate of about twice the 4 per cent annual dividend requirements, with prospects of a large volume of business in the fall.

DENVER DEPOT

DENVER—Executives of six railroads are expected to authorize $6,000,000 bond issue for new Denver union depot. New company will take over old depot company.

TEMPORARY LULL PREVAILS IN THE SHOE INDUSTRY

Buyers Postpone Contracting as Long as Possible in Hope of Obtaining Price Concessions—Firm and Advancing Market for Leather

An August dulness pervades the shoe market. What buyers there are here are not sufficient to cause much notice and as their purchases average small, they naturally confine their trading to a few houses. However, this is by no means a criterion of shoe conditions, for the mail is now the principal medium which manufacturers look to for business.

While there has been a fair amount of orders for future shipment received of late, the trade in general is still on the waiting list, and it is the consensus of opinion that buyers will postpone their contracting until concessions are obtainable or strength now manifested is firmly held inside the limits when ordering cannot longer be delayed.

Reports from all sides preclude the possibility of any slump in prices this year at least. Though similar events in the past have been such as to warrant interested persons in being skeptical regarding the stability of increased values, the upward market is too well established, and its firmness has been too gradual to justify a belief that present conditions are unreliable. As a matter of fact, the summer pull-off hide advanced ½c. last week, which certainly would not have a weakening effect upon side leather.

Furthermore, it can't be denied that shoe manufacturers are closely watching the whole situation, and in view of the sharp competition between them, it must be evident that concessions would soon come to the surface if an easier leather market was in sight; therefore the buyers really have an agency figuring in their interest and statements from such sources ought to carry with them more or less conviction.

Inquiry along this line showed many conservative merchants who believed that prices would be even higher than they are now, and stated as an evidence of their belief that all accepted orders were provided for without delay, so considering the situation as it is today, prices are more likely to advance than they are to recede.

Scarcely anything new developed in any of the different lines of shoes during the past week. The manufacturers interviewed claimed that the larger part of the orders coming in were mostly for small lots which served to keep the factories fairly busy.

The men's fine grade is moving steadily with orders of medium size the rule. A fair reserve has accumulated which will give the factories a good start when they open for the fall run. The medium grades are having a few contracts offered for acceptance, but they possess little value on account of price and other stipulations. The plants are busy but the output averages about 75 per cent of their capacity. Upper stock for both of the above grades shows a reduced assortment, gun metal, tan and velour calf, with a limited amount of patent leather, comprising the variety.

Chrome side leather and elk shoes for heavy wear, together with kangaroo, satin and split goods have been largely sampled, but thus far lightly ordered. Buyers do not yet seem reconciled to the advance demanded, consequently the results attending their postponement of contracts are difficult to conjecture. The ooze split shoe has proved a profitable innovation, and its wearing quality has successfully stood the rough usage to which workingmen subject it. It has filled a want in the boys', youths', misses' and children's lines which nothing else would have done, and the demand for it is growing rapidly.

The warm goods trade is active. Orders held for shipping dates have been written for, and duplicates have begun to come in. It is reported that the total sales of 1911 have already been exceeded.

The men's low priced Christmas slipper is almost obsolete, but a black and tan leather in opera and Romeo patterns has taken its place and factories are now quite busy with a prospective run of several months.

While Lynn and Haverhill manufacturers of ladies' footwear do not claim the receipt of many orders for the future, the factories are running with nearly a full working force. It is stated that low cuts have not been as popular as was expected, but in that reports vary, several concerns showing a record output. The upper stock varieties remain the same, except it be that patent leather is not selling as well. The Goodyear welt shoe is more in evidence every season, gradually getting into the lower grades.

Manufacturers of misses' and children's shoes express satisfaction with the present situation, and some are now and have been working their factories up to the limit. Infants' turned shoes, sizes 2-5 and 5/8 are dragging a little. Daily orders are received, but the future wants remain to be heard from.

Reports from the leather dealers partake of a stereotyped character, a firm and advancing market being constantly predicted. One of the larger tanners stated that the price of sole leather must be in parity with the latest advance in hides, and all other tannages also, therefore he contended that values might take another rise.

The weekly sales of hemlock sole leather vary so little that a certain amount of business can be depended upon, but conservative buying seldom gives that degree of activity which is noticeable in good times. The orders average small and dealers expect they may continue so while present high prices prevail. Foreign shipments are large, but present trading is light.

Union backs are extremely firm and scarce. Sole cutters use 80 per cent of the production, and as they are frequently in the market, the factory buyer is often unable to get just what his trade requires. Choice tannages are now sold at 38 cents, with some tanners expecting 39 cents and even 40 cents before Oct. 1.

Oak sole is practically out of the market, as it is sold ahead of the output. Regular traders are given the preference, so touring the market for the stock does not always bring the results desired.

The upper leather trade is good. Prices do not affect the demand very much, as buyers work close to factory orders. Calf skins are moving in ordinary sized lots at top quotations. The call for colored calf does not abate, unfilled orders being as many now as they have been in the past.

Chrome, elk, and in fact any side upper leather might become scarce if the shoe demand should take a start. The moderate call keeps the prices steady, but an active demand would see side leather respond to hide prices at once.

Patent calf is about the same in price, stocks and volume of trade. A fair number of buyers have anticipated their wants, which has given the japanners plenty to do for some time. Patent side leather continues a slow selling commodity. There is some call for it, the light weights having a demand on account of the high price of patent calf, but the heavier weights move slowly as a rule.

Glazed kid sales were very good the past week, although the amount was not of a normal character. However, shoe manufacturers stated that the increasing demand for kid shoes was very apparent, which fact means something favorable to the kid market. Moreover, a disposition to exploit the leather must help it, especially when it already has the confidence of the entire shoe world.

SHOE BUYERS

(Compiled by The Christian Science Monitor, Aug. 13)

Among the boot and shoe dealers and leather buyers in Boston today are the following:

Albany, N. Y.—C. F. Snow of Herrick & Smith; Essex.
Birmingham, Ala.—Henry Ruff and T. R. Weaver of Guarantee Shoe Co.; Essex.
Butte, Mont.—C. F. Hoyt of M. J. Connell Mer. Co.; U. S.
Butte, Mont.—B. A. Myers of Symons D. G. Co.; Essex.
Chicago, Ill.—Frank E. Hansell; U. S.
Dallas, Tex.—H. Berwald; U. S.
Duluth, Minn.—Nathan Kris of Kriss & Pass; U. S.
Greenville, Miss.—J. Romansky; U. S.
Havana, Cuba—Vicente and Ramon A. Cadin; U. S.
Jackson, Ga.—J. Areson; U. S.
Manilla, P. I.—Juan Selboth of The Selboth Co., Ltd.
Montgomery, Ala.—E. T. Naftel; U. S.
Portsmouth, O.—M. Lenman of Lehman & Bros.
Rochester, N. Y.—G. E. Thing of L. P. Ross Co.; Essex.
San Francisco, Cal.—H. Cullinane of Buckingham & Hecht; U. S.
Selma, Ala.—A. Meyer of Meyer & Elkan; Adams
St. Louis, Mo.—W. B. Murray; U. S.

LEATHER BUYERS

Chicago, Ill.—Frank Forbes of Daniel Forbes & Co.
Fresno, Cal.—J. H. Mittenthal; U. S.
Idaho and Washington—Buyers of The Golden Rule Mer. Co.
Leicester, Eng.—Arthur T. Porter; U. S.
Leicester, Eng.—W. L. Grant of Thomas Oliver Ltd.; Adams.
London, Eng.—C. Bridges of Munt Bros. & Co.; Essex.
London, Eng.—Selig W. Lewy of R. Lewy & Co., Ltd.; U. S.
New York, N. Y.—Morris Elchner.
Philadelphia, Pa.—Harry Halpin; U. S.
St. Louis, Mo.—Robert C. Roblee & J. N. Rainey; Essex.

RAILWAY EARNINGS

		Increase
SOUTHERN RAILWAY		
First week Aug.	$1,223,106	$51,708
From July 1	6,531,782	563,077
COLORADO & SOUTHERN		
First week Aug.	$244,121	*$37,804
From July 1	1,249,004	*189,925
HAVANA ELECTRIC		
Week ending Aug. 1	$52,856	$8,800
From Jan. 1	1,548,699	94,092
ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN		
First week Aug.	$231,000	$25,000
From July 1	1,294,000	267,000
DENVER & RIO GRANDE		
First week Aug.	$484,900	$3,800
From July 1	2,515,200	73,400
MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS		
First week Aug.	$498,560	$16,244
From July 1	2,711,193	74,215
GEORGIA SOUTHERN & FLORIDA		
Fourth week July	$58,705	$576
Month July	189,672	*1,729

*Decrease.

CRUCIBLE STEEL MODEL TOWN

PITTSBURGH—Following the purchase for $450,000 of 465 acres of undeveloped land, the blast furnaces and steel mills owned by Midland Steel Company and J. A. Fownes, Crucible Steel Company, will make Midland similar to Essen, Germany, where the great Krupp steel works are located, with boulevards and artistic houses for workmen.

THE SUGAR MARKET

NEW YORK—All refiners have reduced their list price for refined sugars 10 points to 5 cents a pound, less 2 per cent for cash for fine granulated. Spot raw market unchanged. London beets easier, 11s. 2½d., of ¾d., September 11s. ¾d., unchanged; October and December unchanged at 9s. 11¼d. United Kingdom stocks estimated at 96,000 tons, against 48,000 tons last year.

VALUE OF THREE CROPS IS LESS THAN LAST YEAR

NEW YORK—Government grain report shows that although wheat, corn and oats promise 624,000,000 bushels more this season than last, market value compared with values of 1911 shows a net decrease in favor of the latter year of $32,149,750. Corn crop of this year, although 280,000,000 bushels greater than that of 1911, will be worth less by $48,480,000 taking December prices of corn at Chicago as of Aug. 9 in both years.

Although the oats crop is 280,000,000 bushels larger than in 1911, at Chicago price of 32⅜ compared with 44½ last year, value will be less by $9,671,000.

A similar calculation for wheat is somewhat more favorable toward the current season, owing to smaller difference in price. Although we get 59,000,000 bushels more, it brings 4⅝ cents less; but owing to larger yield the gross value will be $26,001,250 above 1911.

Below are the figures for the three crops;

	Crops, bush.**	Dec. price Aug. 9	Total values
Corn, 1912	2,811,000	55	$1,546,150,000
Corn, 1911	2,531,000	63	1,594,530,000
Difference	*280,000	†08	†48,480,000
Wheat, 1912	681,000	92¾	630,700,000
Wheat, 1911	621,000	97⅝	604,698,750
Difference	*53,000	†4⅞	*26,001,250
Oats, 1912	1,207,00	32⅝	400,620,000
Oats, 1911	922,000	44½	410,290,000
Difference	*285,000	†11⅞	*9,671,000
Wheat	*30,000	†04⅝	*26,001,250
Corn	*280,000	†08	†48,480,000

**000 omitted.

*On basis taken, the oats crop is worth 11⅞ cents less a bushel, the wheat 4⅝ cents less and corn 8 cents less than in 1911.

†Although gross value is $32,148,750 less than at the primary market, and will probably be similarly less at the point at which the grower delivers his product to the market, the improvement will be essentially one for the sharing of consumers. A reduction of 8 cents in corn is more than 11% less than the price of 1911. The decline of 4⅝ cents in wheat is somewhat less than 5% in market price. The decrease in oats prices is equal to a reduction of 25%.

STANDING OF THE CLEARING HOUSE BANKS OF BOSTON

The individual reserve standing of local national banks, members of the Boston clearing house, at present and a week ago, is presented in the table given below. In addition to the legal reserve carried here and in New York (one-half may stand in the form of deposits with the New York correspondent banks), we compute what may be called actual reserve at present, as indicated by the excess reserve in New York. The excess of deposits with New York reserve agents over the amount which may be counted as half of legal reserve is here counted part of reserve instead of simply an offset to deposit liabilities, as is done in figuring legal reserve.

The excess or actual reserve over 25 per cent denotes the amount which might be deducted from the total reserves in both cities, Boston and New York, and still leave the legal reserve intact.

No reserve is computed against government deposits. The table follows:

	—Legal— Aug. 10	Aug. 3	Actual Aug. 10
Union	25.6%	26.4%	26.5%
Old Boston	24.5	24.8	27.6
State	24.9	26.2	26.1
New England	26.3	26.3	26.3
Atlantic	26.7	26.1	27.7
Merchants	25.4	25.3	29.2
Second	25.3	26.3	28.3
Shawmut	25.7	25.3	28.3
Commerce	25.1	25.1	25.9
Webster & Atlas	24.9	25.0	26.1
Elliot	25.2	26.0	27.6
Boylston	25.8	25.1	26.5
First	25.8	25.4	26.9
Security	25.6	28.7	27.4
Fourth*			
Winthrop	25.6	26.1	26.1
Commercial	25.8	25.8	26.9
Average	25.6	25.6	28.0

*No separate staement is made this week for the Fourth National, whose accounts are included in those of the Atlantic National, under whose charter the Fourth, pending the merger of the two banks, is at present doing business.

Average legal reserve is unchanged and average actual reserve is 1.8 per cent lower than a week ago. Five of the 16 banks are stronger than last week in legal reserve and 7 in actual reserve. Three banks are below the 25 per cent legal reserve, against 1 below last week.

BEEF MAKES NEW PRICE RECORD

CHICAGO—Beef made a new high record on Monday when prime cattle were sold at $10.40 a hundredweight, the highest price ever paid on the local market. In 1867 there was a reported sale of steers at $10.25. This was the high price here last week.

Two other records were set. One load of range steers brought $9, while another load went at $10.

Officials of the Chicago Livestock Exchange and cattle commission men dispute the theory of James Wilson, secretary of agriculture, that the high price of beef can be attributed to last year's short corn crop.

Said Charles S. Jones, president of the livestock exchange, "The short corn crop by no means accounts for the scarcity of cattle. We are short of cattle. A western ranchman writes that he expects to see $15 for fat steers before the next five years pass, and possibly within 12 months."

NORTHWEST CROPS

MINNEAPOLIS—Weather is generally favorable for harvesting in country between here and the Montana line.

NEW YORK RAILWAYS BONDS MOST ACTIVE ON EXCHANGE

Considerable Interest Taken in Securities of the Company Since Reorganization—In Position Once More to Make Money

NEW YORK—When the bonds of the New York Railways Company suddenly became active 10 days ago, investors in general were paying little or no attention to those issues. Today, however, the bonds of the New York Railways Company are decidedly the most active of any traded in on the New York stock exchange, and investors are anxious to discover what is behind the movement.

For the benefit of those who are not familiar with the New York traction situation it might be profitable to point out briefly that for years the old Metropolitan street railway was a gold mine. As late as 1902 Metropolitan street railway's $52,000,000 capital stock was receiving 7 per cent dividends and selling in the open market at $174 a share. But irregularities were practised, and the property was allowed to go absolutely to pieces physically. The result was that a receiver was appointed in October of 1907.

The New York Railways Company was incorporated Dec. 30, 1911, and at midnight Dec. 31, 1911, took over all the line operated by the old Metropolitan Street railway under perpetual franchises. According to a recent appraisal by Ford, Bacon & Davis, and real estate experts, the cost to reproduce the property would be $105,123,000.

Metropolitan Street Railway's capitalization was $108,085,394 or $3,000,000 more than the appraised value of the property. The total capitalization of the New York Railways Company amounts as follows to $66,201,500 or $42,000,000 less than that of the old Metropolitan.

Several banking houses are advising their clients to buy the first and refunding 4s, while many brokerage houses with a speculative clientele are putting their customers into the adjustment 5s. Around present prices the 4s offer 5½ per cent on the investment. No interest is being paid on the adjustment 5s. For the past six months, however, the company has been operating for 60 per cent of gross and on that basis the earnings for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1912, are estimated by a well-known bond house as follows:

	1912	1911
Gross	$13,900,316	$13,000,316
Oper. expenses	8,340,190	8,821,916
Net	$5,560,126	$4,778,400
Taxes	1,169,000	1,236,764
Balance	$4,460,126	$3,541,764
Other income	201,795	201,795
Net income	$4,661,921	$3,743,559
Rentals	2,209,290	2,005,405
Balance	$2,452,631	$1,113,154
Int. on new 4s	670,724	....
Balance	$1,781,907	....
Amort. fund	108,000	....
Balance	$1,673,907	....
Int. new admt. 5s	1,596,670	....
Surplus	$77,237	....

According to the foregoing figures the New York Railways Company is earning four times the interest charges on the new 4 per cent bonds which are a first mortgage on all real estate, machinery, equipment and bonds and dividend paying stocks of subsidiary companies which are deposited as collateral under the mortgage. The new adjustment 5s come next to the 4s and the foregoing table shows that interest is also being earned on those bonds. The following clause was part of the reorganization agreement:

"The holders of the adjustment mortgage bonds shall have power, by a vote of a majority in amount thereof present or represented at meetings of the new company or its stockholders held for that purpose, to elect one less than a majority of the members of the board of directors of the new company until full interest at the rate of 5 per cent per annum shall have been paid to the holders thereof, annually for three successive years, and again thereafter, for and during a like period, whenever a failure to pay such annual interest shall occur. During the period that the aforesaid voting power is operative, the holders of said bonds shall also have full power in respect of all other questions upon which stockholders may be entitled to vote. Each such holder shall be entitled to one vote for each $100 of the principal of the bonds held by him. The mortgage securing said bonds shall provide for such protection and for such method or methods of determining net income as the committee shall fix."

Under the foregoing agreement, holders of the adjustment 5s did elect one less than a majority of the directors now managing the New York Railways Co. and those directors are looking after the interests of the bondholders who elected them. That such directors will bring about payment of full interest on the adjustment 5s at the earliest possible date can safely be assumed. That is why they were elected.

While the property was in the hands of the courts "pay-as-you-enter" cars were established. That means that the company gets every fare collected by the conductors. All the directors appointed by the holders of the adjustment 5s will see that the money so collected is used to the best advantages.

It will take some time for New York Railways Co. to live down the reputation of its predecessor; from the foregoing table, however, it certainly appears that the new company is on the right road.

NAVAL STORES

NEW YORK—Turpentine remains dull and easy with a continued lack of important demand and the spot quotation is further reduced to 43c ex-yard. Savannah also is reported easy.

Rosin—The general market continues fairly steady in tone but the consuming demand is light and unimportant, with only small lots moving. The New York Commercial quotes: Common $6.55, Gen Sam E $6.65, graded B $6.70, D $7, E $7.15, F $7.35, G $7.40, H $7.45, I $7.50, K $7.60, M $7.70, N $7.85, WG $8.15, WW $8.30.

Tar and pitch—Only jobbing sales are reported and dealers continue to quote $5.50@5.75 for tar and $4@4.25 for pitch.

SAVANNAH—Spirits turpentine firm at 39c. Sales 838, receipts 821, exports 418, stocks 38,808. Rosins firm. Sales 2387, receipts 3043, exports 3581, stocks 113,155. Prices: WW $7.70, WG $7.50, N $7.30, M $7@7.05, K $6.80, I $6.65@6.70, H $6.60@6.70, G $6.52½@6.65, F $6.52½@6.60; E $6.52½@6.55, D $6.45, B $6.30@6.45.

LIVERPOOL—Turpentine spirits, 31s. 9d. Rosins, common, 16s. 3d.

LONDON—Turpentine weak at 30s. 6d. American standard quiet at 10s. 6d. Rosin, American fine, quiet at 19s. 6d.

WILMINGTON—Rosin steady; good, $6.20; spirits machine weak at 38¾c. Turpentine firm at $2.10, hard $3.25, soft $4.75, virgin $4.75.

MUCH COMMERCIAL PAPER MATURES

CHICAGO—Contrasted with present money market range of 5 per cent to 6 per cent, mercantile loans a year ago running six months brought around 4 per cent or 1 per cent to 1½ per cent less than the banks could get from short-term notes of the largest corporations.

As their liquidation of these notes progresses it is expected that their absorption of commercial notes will increase, although crop demands will continue to come before everything else. There are heavy maturities of commercial paper this month, and many banks show more interest in paper than for several weeks.

CALIFORNIA GRAPE CROP

SACRAMENTO, Cal.—Reports from northern California districts, where table grapes are grown, indicate that the crop will be slightly smaller than last year, and growers are looking forward to better prices

SUMMARY OF WORLD'S CROPS

NEW YORK—Harvesting in South Russia has been followed by threshing with good yields, estimated in some cases at 14 per cent above 10-year average. Broomhall reports a good rye crop in the center and east. Wheat in the Volga region is of variable condition and oats is not entirely favorable.

Roumania is in the midst of threshing results; unsettled weather in France hinders wheat harvest. Heavy rains in Germany and heat have caused some damage. The country has a good rye crop. Native wheat grows dearer in Italy.

Wheat acreage in Australia is about equal to last year. Good monson rains are reported in India. United Kingdom's wheat crop is tain, yields poorly and has wet weather. North African exports are moving slowly.

CARNEGIE STEEL COMPANY

SHARON, Pa.—A steel official here, who is well informed regarding affairs of the United States Steel Corporation, states that within the next 12 months its subdiary, the Carnegie Steel Company, will expend $1,000,000 in improvements to its mills here, at Farrell and Newcastle.

ILLINOIS APPLE CROP

CHICAGO—Horticulturists report that prospects are that Illinois will harvest a record crop of apples.

WORLD'S COTTON OUTLOOK BETTER THAN LAST YEAR

Southern Yield May Not Be so Large but Demand Upon It Will Not Be as Great as a Year Ago

EGYPT'S PROSPECTS

The cotton crop of the South this year probably will not be as large as that of last year by 2,500,000 to 3,000,000 bales, but the demands upon it are not likely to be as great. In addition to the fact that the world's spinners have done much to provide for future supplies, the crops of the other principal cotton-producing countries promise better than a year ago.

Although the United States furnishes fully two thirds of all the cotton grown, India and Egypt are the next two most important sources of supply. England depends to some extent upon the supplies from her dominions, and the far east also looks to India. Egypt's crop this year will show a considerable increase over that of 1911 and the quality will be superior. The crop is generally fully 12 days ahead of last season's, and reports from all points in upper and lower Egypt are decidedly favorable. While the crop still has a critical period to go through, present indications point to the largest crop ever harvested in that country.

Partial failure of the monsoon in India last year resulted in a short crop. Bombay itself had to import some 200,000 bales more of the American staple than ever before. European spinners, too, had to decrease their use of American cotton to the extent of 486,000 bales.

All this constituted an extra demand upon the American supply. This year the monsoon in India is at last favorable, and this is expected to yield a harvest considerably in excess of last year's 5,500,000 bales.

Judging from the rapid consumption of our big crop of last year, the world's requirements appeared to have overtaken the world's production. But it should be borne in mind that the demands made represented more than a normal rate of increase, due largely to the previous depleted condition of stocks, consequent upon three rather small crops in succession in the United States, and the partial failure of the cotton crops in India and Egypt last year.

BIG EARNINGS GAIN IN YEAR

The preliminary report of the Canadian Pacific railroad for the year ended June 30, 1912, compares with the previous year as follows:

	1912	Increase
Gross earnings	$123,319,541	$19,151,733
Oper. expenses	80,021,298	15,353,320
Balance for div.	32,752,734	*576,560
Surplus	17,560,519	1,755,072

FINANCIAL NOTES

Total receipts of all live stock at western packing centers for past week were 1000 less than previous week, but 90,000 in excess of last year.

Bids go in Thursday for 90,000 tons of steel for Brooklyn Rapid Transit subways in New York. Great Northern Railroad is in market for 15,000 to 20,000 tons of rails.

American Woolen has withdrawn from sale products of a number of its carded woolen mills for 1913 spring delivery. Demand for goods of these particular mills is best in 10 years.

Reports of 11 principal English railway companies for last six months show decline in net revenue of $8,122,770 and increase in expenditures of $567,300. Recent coal strike caused loss of almost $20,000,000 in freight traffic, but a large part of this was recovered before end of half year. Dividends show average decline of 1 per cent.

SUMMER
CHANGES OF ADDRESS

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NEWS BY CABLE AND CORRESPONDENCE

CREWE BY-ELECTION LOST BY LIBERALS ILLUSTRATES DRIFT

Unionists Are Profiting by Government's Split With Labor Party and Believe Time Opportune for Them

TREND IS JUDGED

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—The return of Ernest Craig, a Unionist, as member for Crewe, has brought about a condition of things not unexpected, but distinctly difficult to disentangle.

On the occasion of the last triangular contest in the division, the Liberal was returned by a majority of 2342 over the Unionist, in spite of the fact that the Labor candidate polled 1380 votes.

On the present occasion, on a very slightly increased electorate, the figures were as follows: Ernest Craig (Unionist) 6260, Harold Murphy (Liberal) 5294, James Holmes (Labor) 2485.

Liberal majority over Unionist 966.

It will be seen, therefore, that the increase in the Labor vote would not have accounted for the Unionist's victory, nor is it possible any longer to regard the Labor vote as a Liberal asset.

Both Sides Explain

The winning candidate deliberately put down his victory to the program of tariff reform. That may or may not be the explanation. At a by-election such as the present one, it is a distinctly doubtful explanation. The Liberal candidate put down his defeat to the vote having been split. This of course is an obvious explanation, if you admit that the Labor vote is part of the Liberal vote. That, however, is just what the Labor party have no intention of admitting, and they have made clear ever since the Liberal candidate carried Hanley against them. The Labor candidate put down his defeat to the fact that numbers of the Labor party had voted for the Unionist, in order to keep the Liberal out, whilst others had voted for the Liberal candidate in order to keep the Unionist out. There really is nothing to show that this is the case.

The cause of the turn-over of votes in any by-election is always a difficult one to discover, and not infrequently rests on particular local causes which seem to be dismissed when the moment of a general election comes. Whether the electors of the Crewe division would vote for a tariff reformer if that sole issue could be submitted to them is as doubtful as whether certain other Liberal constituencies would have voted for home rule if that sole issue could have been submitted to them.

Liberals Feel Drift

The fact is that elections are governed, on the whole, by the general drift of public opinion. At present, public opinion seems to be drifting, though not very heavily, against the present government. The quarrel which began at Hanley probably generated the force which, on this occasion, drifted the Unionist to the head of the poll. Unless something can be done by the government to prevent this force gaining impetus, they will stand a very good chance of being defeated at the next general election.

It is commonly understood that it is a recognition of this which led to the adoption of the new land policy. Of course the insurance act has, up to now, been a distinctly unpopular measure. Nobody is more willing to admit that than members of the Liberal side of the House.

The Unionists calculate that, if a general election can be forced before the country realizes any benefits from the scheme, the Liberal fortunes will be assailed at their lowest ebb. The Liberals, on the other hand, argue that, if the general election can be held off until the public have begun to realize the benefits of the scheme, the act, which has for months been one of the main causes of their failures, will be converted into an absolute source of strength to them.

The election for North-West Manchester enables the trend of things to be judged more clearly, and the result of it has been looked forward to with great interest on both sides.

RUSSIA TO GUARD NORWAY FRONTIER

(Special to the Monitor)

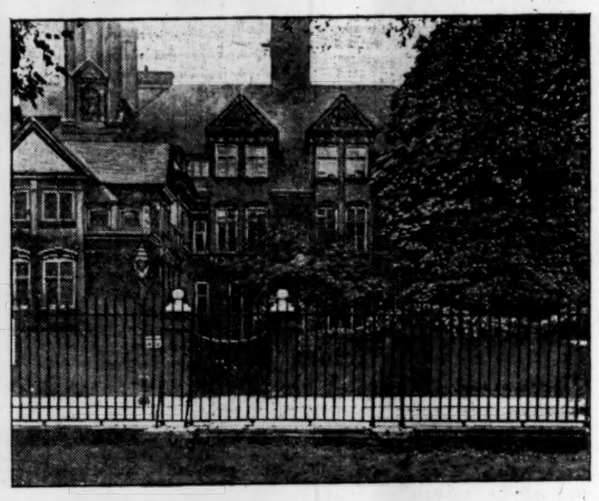
CHRISTIANIA, Norway—The Aftenposten publishes a telegram from its St. Petersburg correspondent reporting that the Russian government intends establishing a number of military outposts on the Norwegian-Russian frontier similar to those already existing on the Russo-German, Russo-Austrian and Russo-Roumanian frontiers. The Ismailoff regiment will shortly be transferred to the Russo-Norwegian frontier from Archangel.

TREASURY TO BE STRENGTHENED

(Special to the Monitor)

TEHERAN, Persia—The treasury service in Teheran is to be further strengthened by the appointment of eight additional Belgian officials

NEW HOME OF GEOGRAPHERS HAS BEAUTIFUL SITUATION



(Photo specially taken for the Monitor)

Lowther Lodge, opposite Kensington Gardens, London, which has been purchased by Royal Geographical Society

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—The Royal Geographical Society have purchased Lowther house, the residence of the speaker of the House of Commons, which is situated opposite Kensington Gardens on the old road to the Royal borough.

The house is a comparatively modern one, having been erected on the Kensington estate which was purchased by the government for the extension of the national museums and the erection of the Albert hall. The Geographical Society is 82 years old and was founded in 1830 for the purpose of cultivating and extending geographical knowledge. Its headquarters have been moved from time to time, from Waterloo place to Whitehall place, and from there to its present home in Saville row.

Its greatest achievement was probably the part it played in sending out Livingstone to Central Africa, but it has supported and recognized the efforts of all the great explorers. The headquarters just purchased for it will probably be its permanent home for a very long time to come, as they are beautifully situated and adapted to its requirements.

KIAMIL PASHA FINDS PEACE WISH GENERAL

(Special to the Monitor)

BERLIN, Germany—The Berlin Lokalanzeiger's special correspondent in Turkey has been permitted to interview Kiamil Pasha on the situation.

The press representative was received by the statesman in his commodious palace at Stamboul with every courtesy. Kiamil said the manner in which the war was being carried on made the desire for a cessation of hostilities very general. Italy wished Turkey to make the first advancements and express a desire for peace, and Turkey awaited the same course from Italy. In these circumstances the war could be indefinitely prolonged."

The pasha did not, however, consider a conference judicious, experience having proved that in such a conference other points were apt to crop up and the main point be neglected, which only led to a complication of matters. Could a basis of approach be found, he considered direct negotiations between the two governments, without the medium of others, might be advisable. Kiamil expressed it as his certain conviction that the islands in the archipelago now occupied by the Italians would be restored to Turkey.

Finally the pasha spoke very resolutely with regard to the Albanian revolt. Whether it was caused by the instigation of the beys or other intermediate persons he could not say, but the chief reason was the discontent of the people, which Kiamil evidently considered justifiable. The Albanians feel themselves oppressed and demand justice. It was a matter of indifference whether the people wrote their language in Latin characters or others, said the pasha, it was absurd to make a fuss about such trifles.

The people demanded the acknowledgement of their rights in Parliament and other places which had been accorded them in the constitution. These demands were easy to be understood, and should be complied with; then and only then, said Kiamil, would the harmony of the country be restored, and the rebellions cease.

BLACK TERMS USED TO DESCRIBE KONGO CEDED TO GERMANY

(Special to the Monitor)

BERLIN—The imperial colonial office has just permitted the publication of a book by Dr. Karl Ritter (published by Gustav Fischer, Jena), containing authentic representations of the conditions in New Kamerun, the German Kongo district acquired from the French government last November.

It is on the whole anything but a cheerful picture that is unrolled. The writer represents that the greater part of the vast tract of land is infested with every kind of tropical disease, while the unfavorable climate and the quantities of insects make it an impossibility for Europeans to dwell there, and a grave risk—the word used is "murderous"—for a white man to pass even a few months there. Where the rubber trees are plentiful the conditions are worst; better conditioned forests have been already almost entirely despoiled of the product. Trade and traffic and the conditions of labor occupy a large portion of the book.

It cannot be denied that in order to obtain any measure of success intense activity must be displayed in ameliorating the state of the natives, while it is more than plainly hinted that an enormous outlay of money will be unavoidable. In many quarters an optimistic idea prevailed that labor might be imported from British India, China and Japan. This is stated to be out of the question, as the respective governments have either prohibited such a course altogether or laid such obstacles in the way as to render it impossible.

In a word, this publication of the colonial office proves the former colonial minister, von Lindequist, was unquestionably right in his opinion of the Kongo acquisition and that little has been gained by the Agadir episode.

BRITISH FIRMS SECURE CONTRACT ON INDIAN BRIDGE

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—In spite of keen competition on the part of foreign firms, the contract for the steel work of the new railway and road bridge over the lower Ganges between Damukdia and Sara Ghat has been given to two British engineering firms. This is said to be the largest individual bridge contract that has been placed in Great Britain since that for the Forth bridge.

The new bridge, which is being built for the Eastern Bengal state railway, will be over a mile in length without counting in the approaches. It will consist of 15 main spans, each of 359 feet in length, 52 feet in depth at the center, and weighing 1300 tons. The bridges will carry a double broad gauge railway track, in addition to a footway resting on cantilevers outside the main girders.

Six of the spans are to be provided by Messrs. Braithwaite and Kirk of West Bromwich and nine by the Cleveland Bridge & Engineering Company of Darlington. The first span is to be shipped to the site before the end of the present year.

MAFEKING GIVES HEARTY WELCOME TO ITS DEFENDER

(Special to the Monitor)

CAPE TOWN, S. Africa—Gen. Sir R. Baden Powell during his visit in South Africa had an interview with Mr. Smuts, minister of finance and defence. From Pretoria Sir Robert went to Mafeking where he was officially received.

A visit was also paid by the general to Montsioasstadt where the Baralong tribe accorded him a picturesque and enthusiastic greeting. A civic welcome was extended to him at the town hall where Colonel Panzera, resident commander of Bechuanaland, delivered an address, in which he referred to the appreciation with which the garrison regarded their commander during the siege of Mafeking.

AEROPLANE IS SEEN OUT OF PLACE FOR WORK IN MOROCCO

(Special to the Monitor)

PARIS, France—It is a common occurrence when some new engine of war is discovered for the world at large to imagine that it is going to accomplish great things and to entirely revolutionize the art of war. It is found, however, that things are apt to go on in much the same way as before.

This has been the fate in succession of the mitrailleuse, the torpedo, and the submarine, and though the aeroplane is undoubtedly likely to revolutionize the reconnoitering power of the army that employs it, the wild talk about the terrible effect of bombs dropped from dirigibles and aeroplanes is likely before long to be discontinued in face of the actual results obtained. Perhaps Punch was stating an extreme case when it represented the foreign officer who had dropped a bomb over London remarking, "Tut, tut! I've missed it," but the fact remains that the moral and material effect of the bomb-dropping operations of the Italians in Tripoli appears to have been very slight.

Dealing with this question of the practical utility of the aeroplane, Reginald Kann, in a recent issue of the Temps, says that a great mistake was made in sending aviators to Morocco, where they were out of place. Their proper station was on the eastern frontier.

M. Kann is a man who can speak with authority both on Morocco and on military affairs, and he goes on to point out that the services which an aeroplane can render are, firstly, the discovery of the enemy's batteries; secondly, strategical and tactical reconnaissances, and thirdly, as a means of communication between columns acting separately. Now the Moroccans have no batteries; they have no regular armies and no regular formations, so that the vague information which could be obtained from aerial scouts would be of little value; and since there is a strong tendency among the French troops in Morocco to abandon combined operations owing to the mobility of the enemy and to rely on the vigorous advance of a single powerful column, there are no columns between which the aeroplanes can maintain communication.

In these circumstances he urges that it would be better in Morocco to dispense with aeroplanes altogether, especially as the Casablanca aviation section brought with it 90 tons of material, the transport of which in a country like Morocco offers a problem which no general is likely to be able to solve.

PUBLIC WORKS UPON LARGE SCALE GO ON IN SOUTH AUSTRALIA

(Special to the Monitor)

ADELAIDE, S. Aus.—In addition to the building of several new railways, referred to in the last bulletin, a number of large public works are now being carried out by the South Australian government.

Among the more important of these are the extension and improvement of the outer harbor, irrigation and reclamation works on the River Murray, drainage in the southeast (which it is estimated will cost £300,000 to complete), and the transference of the whole of the railway goods traffic from Adelaide to Mile End, at an estimated cost of £400,000.

In addition, several costly works for the commonwealth government are in progress, or will be started at an early date. These include the building of modern headquarters for the local military forces, the establishment of a naval base at Port Lincoln, and the building of the transaustralian railway from Port Augusta to Kalgoorlie. Tenders for the material necessary for the latter work have already been called. The length of the line will be 1063 miles, and the construction is to be done by day labor.

ASSOCIATION AIDS MANY ANIMALS IN ROMAN PROVINCES

(Special to the Monitor)

ROME, Italy—The Society for the Protection of Animals in Rome has issued a very satisfactory report of the society's work in the Roman provinces during the first six months of the present year. No previous year has shown so great an increase: the figures proved that 21,207 vehicles, either overloaded or badly loaded, had been adjusted, whilst 4006 bearing-reins and other instruments of torture had been confiscated.

Summonses had been taken out for 1178 cases of cruelty, and 53 animals were befriended and rescued who were totally unfit for work. The society have found their funds seriously affected by the fact that the number of visitors has been much smaller than usual this season, and a decided decline is noticeable in that direction amongst the American and English residents.

ENTHUSIASM GREETS WORK OF GIGANTIC SWEDISH CHOIR

(Special to the Monitor)

STOCKHOLM, Sweden—One of the most interesting incidents of the Olympic games' week has been the great choral festival, given by the General Swedish Vocal Association. This gigantic choir, consisting of 4500 men, gave three successive concerts, of which the one held in the stadium was the most impressive.

The singers marched in procession, after the manner of a pageant, with the brass bands of the schools and banners and standards from the castle to the stadium, and passing the royal stand took their places in the center of the arena. The whole body wore white caps and formed a semi-circle in front of the conductor, Mr. Hultquist. They began by singing a special hymn (Hylmings sang) of homage to the King. This was followed by several songs of which "Sweden" (Sverige) by Stenhammar, produced the impression of a whole people singing in unison. The vast audience responded with perpetually increasing enthusiasm and deafening applause.

This particular sort of part singing for men's voices is characteristic of Sweden, and as early as 1867 the Upsala students formed a choir of 100 men, which was sent to Paris to compete with the Belgian and German singers, with the result that the Swedes received a gold medal specially struck for them.

The General Vocal Association of Sweden was formed in 1907, with the crown prince as patron. Its object was to promote and encourage quartet singing throughout the country. Every province formed its own association, under its own conductor; and, judging from the high artistic excellence of the singing and the extraordinary success of the festival it seems as if the appreciation of this form of art was exceptional in Sweden.

(Photograph by Herm. Hamnqvist, Stockholm; reproduced by permission)

WILHELM STENHAMMAR
Composer of "Sverige," sung by the choir at the Olympic games

SENSE OF COMRADESHIP FELT AS INFLUENCE IN EDUCATION

(Special to the Monitor)

LEEDS, England—Mr. Sadler, vice-chancellor of Leeds University, is generally recognized today as a leading authority on English educational matters, and the speech he made recently at the Leeds Modern school added another to the many interesting pronouncements he has made on the subject.

English education, he said, was not so much an organized system as a variety of states of mind, some reflecting ancient traditions, and others new aspirations which had been brought into being by the stress of modern life. In this way four strong currents of feeling were forcing their way into English education.

One of these had its source in those working men, relatively few in number but influential through their courage and character, who were more concerned with the problem how to secure for the adult worker opportunities of study and mental training alongside of his wage-earning employment, and in continued comradeship with members of his own class.

A second current was due to the dissatisfaction of many women with what they felt to be the habitual underestimate of their claims to be regarded as intellectually and administratively competent to bear an unpatronized part in government and public education.

A third came from the yearning that children should grow up into the peace of assured belief, under the wing of the Christian faith.

The fourth current was a new and venturesome optimism, self-confident, insatiable in its appetite for new experiences and sensations, buoyant, swift-minded, gay, but often ruthless toward the incompetent, quick but fickle in its intimacies, humorously tolerant in its judgments, stoical in danger, without fear for the future, though uncertain of the issues which the future might bring. This last temper of mind, which was really that of the pioneer, was far commoner in Canada and the United States than in Europe, but its spirit was already impressing itself on younger England and would exert an influence on English education.

Mr. Sadler went on to point out that the common factor in these four states of mind was a sense of comradeship, whether in sex, or class, or in loyalty to some religious society, or in an adventurous outlook upon the opportunities of life. It therefore followed that those parts of English education which encouraged comradeship were the most awake. Professor Sadler concluded by enumerating the rich resources possessed by England for meeting the demand for free and varied comradeship in education.

BRITISH SPEAKER FEELS HISTORY AIDS EDUCATION

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—The speaker of the House of Commons, the Right Hon. J. W. Lowther, at a prize giving held at Framlingham College recently, said that though it was not for him to enter into a conflict between classical and scientific education, he considered that no education could be complete which did not enter into the history and the philosophy of some of the greatest nations of a byegone age.

Mr. Lowther quoted the axiom that the great need at school was to learn how to learn. Character was habit long continued, and good habits constantly followed grew into second nature. In his capacity of speaker of the House of Commons, Mr. Lowther said he always remarked a man who though not very eloquent, gave proof of having given both time and thought to his speech. He was glad to hear that man, and always endeavored to give him another opportunity to speak.

SUEZ CANAL'S NET TONNAGE GROWS

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—As a result of the increase in the net tonnage of the shipping passing through the Suez canal, the gross receipts of the British Suez Canal Company have been greatly increased. The report issued by the directors recently show that the sum reached amounted to 134,762,199 francs, as against 130,436,547 francs in 1910 and 120,642,677 francs in 1909, notwithstanding the reduction in the transit dues from 7.75 to 7.25 which came into force on Jan. 1, 1911.

PORTUGUESE DEBT INCREASES

(Special to the Monitor)

LISBON, Portugal—An official note has been published by the Gazette, showing that the Portuguese floating debt which on June 30, 1910, was £18,000,000 amounted to £19,800,000 on May 31, thus showing an increase of £1,800,000.

BELGIUM ORDERS GRANTS OF LAND TO KONGO NATIVES

(Special to the Monitor)

BRUSSELS, Belgium — The annual meeting of the International Colonial Institute was opened here at the end of July under the presidency of Colonel Thys. M. Davignon, minister of foreign affairs, received the delegates, and M. Renkin in a speech stated that the Belgian administration in the Kongo consider that the lands the natives occupy, and the mines they work, must be regarded as their inalienable property.

The administration, he said, considered that the period for concessions had come to an end, and the governor had been instructed and given the power to make grants of land to natives who might desire to develop it. Vacant lands may be used for planting by colonists, or opened up in various ways.

BELFAST SO STIRRED THAT HARLAND AND WOLFF STOP WORKS

(Special to the Monitor)

BELFAST, Ireland—The state of political feeling in Belfast cannot any longer be minimized. The immediate effect of the introduction of the home rule bill has been to stir the latent embers of all the sectarian bitterness in this town. To understand anything of what is going on, it would be necessary to visit it.

The condition reminds one rather of what used to take place there a quarter of a century ago than what its inhabitants have lately been accustomed to. The drummers are again in the streets, and, night after night, the Protestant drums go the rounds, collecting in their wake all the religious firebrands in the city.

So violent has the conduct of the majority grown, with each advancing stage of the home rule bill, that it has at last been found necessary to close down the great works of Harland and Wolff, the greatest private shipbuilding yard in the world, from which have issued so many of the finest Atlantic liners. What the immediate effect of this step will be, it is impossible to say, but that the feeling in the city is seriously and dangerously stirred, it is ridiculous to deny.

DOMUM DAY 1912 IS CELEBRATED AT WINCHESTER

(Special to the Monitor)

WINCHESTER, England—Domum day, 1912, at Winchester College was marked by the fact that, in the words of the warden, Sir Kenneth Muir Mackenzi at the Domum dinner, for the first time the classic muse had not reigned supreme in the school. Science, mathematics, modern languages and English literature had all sat in their proper seats.

The King's gold medals were won as follows: (1) The English essay on "The Decline of Patriotism, Its Cause and Extent," A. I. Adam; (2) Latin verse, E. O. Coote. The headmaster's prize for French was awarded to P. J. C. Wilson, who declaimed the composition which had gained him the French prize.

Mr. Rendall, the headmaster, expressed pleasure that the language of England's neighbors and allies had found a real home in Winchester. He hoped that it would be more and more cultivated in that home of classical education. In the evening the school and guests assembled in Meads for the singing of Dolce Domum.

AUSTRALIA WILL GIVE NEW POWER TO COMMISSIONS

(Special to the Monitor)

MELBOURNE, Vic., Aus.—It is unfortunate that in England, at any rate, royal commissions should be looked upon by the general public as a convenient means of diverting attention from an awkward subject and of finally shelving it. In Australia, however, royal commissions are seriously regarded, and a government bill has been introduced which aims at strengthening the powers of these commissions. For failure to attend for the purpose of giving evidence the bill provides for a fine of £500, whilst for false testimony a maximum penalty of five years' imprisonment may be inflicted.

CUNARD COMPANY WILL BUILD

(Special to the Monitor)

LIVERPOOL, England—The Cunard Company have obtained plans which have already been executed by Messrs. Willink, for a really notable building on the site adjoining that for the new custom house. This is to form new headquarter offices for the company, in place of the somewhat inadequate premises now occupied in Water street.

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THE HOME FORUM

RUSKIN ON CAPITAL'S DUTY

RUSKIN'S advice to the employers of England at a time of serious labor troubles was plain and direct. He saw that while the wage earners might easily demand day after day higher and higher wages, if employers gave in to their demands without question, he saw too that if the workmen worked without question of justice the employers might very easily give them lower and lower wages day after day. Ruskin saw that human selfishness on either side cannot solve these problems. But he did see a very important thing; namely, that the masters, as he calls them, should be indeed masters, or teachers, to the men in their charge. Instead of merely giving the working men their meed of daily pay the men in the higher positions, presumably men of more intelligence and understanding, because of having risen above merely manual forms of labor, these masters should teach the working men the things necessary for their betterment in every way. If the working men waste their good wages and reduce themselves by indulgence of various sorts to such a condition that they are worth very little pay, it is in part the fault of the masters, who have not lifted them to better things.

Ruskin also saw the danger to a nation boasting so much fictitious capital. He saw that the material wealth of the nation is in its actual products that shelter, food and clothe the people. In these is the solid fact of human prosperity, not in riches that glitter to the eye while the poor go hungry. His idea was that the standard of value should not be gold, which can feed or shelter or clothe no man, but in bread and cloth and building materials. The country is rich that has the largest supply of these things, not the greatest hoards of gold, which is in itself of no value to any man. These fictitious values he saw to be at the bottom of all financial difficulty. The nation does not own a billion billions of value because it has that amount of gold, but because it has actually useful things to that amount.

Busy Army Men

Remarking that the traditional notion of an army officer's life in peace is that of idleness and pleasure, a writer in Scribners says: Conditions have changed and in our modern army there are very few interims of idleness. Our officer is at present a hard-worked man whose day is filled from end to end with duties of the most strenuous kind. Aside from the ordinary routine of work, which is much more exacting than formerly, there is no calling outside of the two services in which, after fulfilling the initial requirements for admission to his profession, one is obliged to take so many courses of study and to pass so many examinations.

INDIVIDUALITY IN MODES

A RECENT writer would have woman study her own face and figure, decide on a style of dress that suits her and then preserve that individual style, no matter what the changes of fashion may be. It must of course be a simple style and inconspicuous. This will make it appear harmonious, even when the style of the moment is at an extreme. Perhaps it would not have been possible for a lady in a hoop skirt to look harmoniously clad during the recent regime of narrow skirts; but the hoop skirt was an extreme style and even critics agree that many women did wear skirts of moderate fulness while the close skirts were in vogue. Of course a gown that is out of style and nothing more may look odd, but if it is suited perfectly to the style of the wearer it is not out of style. It has always the wearer's style to give it authority, and beauty.

This advice sets the question of dress closer to the sphere of art than of fashion. The woman dressed in this manner would suit the demands of a painter. The portrait painter never wishes to show a lady in an extreme of fashion. While the old time portraits are indeed interesting, for the study they afford of old time fashions, there is to be seen in the paintings of the greatest artists a harmony and beauty of line that would make the painted figure a pleasant sight in any modern assembly. This is the only reason for style of any sort—that the wearer shall make an impression of harmony and pleasantness. The time is sure to come when all women will be their own glass of fashion and no longer obey the foolish dictates of the extravagant modiste who is only seeking personal gain and not the beautifying of the daily walk of the world.

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Who Seeks the Truth Seeks Heaven

A conscious goodness, if indulged, decays,
And virtue self-emblazoned may be sin.
No soul is great that yields to fear or praise;
No soul is weak that strives some goal to win.

It is not life to live for self alone—
Joy we desire, for others we should seek.
The used or given is all the wealth we own;
Eternal riches are the words we speak.

In deed, not in event, true motive lies—
'Tis more than victory that we have fought.
That virtue is a vice which can despise;
That honor a dishonor which is bought.

An act, if for reward, wins faded wreaths;
Greatest is he who answers duty's call.
What heart denies, no tongue unperjured breathes;
Who seeks the truth seeks heaven—wins heaven's call.

— E. B. La Count in National Magazine.

Chinese Lessons of Old

The education of Chinese children has undergone a great change since 1905, when western ideas were introduced. Until then the children had been taught first the Chinese classic homily of the thirteenth century, the San Tzu Ching, which has been the foundation of all Chinese education for 600 years. After two or three months the boys were set to learn the works of Confucius and other philosophers also by heart. Meanwhile practise in penmanship went on.

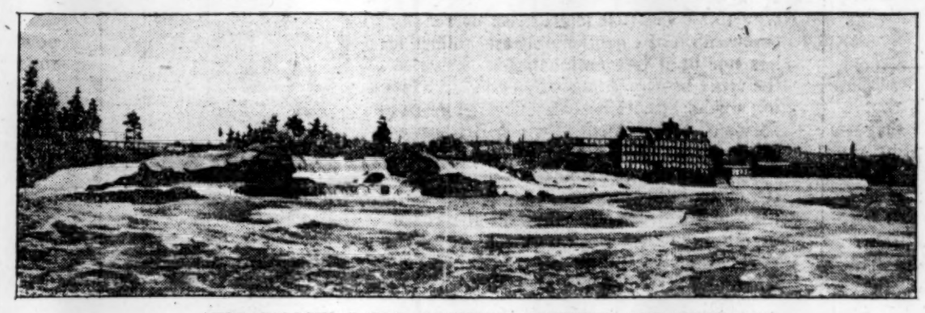
Some of the things taught in the "three-word classic" (it had three words or syllables on each of its 356 lines) as described in the Century magazine were:

The four seasons and the four points of the compass; the five elements, water, fire, wood, metal, and earth; the five virtues, charity of heart, duty toward one's neighbor, propriety, wisdom, and truth; the six grains which men eat, rice, spiked millet, pulse, wheat, glutinous millet, and common millet; the six animals which he keeps, the horse, the ox, the sheep, fowl, the dog, and the pig; the eight materials which yield music, the gourd, earthenware, skin, wood, stone, metal, silk, and bamboo.

By the old method the children recited these things at the top of their voices from early morning till twilight.

Give way for joy; don't fear;
Beyond the grief, the cheer.
—Baltimore Sun.

ONE OF MAINE'S INTERESTING RIVERS



ANDROSCOGGIN FALLS, BETWEEN LEWISTON AND AUBURN, ME.

THE Androscoggin river is formed by the junction of the Magalloway river and the outlet of Umbagog lake. It flows roundabout in the north of New Hampshire and then across Maine to the ocean, near Bath. One who has counted the consonants in the three names above feels no surprise in the picture. One would expect a stream rising and flowing under such auspices to break forth into rocky ledges and falls at every slightest opportunity. Lewiston and Auburn are on opposite sides of the river just here, the falls having supplied water power enough to build up two busy cities at this point.

SELF-SURRENDER

WRITTEN FOR THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

A LITTLE study of that oft-quoted saying of the Master, "Render therefore unto Caesar the things which are Caesar's, and unto God the things that are God's," reveals a significance that hitherto may have escaped us, as it doubtless did many of the listeners to whom the words were first spoken. It will be recalled that just previous to making the statement Jesus had asked, on being shown a piece of the tribute money, "Whose is this image and superscription?" and the answer had been, "Caesar's." "Then saith he unto them, Render therefore unto Caesar the things which are Caesar's, and unto God the things that are God's."

In other words, they were to render unto Caesar that which bore Caesar's image and superscription. Likewise—so the logical implication would seem to be—they were to render unto God that which bore God's image and superscription. And this implication once accepted opens a channel for profoundest thought.

To the diligent Bible student there can be no question as to what it is that bears God's image and superscription, for in Genesis he has read, "And God said, Let us make man in our image, after our likeness"; and in Revelation he has read, "Him that overcometh will I make a pillar in the temple of my God, and he shall go no more out: and I will write upon him the name of my God."

The command means, then, that man must render himself unto God, must render his true self, that which bears the Father's image and which, by virtue of its power to overcome, has had written upon it the Father's name. Clearly the command is a call to self-surrender, and a self-surrender that should not be postponed, for with God "now" is always "the accepted time."

The command does not say, "render tomorrow"; it simply says, "render," so if we are obedient we must this very hour render ourselves unto God.

To render ourselves unto God means to obey the first and great commandment, "Thou shalt love the Lord thy God with all thy heart, and with all thy soul, and with all they strength, and with all thy mind." In Science and Health (page 9) Mrs. Eddy says, speaking of the commandment just quoted: "This command includes much, even the surrender of all merely material sensation, affection and worship. This is the El Dorado of Christianity. It involves the Science of Life, and recognizes only the divine control of Spirit, in which Soul is our master, and material sense and human will have no place."

In other words, to render ourselves unto God means to surrender ourselves unreservedly, constantly and gladly to the service of divine Love. It means that we must consider no purpose in life so important as to grow daily in the knowledge of God. It means that we must seek first the kingdom of God and His righteousness.

Such rendering of ourselves unto God is no hardship. It may demand the giving up of much that earth calls precious, but we gain far more than we lose. Untold blessings come to those who render themselves unto God. If they give their all to God, He in return gives His all to them, nor can human sense grasp the wondrous and infinite bounty of that gift. St. Paul writes, "Eye hath not seen nor ear heard, neither have entered into the heart of man, the things which God hath prepared for them that love him."

Although it is true that God is always giving His all to His children whether they are giving their all to Him or not, it is likewise true that they only receive His bounty through self-surrender. Through self-surrender they come into a realizing sense of God's true nature and thereby become partakers of changeless life, boundless wisdom, unlimited strength and ceaseless protection. It is only when Soul holds the control that man can realize that "Soul has infinite resources with which to bless mankind" (Science and Health, page 60).

Render unto God the things that are God's. This is the demand of eternity. Sooner or later all men must learn to obey it. And those who first obey shall be the first to experience the fulfilment of the promise from the vision of St. John: "And they shall see his face; and his name shall be in their foreheads."

PAGEANTRY AND THE PEOPLE

IT MAY be said that the best pageants are those arranged and produced by "native" talent. This does more than merely to gratify those who are bitten with the craving to act. Indeed, one of the most satisfying qualities of such a presentment is its distinct difference from amateur theatricals. A pageant is, most emphatically, not an open-air play. It is completely beyond the realm of wigs and grease paint and artificial light. For this reason, says the New York Post, really successful pageants are often arranged with those who have never acted in their lives, and who have no theories about the amount of exaggeration necessary. At present the most successful pageants concern themselves with history. But with increasing perfection must of necessity come the demand for other subjects. Fortunately, the question will solve itself. The enactment may take place on a slope of greensward rimmed with venerable oaks or in some grassy hollow. It is possible to imagine the moon providing for certain scenes all the illumination necessary. Thus environed, the performers will take on the repose which is a part of real art. Then subjects will spring up on every hand. The homely tale of humble life will assume a poetry of its own.

O friend, true happiness
Lies in contentedness,
And that contentedness
Finds everywhere enough.
—Goethe.

Meaning of Labor

IN the presence of his task a man must say to himself, in no uncertain utterance, that it makes a spiritual appeal to him, that he will lend all his energy to this appeal; that he will dedicate himself to it in a manner worthy of its great significance. Then the day's work is no longer burdensome; it is transformed into an opportunity. . . . There is no day laborer to whom this does not mean as it means to the genius, for each is seeking in his own way, along his own path, an opportunity for growth. Thus it is in the attitude toward the task and not in the task itself that the possibility of growth lies. Hence, we must constantly observe this practise of consciously dedicating ourselves to labor; for labor is our only means of finding expression.—Thomas Tapper.

CHILDREN'S ORCHESTRA

AN AMERICAN singer spent a summer in Paris and incidentally, to advance her playing of accompaniments, went into an ensemble class held by a brilliant young French woman for her own piano pupils and the pupils of her sister, a violinist. The American woman was much surprised to find herself in a class with youngsters of 10 and 12. These were the beginners in piano, violin and 'cello, and they practised ensemble playing twice a week. The American could barely learn in time the accompaniments of the little sonatinas of the classic masters which were being played very nicely by the children. She even had to sit and hear a girl of 12 play the runs and arpeggios of a Haydn trio far better than she could. It was an amusing experience if a little humiliating. The class met in a charming studio set among green vines and trees down a grassy alley that turned off from a Paris boulevard.

A lady in New York has lately instituted in her house a children's orchestra partly as a practise period for her own children. She offers free lessons in any instrument to any child who has talent. Her own children are thus brought into touch with children from all walks of life and this is an important part, she thinks, of their artistic development.

Children and the chosen masters come to her drawing room for the lessons, and if they can't buy an instrument the lady, Mrs. James C. Bishop, buys it for them. They receive their car fares and luncheon is served to them before they go home. If any child shows marked talent Mrs. Bishop charges herself with his or her future musical education. There are now 40 little players who practise together and can give an orchestral concert with great pleasure to themselves and, as it is well to emphasize, to their hearers also.

Beginnings in Poetry

The young people of this hurrying age are not likely to care too much for the best poetry. Find one or two masters of song who can foster in you the sympathetic, teachable spirit. The collection of Wordsworth's poems, edited by Matthew Arnold, happens to be my own favorite. Helen Hunt's verses strike many true and tender notes. The little poem of Sidney Lanier, beginning, "Into the woods my master went," deserves to be stored away in memory, as well as the stately hymn of Addison, beginning, "The spacious firmament on high." John W. Chadwick's compilation entitled "The Two Voices" brings together a large number of choice poems relating to the mountains and the oceans, while Celia Thaxter and Jean Ingelow have written many beautiful poems relating to the sea. If these fail to appeal to you try Eugene Field or James Whitcomb Riley.—Howard A. Bridgman in Congregationalist.

EARLY MORNING IN STAVANGER

THE first glimpse of Stavanger, Norway, caught at an early morning hour is of a town asleep, begins a traveler writing from London. Stavanger's multi-colored wooden warehouses are shut, and nothing stirs but some gulls over the water. Following the quay the market place is reached and there the first pony cart has arrived and its owner is engaged in unloading the rhubarb and setting it on a stall. Until now there has been nothing to show that Stavanger is not a town of yesterday, or at the most, of a century or so ago, but here at the top of a slight incline is a gray building standing aslant. A small chapel it would seem at first sight, but on a near approach it is found to be a church, in fact a cathedral, the most beautiful in Norway, after Trondheim, and with a history stretching back to the eleventh century. It shares with the rest of Stavanger in the tranquillity of the morning and must be left with a regretful glance at its outside walls, the tracery of its windows and its carved stone faces.

To one walking along the Kirkegade the impression is, in spite of shut windows and drawn blinds, that of the bustle and activity and noise of the high street of a little seaside town. Its pavement is of cobbles, it is long and narrow and many smaller streets abut into it. The shops are varied and numerous but quite unimportant. The upper stories are of different shapes and colors, some of a pale lemon tint and others white and green. Passing down one of the side streets the quay is again reached. The interest of a few strollers is centered in the Hull boat from which two cranes are busily engaged in discharging a cargo of bananas and soya beans. The time is yet but 7:15 o'clock when, steaming slowly down the Stavanger fjord, Stavanger is left just astir in the grayness of a cloudy morning.

Christianity Reechoed

"And now let us consider the various people of the world. They all belong to one kind; and let us recall the fact that the nations of the world, the American, the English, the French, the German, all the continental nations, even the Turks and Persians, belong . . . to the same household. Why should they have dissensions? God has created all humanity; He has provided for all; He preserves all, and all are submerged in the ocean of His mercy. Inasmuch as we have a kind God, why should we be at war with one another?" The new teacher from Persia is thus cited in Harpers Weekly, which continues:

It must have become quite clear long ago to readers that we have here exactly the same thoughts, expressed in almost exactly the same words, as have made the material of religious urging and teaching for hundreds of years. Paul said, at Athens, before the sixtieth year of our era, exactly what Abbas Effendi repeats, in Chicago, at the beginning of the twentieth century.

University Club House

The promise of a fine new clubhouse for the Women's University Club of New York is interesting news. The club has 1000 members and it is expected to raise $100,000 for the house. It is to be built at 106-108 East Fifty-second street and work is to begin this fall, according to the Times. This university club was organized nearly 20 years ago. The Woman's College Club of Boston has, as is known, a fine home on Commonwealth avenue, where two large residences have been thrown into one with commodious and beautiful rooms. There is a dining room where members can come with friends at any time, large reception and reading rooms, and a long parlor where concerts and lectures are given weekly during the winter season.

Obedience and Freedom

Independence is an ideal to be achieved only through obedience. It begins in self-subordination and reaches its finest realization in social subordination.—Atlantic.

Let Liberty arise,
Her glory fill the skies,
The world be free!
Let all adore Thy name,
And children lisp Thy fame—
Let earth and heav'n proclaim
The jubilee.
—Crammond Kennedy.

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CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT

Riding on Top

One of the pleasures of some of the foreign cities is to ride on the top of the omnibus or the "double decker" street cars. It is said that in New York city there are to be some of these double-decked trolley cars. It is pretty certain that when they come to any city the boys will like to ride on top and perhaps the girls, too. In Paris the choice between the top and the inside is marked by the difference in the price. Those who wish to pay a little more may ride on the plush cushions inside, while the others scramble to the top and sit on benches. But one would really expect that the outside seats with all Paris to see, would be thought worth more money than the inside of the car. It seems as if some of the very nicest things cost less than those which are not really half so pleasant. So money is by no means necessary for a good time.

The longest plants in the world are seaweeds. There is a variety found in the tropics which [illegible] its full development [illegible]

Picture Puzzle

A word meaning an ending.

ANSWER TO YESTERDAY'S PICTURE PUZZLE

Narrow.

Measuring Time in Burma

The Burmese go in very largely for clocks and watches, mostly of American manufacture, but in the country districts such things are almost unheard of luxuries, and they still measure time by the expressions used by their forefathers. "I was there as long as it takes a chatty of rice to boil," meaning about 26 minutes, is an expression often used.

Useful Trade

Cobbling is recognized as a trade in the vocational schools of Buffalo. Several schools are set aside for teaching trades to young boys and girls, and the latest addition to the course is one in cobbling. A competent instructor has been engaged to teach the young men how to repair shoes. There are a number taking up the course.—Shoe Retailer.

Poetry begins at home; the study and enjoyment of it begin of right in the same place.—Newarker.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

"First the blade, then the ear, then the full grain in the ear."

EDITORIAL

Boston, Mass., Tuesday, August 13, 1912

Competition and Costly Distribution

THE secret of the success of trusts is that through combination and consolidation they are enabled to cut down the cost of production. It does not always follow that the consumer profits by this arrangement; what is most apparent is that in whatever lines the trusts engage they make competition more difficult and sometimes render it impossible. The larger the concern, the wider its field of operations and the more extensive its custom, the greater its advantage over the small concern. To discover some means whereby occupation may be reserved to the small dealer while the interests of the consumer are kept fully in view, is a task that merits the best thought of the best thinkers of the times.

Solution of the problem seems to rest in the other and equally complex problem of distribution. The two, in fact, are inextricably bound together. Today, in almost every considerable community of the country, efforts are being made to solve them both. It has become clear to those who engaged a short time ago in establishing municipal markets for price-cutting purposes that this kind of competition is as unfair as any the period has had to deal with, and the idea that the small shopkeeper should be dispensed with has practically been abandoned. The disposition in some quarters for a while was to regard the small shopkeeper as a middleman and a parasite. A more careful inquiry into the matter, however, revealed him in a much better light. It was shown, for instance, that he paid taxes, employed labor, and generally speaking contributed his full proportion to the maintenance and welfare of his community. Moreover, it was discovered that if the small shopkeeper and the class known as middlemen should be eliminated, a very valuable section of the consuming population would be deprived of the means of contributing to the maintenance and welfare of communities, that consumption would fall off and that the economic situation would be made less satisfactory than ever.

But a readjustment of views in this respect has not settled the question of distribution and cost. It still remains as true as ever that every avenue of trade is crowded, that competition between dealers in the same line is increasing the cost of doing business, and that the consumer must eventually pay the bill. There are panaceas without number. The trouble with most of them is that they undertake to do too many things at one time. It would seem that one of the first steps to be taken should be in the direction of improving and cheapening transportation facilities, and that this might be best brought about by the more extensive employment of the lighter system of railroads. Time and again the effort has been made in different parts of the country to combine the urban with the suburban and interurban trolley systems in traffic arrangements that would enable them to bring to the populous centers, and distribute, through the night if necessary, the products of the farm and garden, and thus far these efforts, for one reason or another, have been unsuccessful. But they will not always be unsuccessful. They will be renewed until experiment in this particular shall, at least, have a fair opportunity of demonstrating what can be done. Here is a matter upon which the earnest people who are striving to solve the present economic problems in daily life might well concentrate their thought and energies.

Philippines Eager for Trade

A RECENT arrival in this country from the Philippines confirms what other representative business men of the archipelago have told in the recent past regarding the desire of its industrial and commercial interests for closer business intercourse with the United States. The Philippines are producing for export more than the United States is at present ready to absorb. American capital is not directed toward the Philippines as the Philippines think it should be. European capital sees the opportunity and is taking advantage of it. Thus, according to this latest informant, agents of European enterprises are looking over the ground carefully with the view of making investments. As a consequence of this, the Philippine producer is looking to Europe for custom which he would much rather find in the United States. Trade is reciprocal the world over, and if the capital of Europe seeks and finds employment in the Philippines, Philippine trade will naturally flow in that direction.

The visitor from the Orient who has our attention at present is quite frank in his presentation of the situation. He points out that there is a yearly increase of 20 per cent in the exports and imports of Manila, and that the bulk of the imports at present come from the United States, "but," he says, "owing to the time consumed in getting them there, and to other reasons, there is danger of Europe capturing a great deal of the trade in certain lines." It appears that goods shipped from eastern ports of the United States require two months in transit; goods from the west coast consume a month on the way. Not only is speedier communication desirable and actually necessary to the maintenance of trade relationship of a satisfactory character with the Philippines, but American manufacturers and merchants must take greater pains in packing. In goods that are received by Philippine importers from England and Germany the breakage is only 2½ per cent; in goods exported from the United States the breakage will run generally to 10 per cent. Similar complaints have been made from South America. Consuls and commercial agents have repeatedly called attention to the harm done American trade throughout the Latin countries by careless packing. It brings with it to other countries an impression of inefficiency which is not wholly overcome by the high standard of American manufactures.

Summed up, the idea conveyed by the latest message from the Asiatic possessions amounts to this, that the Philippines are not only ready and willing, but eager, to do a much larger business with the United States than they are doing at present. There is, of course, no disposition in this country to monopolize the island trade, nor to deprive Europe of a legitimate share of it, but it will hardly be wise for the United States, in view of all the circumstances, to be or to seem indifferent to the friendly disposition of the possessions.

Make Archery Contests International

CONTEMPLATING such skill as is being shown by American archers this week in the Harvard stadium the query naturally arises, why this sport that lends itself so readily to competition of a gentlemanly and refined kind has not been internationalized. Practise of the sport has traditions of custom and favoring public attention that make it one of the forms of achievement in which Britons, especially the English, are conspicuously successful. It should be a comparatively easy matter to arrange occasional if not annual competitions between American and British teams, and thus to create another link in the chain that ties the two peoples together. The Boston meet should make it clear who the American team might be, and other details as to issuing the challenge and financing the plan could be worked out later.

A team of American archers visiting England would show fewer of those characteristics that English sporting critics are wont to find prominent and objectionable in American athletes than almost any other aggregation would present. Archery is the least professionalized, most amateur and least notorious of the American out-of-door sports, with fewest of its patrons achieving fame because of repetitious publicity. This would be manifest equally well were British archers to visit the States. They, it seems, should cross the ocean first, as they are more wonted to the sport and have done more to formulate its customs and exemplify its achievements.

DOWN in Tennessee a private gardener is reported to have a crop of tomatoes of which the vines run to the top of stakes six feet high; they bear vegetables so large that two dozen of them, we hear, make a bushel. This kind of garden cultivation need not necessarily be confined to Tennessee.

A VOTE on the recall of the mayor and other municipal officials of Oakland, Cal., revealed the fact that there was no serious lack of public confidence in them, but there is no way of assessing the cost of the electoral test against those who brought it about.

More Power for Commerce Commission

ENFORCED union of influences of social factors ordinarily far from unity of aim or method has led to proposed congressional action placing large discretionary power as to use of the Panama canal with the interstate commerce commission. Assuming that the President accepts the bill with this proviso and that it is drafted in a form that will stand the test of the courts as to its constitutionality in the matter of delegation of power from Congress to a subordinate body combining legislative and judicial functions, then at once the interstate commerce commission will have imposed upon it a responsibility logically implied when it was created. For experience has proved that with the interrelated interests of corporations owning both railways and steamship lines it is impossible to defend the public's interests in dealing with one group without also having authority over the other. Indeed, so far has public resentment gone as the result of the antisocial policy of the uncontrolled dual combine, that in respect to this particular item, national property, Congress is inclined to insist that there shall be left no chance for any customary manipulation of steamship rates by persons or corporations also owning competing railroads.

If there is to be quasi-judicial, quasi-legislative authority centered in a group of men at Washington to determine traffic rates for the nation, of necessity it should be inclusive, not partial, control. Coastwise trade and interoceanic business cannot logically be given greater exemption from control than commerce originating and culminating on land. The commissioners have seen this for some time; the country for a shorter period. Now the exigencies of politics and sharp differences of opinion as to administrative policies in the Panama Zone are making the railways more favorable to the plan; chiefly, however, as a matter of tactics in order to escape more drastic action.

A SMALL flood—a comparatively small flood—took away a $1,000,000 government dam in the Ohio river the other day. This may not be too high a price to pay in order to keep the reservoir idea before the government and the people.

THE price of bacon has increased by nearly 40 per cent in the last dozen years. Yet this, perhaps, is merely an effort to keep pace with the price of eggs.

Winter Anthracite at $8 Per Ton

SHORTAGE in domestic sizes of anthracite coal, from all present appearances, will affect the eastern United States consumer generally. Prices charged for domestic sizes for the last several years have been the same, practically, in all of the northeastern cities. In New York and Boston the price has been $6.50 and $7 a ton. There is reason to believe that it will be advanced to $8 a ton next winter. It has already advanced to $7 a ton in New York and Brooklyn. The prospects are that the price for October delivery throughout the Boston district will be $7 or higher. The first advance of note this year, it will be remembered, followed the settlement of the Pennsylvania strike. In order that the operators might recoup the loss incident to an advance in the wages of the miners, 25 per cent was added to the price per ton to be produced by these miners. The allegation was promptly made that the advance would mean a profit to the operators far in excess of the loss to them occasioned by the increase of wages. This and other phases of the matter were taken up by Congress, and an investigation has been ordered. Long before the inquiry can have any results, the winter will have passed and the increased toll on fuel will have been collected.

It is held by the operators of the mines, and by those speaking for them, that the advance in price next fall and winter will be due altogether to the suspension of mining in April and May, and to a shortage of labor in June. These conditions, it is held, have caused a deficit of from 9,000,000 to 10,000,000 tons in the year's supply of coal. During July 1,500,000 tons above the normal were produced, and production bids fair to continue at this rate; but even then the shortage by the time the winter sets in will be about 6,500,000 tons. The consolation is held out that this shortage, by use of soft coal and other substitutes for anthracite, may be somewhat reduced. A section of the public, that is, will be driven to burning coal that will contaminate the atmosphere, and to the practise of other economies, in order that conditions arising from last spring's misunderstanding between the operators and men may adjust themselves. Middlemen, taking advantage of the shortage and following the example set by the mine-owners, will charge a premium upon the stocks on hand.

It is difficult to see how this state of things can be remedied now; that is, remedied so as to relieve the present situation. The time for action with this end in view was early last spring, before the suspension of mining began. Prevention then would have been worth more than tons of cure now. As usual the operators and the miners could not, or thought they could not, agree. As usual, they had to have a contest, a trial of strength. As usual, they had to "fight it out." If all this concerned themselves only there would be less excuse for criticizing or condemning it as childish and nonsensical, and inimical to sound public policy. It concerned millions of consumers, however, and these consumers, not the operators or the miners, are now compelled to meet the cost.

Whatever else the pending investigation may accomplish, the public, too long the victim in all such cases, will be greatly disappointed if some means are not devised which will prevent a recurrence at the mines of the conditions that portend hardship for tens of thousands of people the coming winter.

Park Administrators Confer

BOSTON acts as host this week to 100 or more city park superintendents assembled to discuss technical, administrative questions. Incidentally, of course, there will be the good fellowship which such annual assemblies always afford, and also inspection of such parks as are included in the highly developed urban region of eastern Massachusetts. The point to be emphasized in considering this assembly is the clear evidence it furnishes of how callings old and new, that formerly were entirely individualistic in their modes of existence, are becoming socialized. Today not only do municipal officials meet with students of evolution of political organizations and with publicists in annual deliberations respecting ideals of city government, but also mayors meet by themselves, chiefs of police by themselves, municipal accountants by themselves, and also park superintendents. Time was when annual conference on principles and details of conduct was confined mainly to a limited number of the older callings of mankind, by men who had traditions and codes handed down from generation to generation. Now there are comparatively few forms of human activity in the Occident that are not socialized and organized to the extent of providing for occasional assemblies where attrition of thought on thought may do its useful work.

Not only are racial, national, religious, and ethical solidarities being created by contemporary society's facility in travel whereby men and women who have common ends can, at comparatively small expense, journey from afar to a focal point for conference and mutual inspiration. Professional and vocational solidarities are being built up today by the same new factors in social evolution.

Teaching Conservation in the Schools

OVER a vast expanse of territory in the United States it is impossible to see how any study could be recommended for public school children, aside from those studies recognized as primarily essential, that would have greater ultimate value for the nation than conservation of natural resources. Perhaps it is not right to place any geographical limitations whatever on this study, even though it is apparently of greater importance to those in the newer than to those in the more settled portions of the land. Not to go too far afield in this connection, but rather to confine attention to a phase of pressing moment, the idea of teaching the children of the Mississippi valley how its water and soil may be conserved, and how, through this conservation, power, industry and immeasurable wealth may be developed, is most appealing.

There has been a great awakening on the subject of floodwaters and floods, storage and distribution, during the last few months. Nothing in years has contributed so much as the freshets of last spring toward the enlightenment of the public on these subjects. Many thousands who, up to that time, were disposed to accept the annual freshets as unavoidable and entirely to be expected, and impossible to escape—and many thousands of others who, up to that time, were disposed to regard the levee as the only means of defense against destructive overflows—have learned that the whole system of treatment of freshets and floods in the Mississippi valley can be changed to the profit of its millions of inhabitants, and that it must be changed.

The school children who are growing up in the valley will soon be voters. They should be prepared in school for the intelligent exercise of all their functions as citizens, and among these there is not likely to be in the next ten or fifteen years any that will merit more certainly their best thought and the exercise of their best judgment than that of enlisting the nation in the stupendous and absolutely necessary task of husbanding all of its natural resources. There is vastly more wealth flowing down, in dilution, through the great rivers of the Mississippi valley to the gulf of Mexico than can be gathered from all of the nation's mines. The water that might be stored and employed in the creation of power and for irrigation is washing the soil from millions of square miles of land annually. The waters that are working incalculable destruction, could, and must, be made to enrich the land they are now impoverishing. Nothing short of widespread education on the subject will bring about the movement necessary to action upon the tremendous scale requisite, and only the public schools can supply this education. The present generation is waking up to a realization of the deplorable fact that the Mississippi valley, which for countless years should continue to be, as it once was, the bread basket of the world, is actually nearing the point where it will be unable to meet the needs of its own people. The next generation must be so trained that it will not only see the evils that lead to this deplorable state of things, but be able to remove them.

WHALES are reported to be very numerous in the Atlantic this season. It is evidently going to be a great year for spouters on sea and land.

MEN may be sorely needed at the polls in the American West next November; at present the cry for them comes entirely from the farms.

GETTING foodstuffs to the New York markets is only half the task; getting the people who buy foodstuffs to the markets is the other half.